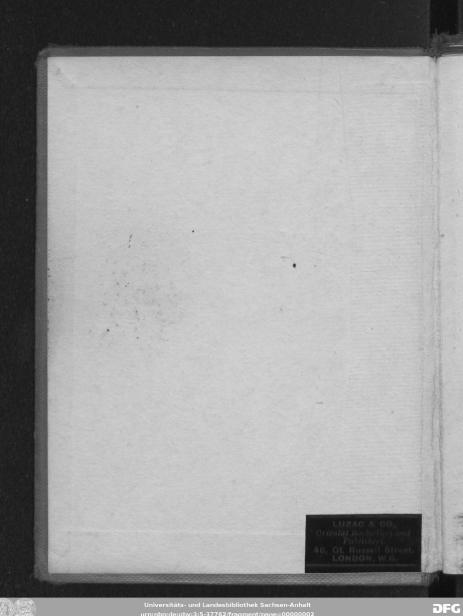
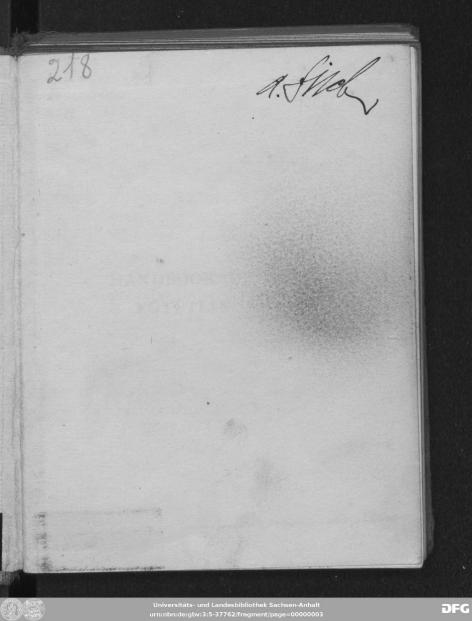
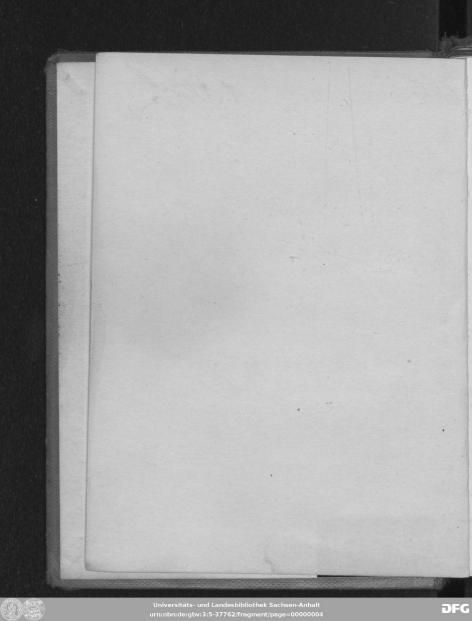


Universitäts- und Landesbibliothek Sachsen-Anhalt urn:nbn:de:gbv:3:5-37762/fragment/page=00000001







# HANDBOOK OF SPOKEN EGYPTIAN ARABIC

Universitäts- und Landesbibliothek Sachsen-Anhalt urn:nbn:de:gbv:3:5-37762/fragment/page=00000005

#### BY THE SAME AUTHOR

### THE SPOKEN ARABIC OF EGYPT

### SECOND EDITION

### Demy 8vo, xxvii.+457 pp., limp roan, 15s. net

### KEY TO THE EXERCISES IN ABOVE Sewed, 5s. net

\*\* This work has been honoured by subscriptions from all the chief departments of the Egyptian Government, and has been unanimously praised by the press here and in the East.

The Nation says :-- "Not since Spitta's epoch-making work have we had so detailed an examination and so complete a statement of the actual facts of the dialects of Egypt."

Egyptian Gazette.—"An able, exhaustive, and scholarly treatment of the vernacular of Egypt . . . this most able work."

The Athenæum.—Much the best book on the subject that has so far appeared . . . the system of transliteration adopted is excellent, simple, yet adequate."

# HANDBOOK OF SPOKEN EGYPTIAN ARABIC

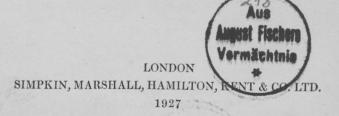
### COMPRISING A SHORT GRAMMAR AND AN ENGLISH ARABIC VOCABULARY OF CURRENT WORDS AND PHRASES

BY

#### J. SELDEN WILLMORE, M.A.

AT ONE TIME ONE OF THE JUDGES OF THE NATIVE COURT OF APPEAL AT CAIRO

FOURTH EDITION, ENLARGED AND REVISED





# Prof. Dr. A. Fischer

Printed in Great Britain by Turnbull & Spears, Edinburgh

Universitäts- und Landesbibliothek Sachsen-Anhalt urn:nbn:de:gbv:3:5-37762/fragment/page=00000008 **DFG** 

## INTRODUCTION

THIS manual contains a summary grammar of the Arabic language, as spoken by the natives of Cairo, and a vocabulary of English words in common use, with their Arabic equivalents. If a careful study is made of the few pages comprising the former, it will be found possible to so use the vocabulary as to obtain a store of expressions sufficient for all ordinary needs. Where an English word is omitted, some other, bearing a similar sense to it, will generally be found. Those who wish to make a more serious study of the grammar are referred to the author's "Spoken Arabic of Egypt."

The following abbreviations are used in the vocabulary :---

a. st:	ands fo	or adjective	pr. sta	nds for	pronoun
ad.		adverb	prep.	**	preposition
с.	,,	conjunction	<i>s</i> .	• •	substantive
f.	,,	feminine	v.	,,	verb
<i>m</i> .	,,	masculine	v.i.	,,	verb, intransitive
pl.	53	plural	v.t.	,,	verb, transitive

V

DFG

## CONTENTS

THE	ALPHABET		•		3			PAGE
THE	ARTICLE	0		•				4
THE	SUBSTANTIVE	0	•	· T		•		4
THE	ADJECTIVE	•	e.	•	•		•	6
THE	PRONOUN	e		•		9	•	7
THE	NUMERALS	8	•	,	,		,	15
THE	VERB .			9			•	19
Poli	TE EXPRESSIO	NS IN	Gen	ERAL	Use	•	•	41
REA	DING EXERCIS	Е	•	3		•	5	45
Voc	ABULARY	•						55
APP	ENDIX: A	FEW	MOR	E W	ORDS	ANI	D	
	PHRASES					•	. ]	11
			vi					

Universitäts- und Landesbibliothek Sachsen-Anhalt urn:nbn:de:gbv:3:5-37762/fragment/page=00000010

"Lalloga, " As and low + ML.

### HANDBOOK OF

## SPOKEN EGYPTIAN ARABIC

#### THE ALPHABET

§ 1. The alphabet consists of the following twentytwo letters: a, b, d, e, f, g, h, i, k, l, m, n, o, q, r, s,t, u, w, y, z, and another which we represent by the sign '. The letters c, j, p, v, and x are not in use. There are also three diphthongs, ai, au, and  $oi.^1$ 

§ 2. The vowels may be pronounced either short or long. When they are long a circumflex is placed over them; thus,  $\hat{a}$ ,  $\hat{e}$ ,  $\hat{v}$ ,  $\hat{o}$ ,  $\hat{u}$ .

#### PRONUNCIATION OF THE LETTERS<sup>2</sup>

§ 3. a sometimes sounds like a in the English word and, as katab he wrote, but more usually as in final, as laban milk, nazzil bring down.

 $\hat{a}$  sometimes as in *father*, as nar *fire*, rah *he went*, but it is not asually quite so broad.

e as in belong, é as a in lane.

i as in did, i as ee in been.

o as in on, ô as in bone. Short o very rarely occurs.

<sup>1</sup> The last is very rarely heard except in the word moiya water.

<sup>2</sup> The spelling of Arabic words throughout the Manual represents the pronunciation in common use and often differs from the spelling in the literary language, thus ras head for ras (ra's).

**DFG** 

u as in full, û as oo in fool.

2

ai sounds as in aisle, au like ow in owl, and oi as oy in boy.

d and t are in some words pronounced as in Italian, being more <u>dental</u> than in English; in others they have a very thick sound, the tongue being brought against the palate. In the latter case a dot is placed underneath them; thus, tin *figs*, but tin *Nile mud*.

ζ

2

2

g as in got and get, whatever vowel follows it.

h as in English, but h is pronounced with great emphasis.

l as in German, more liquid than in English.

q is a mere hiatus in Cairo, as qâl *he said* (pronounce 'âl). In Upper Egypt it sounds as g in got.

s and z are pronounced as in English, unless they are marked with a dot. They are then pronounced very thick.

The pronunciation of ' can only be learnt by the ear. It is a harsh guttural sound closely related to h, with which it is often interchanged, though it is not itself, when purely articulated, an aspirate.

kh together sound as Scotch ch in loch.

2 gh as Northumbrian r, or as r is sometimes pronounced in French (r grasseyée).

sh as in ship.<sup>1</sup>

The learner should ask a native to pronounce to him damm blood and damm he collected, tâh he wandered and

<sup>1</sup> In a few words k, g, and s are followed by h without forming one sound with it. They are then separated by a hyphen, otherwise they are regarded with the h as a single letter.

#### THE ALPHABET

3

**DFG** 

râh he went, sêf a sword and sêf summer, tîn and tîn, zann to hum and zann to think.

§ 4. The following general rules of pronunciation should be carefully attended to :---

(a) All letters must be distinctly pronounced, the full value being given to doubled consonants, as in itkallim *speak* (pronounce itkal-lim).

(b) The last syllable of a word is accented when it contains a long closed vowel, or a short vowel followed by two consonants, as bardán *cold*, birídt *I became cold*.  $\mathcal{L}$ . The last syllable but one is accented when it contains a long vowel, or a short one preceded by two consonants, provided that the last syllable does not contain a long closed vowel or a short vowel followed by two consonants. Thus we pronounce qadíma *old* (fem.), qantára a *bridge*, me'allíma *mistress*. The last syllable but two is accented in other circumstances.<sup>1</sup>

(c) As the natives of Egypt are unable to articulate three consonants in quick succession they insert a vowel (e, i or u) after the first two to facilitate the pronunciation. Thus they say shuft I saw, but shufte kalb<sup>2</sup> I saw a dog, shuftúhum I saw them, shuftína you saw us. When this vowel is e it is pronounced very rapidly.<sup>3</sup>

(d) In quick conversation short vowels may often fall out, as wâhid one, but wahda fem., instead of wâhida; tâlit third, fem. talta, for tâlita; fi-l in the for fi il, w-ana and I for we ana, miskit she seized for misikit.

1 There are very few exceptions to these rules. <sup>2</sup> You may say shuft kalb in Syria, but not in Egypt. <sup>3</sup> It must be remembered that these 'helping' vowels form no part in the grammatical structure of the words, and are not used in the Arabic script. They are inserted euphonically and are subject to the rules of accentuation above.

4

#### THE ARTICLE

§ 5. The definite article is il<sup>1</sup> for both genders and all numbers. When the substantive it defines begins with d, n, r, s, t, or z, and sometimes when it begins with g or k, the l is assimilated to those letters. Thus we say id-dinya the world instead of il-dinya, ir-râgil the man for il-râgil, is-sôf the sword, is-sôf the summer, it-tôb the dress, it-tûba the brick. The indefinite article is wâḥid masc., waḥda (wâḥida) fem., but it is very commonly omitted, and should not in any case be used with inanimate objects.

#### THE SUBSTANTIVE

§ 6. Substantives may be masculine or feminine. Most substantives ending in a are feminine, also all those which denote female beings and a few others.<sup>2</sup>

§ 7. There is no distinction of cases, but when a substantive ending in a is followed by another having the sense of a genitive, the a is (with a few exceptions) changed to *it*; thus we say sâ'a *a watch*, but sâ'it Hasan *Hasan's watch*, so sâ'it ir-râgil (or, by contraction, sa't-ir-râgil) *the man's watch*. Substantives with other terminations do not undergo any change; thus we say bêt râgil *a man's house*.

§ 8. When the substantives in this connection are definite, the last only has the article, as sâ'it (or sa't)

<sup>1</sup> The educated often pronounce it el.

<sup>2</sup> These are marked with an f. in the vocabulary, while those which end in  $\alpha$  and are masculine are marked with an m.

D)EG

#### THE SUBSTANTIVE

5

ir-râgil the man's watch, not is-sâ'it ir-râgil; bâb bêt il-mara the door of the woman's house, not il-bâb il-bêt il-mara.

§ 9. Of is often expressed by the word betâ', fem. betâ'a, plur. betû', as il-bêt betâ' ir-râgil the house of the man, the man's house, is-sâ'a betâ'it Hasan Hasan's watch, il-biyût betû' ir-râgil the man's houses, is-sâ'ât betû' il-walad the boy's watches.

§ 10. Substantives have three numbers—singular, dual, and plural. The dual is formed by adding en, or, in the case of feminine nouns ending in a, changing the a into *itén*, as bêt a house, bêtên two houses, sâ'a a watch, sâ'itên (or, by contraction, sa'tên) two watches. Words ending in a and i change these letters to ay and iy respectively, as saqqâ a water-carrier, saqqayên two water-carriers, kursî a chair, kursiyên two chairs. The use of the dual is confined to substantives, adjectives qualifying them being placed in the plural, as waladên taiyibîn two good boys.

The plural of many masculine nouns is formed by adding in or sometimes a or at to the singular, as fallâh peasant (plur. fallahîn), hammâr donkey-boy (plur. hammâra), berins prince (plur. berinsât); that of the feminines in a by changing the a into at, as sâ'a a watch (plur. sâ'ât). But besides these forms there are many other irregular ones, which can only be learned by practice.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> The plurals are given in the vocabulary, except in the case of masculines which add in and feminines which form theirs in dt, and a few others not very much in use.

6

In some cases a feminine substantive forms what is called a collective plural by merely dropping the a, as baqara  $a \ cow$ , baqar kine, but in these cases the plural in dt is also in use.

#### THE ADJECTIVE

§ 11. Adjectives and participles have no dual unless they are used as substantives, and form their feminine in a and their plural for both genders in in; thus walad taiyib a good boy, binte taiyib a good girl, wilâd taiyibîn good boys, banât taiyibîn good girls, waladên taiyibîn two good boys, &c.; but a few are irregular,<sup>1</sup> as iswid black, fem. sûda, plur. sûd.

Adjectives ending in *i* form their fem. in *iya* and their plur. in *iyin*, as namsâwî *Austrian*, fem. namsâwîya, plur. namsâwiyîn; so the participle <u>mistannî</u> waiting, fem. mistannîya\_&c.

§ 12. Adjectives are placed after the substantive with which they agree, as râgil batțâl *a bad man*, ôda kebîra *a large room*, himîr kuwaiyisîn *fine donkeys*. <u>Those</u> ending in *î* sometimes remain unchanged, as also the comparatives and superlatives.

§ 13. When the substantive is definite, the adjective or participle must also have the article, as il kitâb il "addîm the old book, ish shibbâk il maftûh the open window. Il kitâb qadîm, ish shibbâk maftûh mean the book is old, the window is open, and similarly ir riggâla

<sup>1</sup> These also are noted in the vocabulary.

#### THE PRONOUN

1<sup>1</sup> bațțalîn means the bad men, but ir riggâla bațțâlîn the men are bad.

§ 14. The following examples exhibit the formation of the comparative: tawîl long, atwal longer; sughaiyar small, aşghar smaller; kuwaiyis pretty, akwas prettier. The superlative has the same form, but is preceded by the article, as kebîr great, il akbar the greatest. As has been said, the comparative undergoes no change of gender or number; thus we say il bint akwas min il walad the girl is prettier than the boy, il banât akwas min il wilâd the girls are prettier than the boys.

#### THE PRONOUN

§ 15. The personal pronouns are :--

#### SINGULAR

M	· A	0	2	
TAT	12	3	U	

FEM.

ana				
inta, e	enta			
huwa,		he,	it	

ana I intî thou hîya, she, it

PLURAL FOR BOTH GENDERS

ihna we; intû, intum you; humma they

§ 16. When appended to verbs these pronouns take the following forms :—

#### SINGULAR

MASC.	FEM.
nî me	nî

<sup>1</sup> The i of il is elided (see § 4, d).

8

 $\underline{ak}$  (after a consonant),  $\underline{k}$  (after a vowel); fem. ik (after a consonant, kî (after a vowel) *thee*.

u, û (after a consonant), h (after a vowel) him, it; ha her.

### PLURAL FOR BOTH GENDERS na we; kû, kum you; hum them

EXAMPLES.—darab he struck, darabnî he struck me. darabak he struck you,<sup>1</sup> waddâ he conveyed, waddâk he conveyed you, darabik he struck you (fem.), waddâkî he conveyed you (fem.), darabu he struck him, waddah he conveyed him, darabha he struck her, waddaha he conveyed her. darabna he struck us, darabkû (or -kum) he struck you (plur.), darabhum he struck them. So darabû they struck, darabûh they struck him, darabûna they struck us. &c. Sometimes two of these forms are appended together to a verb, as iddâ he gave, iddâh he gave it. iddahna he gave it us (iddâh being shortened to iddah because the a is followed by two consonants). The u of the third person is lengthened to  $\mathcal{A}$  when it is followed by the negative sign sh (see § 28), as ma darabûsh he did not strike him. Ma darabûsh may also mean they did not strike. They did not strike him is ma darabuhsh.

§ 17. These pronouns are also appended to prepositions and other indeclinable parts of speech. The forms they then take are best shown by the following

<sup>1</sup> Literally *thee*. The singular is commonly used in conversation when a single person is addressed.

DEG

### THE PRONOUN

examples. It will be noticed that the prepositions themselves sometimes undergo a change :---

Bi by, with, to :-

#### SINGULAR

#### MASC.

	bîya, bî	bîya, bî	by me
2nd pers.	bak, bik, bîk	bikî, bîkî	by thee
3rd pers.	buh, boh, bu	biha, bîha	by him, her

PLURAL FOR BOTH GENDERS

1st pers. bina

2nd pers. bikum, bîkum, b<u>ukum</u>, or bikû, &c. 3rd pers. bihum, bîhum, b<u>uhum</u>

Li to :--

#### SINGULAR

		MASC.
1st	pers.	lî, lîya
2nd	pers.	lak, lik
3rd	pers.	Iuh, <sup>1</sup> loh, lu

FEM. lî, lîya lik, likî laha, liha

FEM

PLURAL FOR BOTH GENDERS 1st pers. lina, lana

2nd pers. likum, lukum, or likû, &c. 3rd pers. luhum

REMARK.—When standing alone, or with the negative termination sh, the 2nd pers. sing. is generally bik, lik for the masc., and bikî (bîkî), likî for the fem.; but <sup>1</sup> The h of buh, luh is always dropped unless they are accented.

10

bak, lak for the masc., and bik, lik for the fem. when appended to a verb or other word. E.g.:---

lik sâ'a?	have you (m.) a watch ?	iddã-lak	he gave you (m.)
likî gôz?	have you a	idda-lik	he gave you
	husband? have you not a watch?	mâ-lak ?	(f.) what is the matter with
ma-lkîsh (for	have you not		you? (m.)
ma likîsh) gôz?	a husband?	7	

REMARK.—The forms biya and liya are used when standing alone, bi and li when appended to other words, including generally the negative particles, and occasionally by themselves. The vowel of lu is lengthened with the negative when the h is dropped, as ma luhsh (or ma lûsh) he has not.<sup>1</sup> With the first person we have ma lish or (less usually) ma liyâsh.

Ma', m	· with :- p	A ACA		ma a	
	S	INGULAR			
	MASC.			FEM.	
1st pers.	mi'î, ma'âya;	neg.		ma'âya	with
	ma mi'ish		me,		
2nd pers.	ma'ak, ma'âk ;			i; neg.	ma
	ma ma'aksl		maʻ	âkîsh	
3rd pers.	ma'âh, mi'u;	neg.	ma'âh	a, mihha;	neg.
	ma mi'ûsh		ma	ma'âhâsh	

<sup>1</sup> Ma lhûsh (for ma lĭhûsh) is also said, but the above are the more usual contractions.

DFG

#### THE PRONOUN

#### PLURAL FOR BOTH GENDERS

1st pers. ma'âna, mi'na, miḥna 2nd pers. ma'âku, ma'âkum, miḥkum

**F**î *in* :—

#### SINGULAR

	MASC.	FEM.
1st pers. 2nd pers.	fîya; neg. ma fiyâsh	fîya fîkî
3rd pers.	fîh; neg. ma fihsh, ma fîsh ma fi'ûsh <sup>1</sup>	fîha

Plural fîna, &c.

REMARK.—Fih often signifies simply there is as well as there is in it, ma fihsh there is not; and the h, when they are used in this way, is often dropped, especially in the negative, as ma fish hadde hina there is nobody here.

Wara behind :---

SINGULAR

MASC.

1st pers. warâya 2nd pers. warâk 3rd pers. warâh Plural warâna, &c. FEM. warâya warâkî warâha

§ 18. Similarly, other prepositions ending in a vowel; but note that 'ala on changes a to  $\hat{e}$ , thus 'alêya, 'alêk, &c.

<sup>1</sup> Or, by assimilation, ma fu'ush,

B

Min from :--

12

#### SINGULAR

MASC. 1st pers. minnî 2nd pers. minnak 3rd pers. minnu FEM. minnî minnik minha and (rarely) minniha

#### PLURAL FOR BOTH GENDERS

1st pers. minna (or minnina) 2nd pers. minkû, minkum (rarely minnukû) 3rd pers. minhum (rarely minnuhum)

'An *from*, than similarly doubles the *n*, but has no duplicate forms.

'And with, at :-

#### SINGULAR

#### MASC.

FEM.

1st pers.	ʻandî	'andî
2nd pers.	'andak	'andik
3rd pers.	'andu ('anduh) <sup>1</sup> ; neg. ma	'andiha
	'andûsh ('anduhsh)	

PLURAL FOR BOTH GENDERS

1st pers. 'andina 2nd pers. 'andukû (kum) 3rd pers. 'anduhum

<sup>1</sup> Tahtih under him is sometimes used for tahtu, as more emphatic, so tahtik, &c. Similarly qablih before him, and a few others.

Va

### THE PRONOUN

**REMARK.**—h is sometimes heard at the end of the *Vinasc.* 3rd pers. sing. And before the *sh* of the negative. Note that the *u* is lengthened in the negative form.

§ 20. The suffixes are appended to the conjunctions inn that, izzây, izzêy how, tauw until, and a few others, and to the negatives  $m\hat{a}$  and la. With the conjunctions they have the same forms as when attached to the prepositions; with the negative ma-sh/ana makes manish or manish; e.g. innî, inniha that I, that she, izzâyak (or izzêyak)? how are you? manish fâhim I don't understand.

§ 21. When appended to nouns, the same suffixes serve to express the genitive case of the personal pronouns, as baladi the village of me, i.e. my village. They take the forms appended above to the prepositions 'and and wara, according as they end in a consonant or a vowel, except that in the case of feminine singulars and plurals ending in a the a is changed to it (see § 10), e.g.:—

bêtî	my house	șufritî	my dining-table
kitâbak	thy book		thy carpet
bintu	his daughter	(for siggad	litak)
idha	her hand		thy (f.) neck
babna	our door	(raqabitik	)
qalamhum	their pen	waraqitna	our paper
ibnuhum	their son		their caliphs
sahnina <sup>1</sup>	our dish	ghațâya	my cover
riglik	thy (f.) foot	kursîkî	thy (f.) chair

<sup>1</sup> A dish is sahn, but the *i* is inserted to facilitate the pronunciation (see § 4, c).

14

REMARK.—Abb (ab) *father* adds the suffixes to its construct form abû, thus abûya my father, abûkî, abûhum, &c. Akhkh (akh) makes akhûya, akhûk, akhûkî, akhîna, akhîkû, akhîhum. In the vocative yá khî (*i.e.* ya akhî) is used as well as ya khûya, and occasionally ya-khaiy, when the speaker wishes to convey a reproach, as ikhtishî ya-khaiy. Ya-ba my father and ya-mma my mother are heard for ya abûya and ya" (*i.e.* ummî.

The duals of dirâ' arm, rigl foot, leg, 'ên eye, and id hand, drop their final n before one of these suffixes, as:—

dirâ'êya	my arms	'ênêh	his eyes
riglêk	your feet	îdêhum	their hands

§ 22. Other pronouns are: (1.) da, dih (masc.), dî, <sup>1</sup> di (fem.) this, dol these; dik-ha, duk-ha that, duk-ham /a those. When these are used with a substantive, the substantive must be preceded by the definite article; thus we say ir râgil dih this man, il mara dî this woman. ir riggåla dôl these men. (2.) mîn? who 2 ê? êh? mâ? whon 2 what? anî? which? With the exception of mâ these are often placed at the end of the phrase, as darab mîn? whom did he strike? 'amal êh? what did he do? (3.) illî who, which, as il walad illî gih the boy who came. The verb must be followed by the personal pronoun when illî is in the objective case, as il walad illi darabu the boy whom he struck (literally the boy who he struck him). Whose house is expressed by illî bêtu (literally who his house), ill' bêtha, or ill' bêthum, <sup>1</sup> Dî is also used as a plural with some plural nouns.

#### THE NUMERALS

according to the number and gender of the person or persons to whom it belongs. Ex.-ir râgil illî bêtu kebîr the man whose house is large, il mara illi bêtha sughaiyar the woman whose house is small, ir riggâla illî bêthum qadîm the men whose house is old. Similarly we say ir râgil illî shufte bêtu the man whose house I saw (literally the man who I saw his house), il mara illi saraq il walad kîs-ha the woman whose purse the boy stole, il bêt illî bâbu gedîd the house the door of which is new; and similarly il kursî illî qa'ad 'alêh the chair which he sat upon it, i.e. the chair on which he sat, il walad illî khad minnu 1 kitâb the boy who he took from him the book, i.e. the boy from whom he took the book.<sup>1</sup>

 $\S$  23. The cardinal numbers from 1 to 10 are:—

hada? 1. wahid (f. wahda)

2. itnên

3. talâta, talat

4. arba'a, arba'

5. khamsa, khamas

6. sitta, sitt

7. sab'a, saba'

- 8. tamanya (for tamâniya), taman
- 9. tis'a, tisa'

10. 'ashara, 'ashar

No very definite rules can be laid down for the use of the two forms from 3 to 10, but the following remarks will help the speaker to make a correct choice.

<sup>1</sup> This idiom exists wherever Arabic is spoken. The Syrian dragoman will point out the tree "which they do say Judas Iscariot did hang himself from it."

### THE NUMERALS

Talâta, arba'a, &c., are used :--

1. When standing alone, as humma talâta they are three, or expressing the day of the month, as talâta mâyu 3rd May.

2. Generally speaking, with nouns denoting human beings, unless the plural ends in  $-\hat{a}t$ , as talâta riggâla three men.

3. With monosyllables, as talâta khêl three horses (here generally pronounced tálăta).

4. With pieces of money when used in the singular, as talâta (or talata) frank, khamsa ginêh £5.

§ 24. When followed by a noun beginning with a vowel, the second form, talat, &c., appears as follows :- talata

3. talatt

- 4. arba't (or arbaht)
- 5. khamast
- 6. sitt

first

7. saba't (or sabaht) in contract. 8. tamant Lon !

9. tisa't (or tisaht) 10. 'ashart

### Example:-

talatt ishun three dishes | tamant unfus eight persons

§ 25. The cardinal numbers from 11 to 19, whatever their position, are as follows :---

- 11. hidâshar (or ihdâshar) |
- 12. itnâshar
- 13. talattâshar
- 14. arba'tâshar (or arbahtâshar)
- 15. khamastâshar

- 16. sittâshar
  - 17. saba'tâshar (sabahtâshar)
  - 18. tamantâshar
  - 19. tisa'tâshar (tisahtâshar)

### THE NUMERALS

17

The cardinals from 20 to 99 are :--

20. 'ishrîn	40. arbê'în
21. wâḥidu(orwe,wi)'ishrîn	50. khamsîn
22. itnên u ,, ,, 'ishrîn	60. sittîn
25. khamsau, " "ishrîn	70. sab'în (sab'ên)
29. tis'a u " " "ishrîn	80. tamânîn
30. talâtîn	90. tis'în (tis'ên)

The unit invariably precedes the ten; thus we say khamsa u talâtîn *five and thirty*, not talâtîn u khamsa. The remaining are as follows :---

Tata the g

100. mîya (in construction	2000. alfên
101. mîya u wâhid [mît)	3000. talatt âlâf
102. mîya wi tnên	4000. arbaht âlâf
121. mîya wâhid u 'ishrîn	(arba't âlâf)
199. míya tis'a u tis'în	5000. khamast âlâf
200. miytên (mîtên)	6000. sitt âlâf
300. tultemîya	7000. sabaht âlâf
400. rub'emîya	(saba't âlâf)
500. khumsemîya	8000. tamant âlâf
600. suttemîya	9000. tisaht âlâf
700. sub'emîya	(tisa't âlâf)
800. tumnemîya	10,000. 'ashart âlâf
900. tus'emîya	11,000. hidâshar alf
1000. alf	100,000. mît alf
1001. alf u wâhid	1,000,000. malyûn
1021. alf wâhid u 'ishrîn	2,000,000. malyûnên (or
1199. alf, umîya, tis'a utis'în	itnên malyûn)
1314. alf, tultemîya w ar-	3,000,000. talat malâyîn
bahtâshar	

5,246,817 khamas malâyîn, miytên sitta w arbê'în alf tumnemîya u sabahtâshar.

The conjunction *we*, *u*, is always employed to connect the units and the tens, and generally the thousands and hundreds, but otherwise is heard only before the last numeral.

The cardinals from 3 to 10 inclusive must (with a few exceptions) be followed by a noun in the plural, the remainder by a singular, as talatt unfus, but 'ishrîn nafas *twenty persons*.

Wâhid (with feminine wahda) is often used with the numerals above 10, and occasionally with the units, to emphasise the number, as kân fîh kam râgil ? alf wâhid ! how many men were there ? a thousand !

REMARK.—The following expressions should be noted: itnên talâta two or three; kitâbên talâta two or three books; 'ashar itnâshar kitâb; ihna litnen both of us; humma t talâta all three of them.

§ 26. The ordinal numbers from first to tenth are :--

1st.	auwil or auwilânî
	(f. auwilânîya)
2nd.	tânî (f. tanya)
3rd.	tâlit (f. talta)
	râbi' (f. rab'a)
	khâmis (f. khamsa)
	•••/

18

6th. <u>sâtit (f. satta)</u> 7th. <u>sâbi' (f. sab'a)</u> 8th. tâmin (f. tamna) 9th. tâsi' (f. tas'a) 10th. 'âshir (f. 'ashra)

**DFG** 

The remaining ordinals are identical with the cardinals, as ir ragil is sittashar the 16th man.

The ordinals below 10, except the form auwilânî, may stand before a noun definite in sense without varying

#### THE VERB

their gender, neither taking the article, as tâlit yôm the third day, tâlit bint the third girl; but we may also say il yôm it tâlit, il mara t talta. Last is expressed by the word âkhir, which may also precede the noun, or by akhuanî, which follows it and agrees with it. akhirani

#### THE VERB

§ 27. The simple verb is conjugated as follows :--

### PRESENT OR FUTURE

#### SINGULAR

MASC. FEM. 1st pers. aktib aktib 2nd pers. tiktib tiktibî 3rd pers. yiktib tiktib

I write or will write thou writest or wilt write 1 he, she writes, will write

#### PLUBAL FOR BOTH GENDERS

niktib we write, will write tiktibû or tiktibum you write, will write viktibû or viktibum they write, will write

#### PAST TENSE

#### SINGULAR

#### MASC. FEM. 1st pers. katabt katabt I wrote or have written. 2nd pers. katabt katabtî thou wrotest or hast written. katabit 3rd pers. katab he, she wrote, has written

<sup>1</sup> The singular is used for you in conversation. It is polite to use the word hadritak (your honour) with the verb in the 2nd pers. sing.

#### DFG

PLURAL FOR BOTH GENDERS

katabnâ katabtû or katabtum katabû or katabum

we wrote, have written you wrote, have written they wrote, have written

#### IMPERATIVE

#### SINGULAR

MASC. iktib FEM. iktibî *write* 

PLURAL FOR BOTH GENDERS iktibû or iktibum write

### PARTICIPLES

#### ACTIVE

#### kâtib writing

#### PASSIVE

**DFG** 

maktûb written

N.B.—The vowel of the second syllable of the present and imperative is not always i. Sometimes it is a and sometimes u, as adrab I strike, tidrab, &c.; adkhul Ienter, tidkhul, &c. Some have i and some u in both syllables of the past tense, as misikt I seized, misik he seized, &c.; khulust I finished, khulus he finished, &c.

Verbs beginning with w change that letter into u in the present, as wisilt I arrived, ausal I shall arrive, tûşal thou wilt arrive, contracted from tiwsal, &c. turnsal

The vowel placed in brackets by the side of the verbs in the vocabulary is that which they take in the present or future. § 28. To express the imperfect present, I am writing, &c., we prefix the letter b to the 1st person and be or bito the others, as baktib I am writing, betiktib you are writing, &c., and to emphasize the future we may add the syllable ha, as ha-aktib (contracted to haktib), hatiktib, &c.; or we may say rah aktib I am going to write, &c.<sup>1</sup>

§ 29. In some verbs the third consonant is the same as the second, as in laff he rolled or wrapped. The present and future of these verbs is conjugated like that of those which have three different consonants, except that the vowel of the first syllable of all persons but the first is generally pronounced as a very short einstead of *i*. Thus aliff *I* roll, teliff (fem. teliff) thou rollest, &c. As in the case of the other verbs, so in these, the vowel of the second syllable is sometimes *a* and sometimes *u*, as sahh was right, yesahh is right, kahh he coughed, yekuhh he coughs. The past tense is conjugated as follows:—

#### SINGULAR

	MASC.	FEM.	
1st pers.	laffêt	laffêt	I rolled
2nd pers.		laffêtî	
3rd pers.		laffit	

#### PLURAL

#### laffêna, laffêtû (-um), laffû (-um)

<sup>1</sup> We also say raih aktib, raih tiktib, raiha tiktib, raihin niktib, &c., according to the gender and number of the person or persons. Raih (or rayh) is contracted from râyih.

**DFG** 

Universitats- und Landesbibliothek Sachsen-Anhalt urn:nbn:de:gbv:3:5-37762/fragment/page=00000031

The imperative is liff, fem. liffî, plur. liffû (-um); and similarly şalılı, fem. şalılı, plur. şalılıû (-um); and kulılı, kulılıî, kulılıû (-um).

### PARTICIPLES

#### ACTIVE lâfif *rolling*

22

#### PASSIVE malfûf *rolled*.

§ 30. Some verbs have the vowel  $\hat{a}$  for the middle letter of the past tense, which changes in the present to  $\hat{a}$  in some cases and in others to  $\hat{i}$ , but occasionally remains unaltered. Thus kân he was makes yekûn he is; shâl he carried, yeshîl he carries; nâm he slept, yenâm he sleeps.

Kân is conjugated as follows :---

#### PRESENT OR FUTURE

#### SINGULAR

#### MASC. FEM.

1st pers. akûn 2nd pers. tekûn 3rd pers. yekûn akûn tekûnî tekûn I am<sup>1</sup> thou art he is, she is

#### PLURAL

nekûn we are, tekûnû (..um) you are yekûnû (.um) they are

<sup>1</sup> See p. 62, note 1.

#### THE VERB

#### PAST TENSE

#### SINGULAR

#### MASC. FEM. 1st pers. kunt kunt i 2nd pers. kunt kuntî t 3nd pers. kân kânit h

I was or have been thou wert, &c. he, she, was, &c.

### PLURAL

kunna we were, §c. ; kuntû (-um) you were, §c. kânû (-um) they were, §c.

#### IMPERATIVE

#### SINGULAR

MASC.

FEM. kûnî

#### PLURAL

#### kûnû (-um)

#### PARTICIP. kâ'in, kâyin being

Similarly are conjugated all verbs which have a for the second vowel, as qâm he rose, yeqûm he rises, qumt I rose, qûmî! rise! (to a woman).

The past tense of kan may be joined to another verb to express the pluperfect, as kan katab he had written, kunte ruht I had gone.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> From râh *he went*. The *e* is added to kunt merely to facilitate the pronunciation (see  $\S$  4, *c*),

The verb shâl and all others which change the  $\hat{a}$  to  $\hat{i}$ are conjugated exactly as kan, except that wherever there is d in the conjugation of kan there is i in the conjugation of shal, and where there is u in the conjugation of kân there is i in the conjugation of shâl. Thus we have ashil I carry, shilt I carried, shilna we carried, &c. The verb nâm is conjugated like shâl, except that in the present tense it has  $\hat{a}$  instead of  $\hat{i}$  in the second syllable, making anâm I sleep, tenâm thou sleepest, &c. The imperative is nâm, nâmî, &c.

§ 31. Some verbs end in  $\mathcal{A}$  or  $\hat{\imath}$  instead of a consonant. These are conjugated as follows :----

(a)

2r

#### PRESENT OR FUTURE

#### SINGULAR

MASC.	FEM.
aqrâ	aqrâ
tiqrâ	tiqrî
yiqrâ	tiqrâ
	aqrâ tiqrâ

I read, &c.

#### PLURAL

niqrâ, tiqrû (-um), yiqrû (-um)

#### PAST TENSE

#### SINGULAR

	MASC.	FEM.	
1st pers.	qarêt	qarêt	I read, have read
2nd pers.		qarêtî	thou, &c.
3rd pers.	qarâ	qarit	he, she, &c.

### THE VERB

### PLURAL

qarêna we, §c. ; qarêtû (-um) you, §c. ; qarû (-um) they, §c.

### IMPERATIVE

### SINGULAR

MASC. iqrâ

(b)

FEM. iqrî

PLURAL

iqrû (-um)

PARTICIP. ACT. qârî reading

### PRESENT OR FUTURE

### SINGULAR

	MASC.	FEM.		
1st pers.	amshî	amshî	I walk	
2nd pers.		timshî	thou walkest	
3rd pers.	yimshî	timshî	he, she walks	

### PLURAL

nimshî, timshû (-um), yimshû (-um)

### PAST TENSE

### SINGULAR

	MASC.	FEM.		
1st pers.	mishît	${f mish{}t}$	I walked, &c.	
2nd pers.	mishît	mishîtî	thou walkedst, &c.	
3rd pers.	mishî	mishyit	he, she walked, &c.	

### DFG

#### PLURAL

mishêna, mishîtû (-um), mishyû (-um)

#### IMPERATIVE

MASC.

26

dh th

imshî

FEM. imshî

**DFG** 

PLURAL

#### imshû

### PARTICIP. mâshî *walking* PLUR. mashyîn (for mâshiyîn)

All verbs of this class which have the vowel  $\hat{a}$  in the third person singular of the past tense are conjugated like qarâ and the others like mishî, except that most verbs take  $\hat{i}$  in the second syllable of the present, as banâ to build, abnî, &c. A few only take a.<sup>1</sup>

§ 32. The verb is rendered negative by the particle ma (ma) being placed before it, and sh after it in the form of a suffix, as ma darabsh he did not strike. The vowel *i* is inserted between it and a person ending in two consonants, as ma darabtish you did not strike. The conjugation of the negative past tense and aorist, firstly without, and secondly with the verbal suffixes, is as follows:—

<sup>1</sup> In the vocabulary all verbs are given in the third person singular of the past tense, as this is the simplest form, and the vowel placed after them in brackets is the one which they take in the second syllable of the present tense.

### SINGULAR

#### MASC.

FEM.

27

	ma darabtish	ma darabtish
	ma darabtish	ma darabtîsh
3rd pers.	ma darabsh	ma darabitsh

## PLURAL FOR BOTH GENDERS ma darabnâsh, ma darabtûsh, ma darabûsh

### SINGULAR

FEM.

MASC.

1st pers. ma\_drabsh

2nd pers. ma tidrabsh 3rd pers. ma yidrabsh

ma-drabsh (contracted from ma adrabsh) ma tidrabîsh ma tidrabsh

## PLURAL FOR BOTH GENDERS

ma nidrabsh, ma tidrabûsh, ma yidrabûsh

1st pers.-

#### SINGULAR

	darabtuhsh	I did not	t strike	him
	darabtihâsh	"	,,	her
	darabtaksh	,,	17	thee (masc.)
ma	darabtiksh	,,		thee (fem.)
	darabtuhumsh	,,,		them
ma	darabtukûsh	22	>>	уои

C

## 2nd pers. masc.-

28

ma darabtuhsh	you did not	strike	him
ma darabtihâsh	"	,,	her
ma darabtinîsh	"	,,	me
ma darabtuhumsh	"	,,,	them
ma darabtinâsh	99	"	us

## 2nd pers. fem.-

you did	not strike	him
""	"	her
33	. 99	me
""	,,	them
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,	us
	>> >> >> >>	33 57 33 53

## 3rd pers. masc.--

ma darab <u>ûsh</u>	he did not	strike	him
ma darabhâsh	"	"	her
ma darabaksh	,,	,,	thee (masc.)
ma darabiksh	"		thee (fem.)
ma darabnîsh	""	,,	me
ma darabhumsh	,,	"	them
ma darabkûsh	"	,,	you
ma darabnâsh	,,,	"	us

## 3rd pers. fem.-

	did	not	strike	him
ma darabithâsh & e	33		"	her

## PLURAL

ma darabnahsh	we did not	strike	him
ma darabnâhâsh	,,	"	her
ma darabnaksh	"	"	thee (masc.)
ma darabnâkîsh	"	,,	thee (fem.)
ma darabnâhumsh	"	"	them
ma darabnâkûsh	"	"	you

2nd pers.-

1st pers.-

ma darabtuhsh you did not strike him ma darabtûhâsh, &c. ", ", her

3rd pers.-

1h

1:

ma	darabuhsh	they	did	not	strike	him	
ma	darabuksh		,,		,,		(masc.)
ma	darabûkîsh,	&c.	99		"	thee	(fem.)

SINGULAR

1st pers.—	SINGULAR		
ma-drabûsh	I do, will,	not strike	him
ma-drabhâsh	"	"	her
madrabaksh	,	11	thee (masc.)
ma-drabiksh, &	·C. ,,	>>	thee (fem.)

2nd pers. masc.-

ma tidrabûsh, &c. thou (m.) dost, wilt, not strike him

2nd pers. fem.-

ma tidrabihsh thou (f.) dost, wilt, not strike him ma tidrabîhâsh, &c.,, ,, ,, her

3rd pers.-

30

ma yidrabûsh	he does,	will,	not	strike	him	
ma yidrabhâsh, &c.		,,		,,	her	

§ 33. The prepositions li and bi with their suffixes may intervene, as well as, or in addition to, the verbal suffixes between the verb and the negative sign sh, as ma tabakhit-lûsh she did not cook for him, ma tabakhitulûsh she did not cook it for him, darab bi l'aşâya ? la', ma darab-bihâsh did he strike with the stick ? No, he did not strike with it. But we may also say ma tabakhitshe luh, ma tabakhitûsh luh and ma darabshe biha.

In the compound tenses the *sh* is generally attached to the auxiliary, as ma kunnâshkharagna *we had not gone out*.

In prohibitions the aorist is used instead of the imperative, or, in other words, the initial t reappears, as ma tidrabsh, ma tidrabûsh! do not strike!

The negative particles may also be joined to the pronouns, whether in their full or truncated forms, as ma hush (or ma huwâsh) not he, ma lîsh, ma 'andûsh (it is) not to me, with him, i.e. I have, he has not, ma 'umrîsh shuftu I never saw him in my life, ma 'ilmîsh (it is) not my knowledge, i.e. I do not know. They are very commonly joined to the indefinite pronoun hadd one, anybody, as ma haddish darab no one struck. As the preposition fî, with or without the suffix of the third pers. sing., is used in the sense of there is, so ma fihsh (or ma fîsh) signifies there is not.

Mush or mish (contracted from ma hûsh, ma huwâsh) may be used as the aorist of the negative substantive

verb of all numbers and gender, as hiva, humma, hina? la', mush hina is she, are they, here? No, she is, they are, not here. It sometimes serves to negative the verb, as mush kharag barra, dakhal gûwa he hasn't gone out, he has come in, mush darabha? didn't he strike her? Mush gulti-lak tigi? didn't I tell you to come? Mush tigî waiyâna? won't you come with us? Mush tiskut! won't you keep quiet!

§ 34. The verb akhad he took is usually shortened to khad, and is conjugated as follows :--

#### PRESENT OR FUTURE

#### SINGULAR

1st pers. âkhud 2nd pers. tâkhud 3rd pers. vâkhud

MASC.

FEM. âkhud takhdî (for tâkhudî) tâkhud

I take, &c.

#### PLURAL

nâkhud, takhdû (-um), yakhdû (-um)

#### PAST TENSE

#### SINGULAR

EM.

		MASC.	FEM.
1st	pers.	khadt	khadt
2nd	pers.	khadt	khadtî
3rd	pers.	khad	khadit

PLURAL shadnâ, khadtû (-um), khadû (-um)

## DFG

## IMPERATIVE

## SINGULAR

MASC. khud

32

1t

FEM. khudî

## PLURAL khudû (-um)

## PARTICIP. ACT. wâkhid taking

The verb akal he ate also often drops the initial a, and is conjugated throughout like khad,

The verb ga' or gih he came is irregular and conjugated as follows:-

### PRESENT OR FUTURE

#### SINGULAR

#### MASC.

I come, &c.

DFG

1st	pers.	agî	agî
		tigî, tîgî	tigî, tîg
		yigî, yîg	

PLURAL

FEM.

nigî, nîgî; tigû, yîgû (-um); yigû, yîgû (-um)

## PAST TENSE SINGULAR

	MASC.		FEM.
1st pers.	gêt, gît		gêt, gît
2nd pers.	gêt, gît		gêtî, gîtî
3rd pers.	ga', gih	(negative ma gâsh)	gat

PLURAL gênâ, ginâ; gêtû, gîtû (-um); gû, gum

### IMPERATIVE

#### SINGULAR

MASC.

ta'âla, ta'â

FEM.

ta'âlî, tâ'î

PLURAL

## ta'âlû

## PARTICIP. gây, gay, gê

§ 35. All the above classes of verbs have derived forms or conjugations, which, however, present no difficulty. Some of them, as will be seen, express the passive of the simple verbs.

M:a i (1) From kasar he broke we have kassar he broke to pieces; from fihim he understood, fahhim he gave to understand; from bass he looked, bassas he caused to + i look; from sâb he left, saiyib (or sêyib) he let go; from dâr he turned, dauwar he turned round; from girî he ran, garrâ he made to run.

 $\overline{\mathcal{M}}: \boldsymbol{\alpha} \mathrel{\circ} \boldsymbol{i}$  (2) From sabaq he preceded, sabiq he raced with; from laga he found, laga he found.

1- 5-2 (3) From qafal he shut, itqafal it was shut; from madd he she stretched, itmadd it was stretched; from bâ' he sold, itbâ' it was sold; from ramâ he threw, itramâ he was thrown.

 $V: \alpha \circ i(4)$  From kassar, it kassar it was broken to pieces; from 2, I rakkib he set up, itrakkib it was set up; from bassas, it-bassas he played the spy; from baiyin (bêyin) he made clear, itbaiyin (or itbêyin) it was made clear ; from qalâ he fried, itgallâ it was fried.

T: (5) From dakhal he entered, itdâkhil he interfered. (6) From katab he wrote, inkatab it was written; from ?. Marr he injured, indarr he was injured; from hash he The Akept away, inhâsh he, it, was kept away; from bana he 5 (7) From gama' he collected, igtama' was gathered

Fill: Figether ; from madd he stretched, imtadd it was stretched ; from laga he found, iltaga he met.

V: - a-(8) From sihil it was easy, istas-hil he found easy : from dall he directed, istidall he inquired; from gâm he i-i-arose, istigâm he stayed.

i i a (9) From râh, istiraiyah or istirêyah he reposed.

Of these verbs kassar is conjugated as follows :---

### PRESENT OR FUTURE

#### SINGULAR

#### MASC.

FEM.

1st pers. akassar 2nd pers. tikassar 3rd pers. yikassar

akassar tikassarî tikassar

I break, &c.

**DFG** 

#### PLURAL

nikassar, tikassarû (-um), yikassarû (-um)

#### PAST TENSE

#### SINGULAR

FEM.

kassart

kassartî kassarit

MASC.

1st pers. kassart 2nd pers. kassart 3rd pers. kassar I broke, &c.

PLURAL

kassarnâ, kassartû (-um), kassarû (-um)

#### IMPERATIVE

SINGULAR

MASC.

kassar

FEM. kassarî

PLURAL

kassarû (-um)

## PARTICIP. mekassar breaking.1

Fahhim is conjugated in exactly the same manner, except that it has i instead of a in the last syllable.

Başşaş is conjugated like kassar, and so are saiyib and dauwar, as saiyibt *I left*, nisaiyib *we leave*, §c.

Garrâ is conjugated in the present and future as follows: Sing. agarrî, tigarrî (masc. and fem.), yigarrî (masc.), tigarrî (fem.).

<sup>1</sup> For the passive participle of the derived verbs that of the simple verb is frequently borrowed.

Plur. nigarrî, tigarrû (-um), yigarrû (-um).

In the past tense it is conjugated like qarâ, as garrêt I made to run, &c.

The imperative is garrî, &c., and the participle megarrî. Sâbiq is conjugated as follows :—

#### PRESENT OR FUTURE

#### SINGULAR

#### MASC.

FEM.

1st pers. asâbiq 2nd pers. tisâbiq 3rd pers. yisâbiq

36

asâbiq I race, §c tisabqî (contracted from tisâbiqî) tisâbiq

#### PLURAL

nisâbiq, tisabqû (-um), yisabqû (-um)

#### PAST TENSE

#### SINGULAR

FEM.

1st pers. sâbiqt sâbiqt 2nd pers. sâbiqt sâbiqt 3rd pers. sâbiq sabqit

MASC.

sâbiqt sâbiqtî sabqit (for-sâbiqit**)** 

#### PLURAL

sâbiqnâ, sâbiqtû (-um), sabqû (-um) for sâbiqû, &c.

## IMPERATIVE SINGULAR

MASC. sâbiq

FEM. sabqî

PLURAL sabqû (-um) PARTICIP. mesâbiq

Lâgâ as follows :--

## PRESENT OR FUTURE

## SINGULAR

	MASC.	FEM.
1st pers.	alâqî	alâqî
2nd pers.		tilâqî
3rd pers.	yilâqî	tilâqî

## PLURAL

nilâqî, tilâqû (-um), yilâqû (-um)

## PAST TENSE

## SINGULAR

FEM.
lâqêt
lâqêtî
lâqit, lâqat

PLURAL

lâqênâ, lâqêtû (-um), lâqû (-um)

## IMPERATIVE Singular

MASC. lâqî FEM. lâqî

#### PLURAL

#### lâqû (-um)

#### PARTICIP. melâqî

Itqafal is conjugated like katab, except that the imperative is itqafal, itqafalî, &c.; itmadd like laff; + ? ?
Itqafalî, itqafalî, &c.; itmadd like laff; + ? ?
Itqafalî, itqafalî, &c.; in the present, itba't, &c., in the participle; itrama
Itqafalî, &c., in the present, itrimî, &c., in the imperative, mitrimî for the participle.

en

11

DFG

perative, mitrimî for the participle. Par ada Itnaddaf is conjugated like kassar, making atkassar, titkassar, itkassart, &c., and itrakkib similarly like fahhim; itbaşşaş like itnaddaf and itbaiyin like itrakkib; itqallâ makes atqallâ, &c., in the present, and is conjugated like garra.

Itdâkhil makes atdâkhil, &c., and is conjugated like sâbiq.

2. Inkatab like katab, except that the present is ankitib,
 tinkitib, &c.; indarr makes andarr, tindarr, &c., and is
 otherwise like darr; inhâsh makes anhâsh, tinhâsh, &c.,
 in the present, inhasht, &c., in the past tense; inbanâ
 makes anbinî, tinbinî, &c., in the present, and in the past is conjugated like qarâ.

1. - o.<sup>3</sup>. Igtama' makes agtimi', &c., in the present, and is conjugated in the past tense like katab, as igtama't, igtama'û
26 (-um), &c.; imtadd makes amtadd, timtadd, &c., in the present, and is conjugated in the past tense like laff;
iltaqâ makes altiqî, &c., in the present, and is conjugated in the past tense like laff;
in the past tense like qarâ. The participle is miltiqî.

Istas-hil makes astas-hil, &c., in the present, mistashil for the participle, and is conjugated like katab; istidall makes astidall, and is conjugated like laff; istiqâm makes astiqâm, &c., in the present; in the past tense it is conjugated like kân, except that it takes a throughout in the last syllable; thus istiqamt, not istiqumt.

Astiraiyah makes astiraiyah, and is conjugated like baiyin. The participle is mistiraiyah.

61

§ 36. The English infinitive mood is generally expressed by the present or future tense, often introduced by a conjunction, as 'auz<sup>1</sup> yigî he wants to come, biddî<sup>2</sup> arûh I want to go, ma aqdarsh ashûf I am unable to see, ruhte 'andu 'ashân atkallim waiyâh I went to him to (in order to) speak with him, wa'adnî innu yiktib-lî he promised to (that he would) write to me.

§ 37. The passive voice is often expressed, as has been seen, by one of the derived forms of the verb, itor *in* being added to the simple verb or to the first derived form,<sup>3</sup> but it is very usual to employ the third person plural of the active, and say for instance darabûh *they struck him* for *he was struck*, though no definite persons are referred to.

1 'auz is a shortened form of 'âwiz, the participle of 'âz he wanted.

<sup>2</sup> Similarly we say biddak terûh you want to go, &c.

<sup>3</sup> The passives are not often given in the vocabulary, but in many cases the student will be correct if he adds either of these prefixes to the active, though it will be safer to use the active form.

40

§ 38. Some verbs have four consonants instead of three only, as dahdar he rolled, shaqlib he upset. They are conjugated throughout like verbs of the first derived form of those which have only three in the simple form. Thus we have dahdart I rolled, shaqlibna we upset.

They often form a passive by adding *it*, as lakhbat to confuse, itlakhbat to be confused.

§ 39. All the above verbs take the negative signs ma and sh, just as the verb darab (§ 31). Thus we say ana ma laqêtûsh *I did not find it*. Il moiya ma ghilyitsh the water didn't boil, ma neruhsh (or ma nruhsh) we won't go, ma tlakhbaţitsh *it* (fem.) was not confused, &c.

§ 40. Words are not always in the same order as in English, the verb for instance often preceding its subject, as ma gâsh il walad *the boy didn't come*. When a feminine indefinite subject or plural indefinite subjects are put after the verb, the verb is generally in the masculine singular instead of being in concord, as gih mara hina a woman came here.

# POLITE EXPRESSIONS IN GENERAL USE

### TO ONE STARTING ON A JOURNEY

Tarîq is salâma (a safe journey); ma' is salâma (with safety); Rabbina yiwaddîk bi khêr or Rabbina yiwaşşalak bi s salâma (our Lord conduct you with safety). Reply—Allâh yisallimak (God preserve you); in sha lla nshûfak fi khêr (please God we shall see you in prosperity); ma' is salâma (with safety).

## TO ONE RETURNED FROM A JOURNEY

Salâmât (salutations); (il) ḥamdu li llah 'as <sup>1</sup> salâma (praise be to God for your safety); waḥashtina/or auḥashtina (you made us desolate). Reply—Allâh yisallimak (God preserve you); waḥashtina, auḥashtina.

### ON MEETING A FRIEND

Nahârak sa'îd (your day be happy); nahârak sa'îd u mbârak (your day be happy and blessed). Reply—the same words.

Ahlan we sahlan (welcome). Reply-sahlan bak or ahlan bak (welcome to you). Lêltak (or liltak) sa'îda (good-night). Reply-same words.

> <sup>1</sup> For 'ala is 41

42

### ON THE OCCASION OF A FESTIVAL

Kulle sana winta taiyib (may every year see you well). Reply—Kulle 'âm winta be khêr (may every year find you in prosperity).

### TO EXPRESS THANKS

Kattar khêrak (may God increase your prosperity). Reply—Kattar khêrak or we khêrak. Mitshakkarîn or mutashakkirîn (we thank you). Reply—II 'afw/efendim (pardon, sir, i.e. don't mention it).

#### TO CONGRATULATE

Mabrûk or mubârak (blessed). Reply—Allâh yibârik fîk (God bless you).

## ON RISING TO LEAVE

'An iznak (by your permission); nista'zin (we beg permission).

## TO ONE LEAVING AFTER A VISIT

Sharraftína (you have honoured us). Reply—ihna lli tsharrafna (it is we who have been honoured). Anistína (you have entertained us). Reply—Allâh ye'ansak (God entertain you).

#### POLITE EXPRESSIONS

#### To BEG PARDON

Ma ti'akhiznîsh (do not blame me). Reply—ma 'alêsh (it doesn't matter); <del>la mu'âkhiza or</del> la me'akhza (there is no blame).

#### TO INQUIRE AFTER ONE'S HEALTH

Izzêyak? (how are you?) Reply—il hamdu li llâh, taiyibh (praise be to God, we are well), or simply il hamdu li llâh.

#### TO AN INVALID

Salamtak (your preservation, i.e. God restore you to health). Reply—Allâh yisallimak (God preserve you); shidde hêlak (exert your strength, pull yourself together). Reply—ish shidda 'alá lla (strength is with God).

#### TO ONE WHO HAS RECOVERED FROM AN ILLNESS

× Hamdilla 'as salâma (God be praised for your preservation). Reply—Allâh yisallimak (God preserve you).

To CONDOLE - Eil

Il baraka fi hissak (a blessing on you<sup>1</sup>). Reply— Allâh yibârik fîk (God bless you).

1 Literally on your voice, i.e. may your voice be long heard,

D

161

44

### TO A BEGGAR

Allâh yihannin 'alêk (God cause you to be pitied); rûh, ya shêkh, Allâh yirzuqak (go away, man, God provide for you); Alla yi'tîk or yiddîk (God give you); Allâh yiftah 'alêk (God open to you, i.e. give you consolation). **rûh** (imic) baga

### ON AN AVERTED MISHAP, OR WHEN A THING HAS HAPPILY TURNED OUT WELL

Haşal khêr (happiness has resulted, i.e. it has ended well); il hamdu lillâh illî gat salîma (God be praised that it has turned out well).

## READING EXERCISE

## THE STORY OF THE ROBBER THE ILL-TREATED HIKÄYIT<sup>1</sup> IL HARÄMI L<sup>2</sup> MAZLÛM<sup>3</sup>

There was a robber went day of these he robs Kân<sup>4</sup> fî<sup>5</sup> harấmî râh yôm min dôl<sup>6</sup> yísraq<sup>7</sup> the house of a merchant. He rose got up on the wall bêt<sup>8</sup> wähid tägir. Qâm tíli 'ala 1 hëta and held on to the window. Came out the window in we mísik fi sh<sup>9</sup> shibbâk. Tíli' ish shibbâk fi his hand; he fell on the ground, was broken his foot. ídu<sup>10</sup>; wíqi' 'ala l ard, inkásarit<sup>11</sup> ríglu. He took himself and went he limps to the judge; Khad  $^{12}$  ba'du we rah  $^{13}$  yí'rug  $^{14}$  'and il qådî;

<sup>1</sup> See §§ 7, 8. <sup>2</sup> § 4 (d). <sup>3</sup> Particip. of zalam, § 27. <sup>4</sup> § 30. <sup>5</sup> § 17. <sup>6</sup> i.e. one day.

7 I.e. to rob from saraq he robbed, §§ 27, 36.

10 § 21. 9 8 5. 8 § 8.

11 § 35 (6). The verb is fem. to agree with the fem. substan-12 § 34. tive rigl.

1<sup>3</sup> For râh. The long vowels are sometimes shortened in conversation; so fi for fî above.

14 I.e. limping. The present is sometimes used for the participle.

45

he said to him: "I was going to rob the house of  $qál - lu^1$ : "Ána kúnte<sup>2</sup> raih<sup>3</sup> ásraq<sup>4</sup> bêt the merchant the so-and-so; I got up on the wall and it tägir il fuläni<sup>5</sup>; tilí'te<sup>2</sup> 'ála l héta we I held on to the window: rose the window misíkte<sup>2</sup> fi sh shibbák: gâm<sup>6</sup> ish shibbák came out in my hand; I fell, was broken my foot." Rose tíli' fi ídî; wiqí't, inkásarit ríglî." Qam7 the judge, ordered a soldier to go to bring il qấdî ámar wấhid 'askárî yerúh 4 yegîb 4 the owner of the house. He went, brought him and he came sahb<sup>8</sup> il bêt. Râh gấbu<sup>9</sup> we gih<sup>10</sup> before the judge. Asked him the judge: "How, O quddam il qadî. Sa'alu 1 qadî: "Izzey, ya man, your window is not nailed well? rägil, shibbäkak<sup>11</sup> mush<sup>12</sup> meşámmar<sup>13</sup> taíyib? See the robber this the wretched, was going to rob Ähu l harämî da<sup>14</sup> l<sup>15</sup> maskîn kân râyih yisraq

2 §§ 30, 4 (c). 1 Pronounce gal lu as one word.

<sup>3</sup> § 28 note. It is contracted from râvih.

4 \$ 36.

<sup>5</sup> Or such a one. <sup>6</sup> The verb qâm is often used adverbially and may be translated by but, then, thereupon, dec.

<sup>7</sup> For qâm, as rah for râh above.

<sup>8</sup> For sahib § 4 (d). <sup>9</sup> § 16. <sup>10</sup> § 34. <sup>11</sup> § 21. <sup>12</sup> § 33. <sup>13</sup> § 35. This participle may be used in a passive as well as 15 8 13. 14 8 22. an active sense.

## READING EXERCISE

your house; he got up on the wall; he held on to the mísik fi sh betak: tili' 'ala l heta; window; but the window came out in his hand; he fell, shibbåk; qâm ish shibbåk tíli' fi îdu; wíqi', was broken his foot; has become the right against you inkásarit riglu; báqa l haqqe<sup>1</sup> 'alêk<sup>2</sup> now." Said to him the owner of the house : " And sahb il bêt: "W<sup>3</sup> dilwaqt." Qal - lu I what to me, O my lord (Is) it I who fixed ána mấ – lî,4 ya sĩdì? Húwa ána illî rakkibt $^5$ the window? This (is) the business of the carpenter who shughl in<sup>6</sup> naggär íllî ish shibbak? da made it." Said the judge, "Bring (pl.) the carpenter." "ámalu." 7 Qâl il qâdî: "Hatu<sup>8</sup> n naggâr." They went they brought him; said to him the judge, "How gâbűh<sup>9</sup>; qal lu<sup>2</sup> l qãdî: "Izzêy Rấhu fixed not the window this like the people? you not inta ma rakkíbtish 10 ish shibbák da zeyi n nás?11 See by your cause the robber this who was going Ahu bi sábabak il harámî da lli<sup>12</sup> kan<sup>12</sup> ráyih

2 \$ 18. 1. § 4 (c). <sup>4</sup> § 17. Pronounce mâ lî as one word. 7 § 16. 6 § 5. 5 \$ 35 (1). <sup>8</sup> Hât (p. hâtû) is used as the imperative of gâb, he brought. 10 \$ 32. 9 8 16. <sup>12</sup> For illî kân.

11 I.e. like everybody, properly.

<sup>3</sup> For we  $\S 4$  (*d*).

48

was broken to rob the house of the man this fell, bêt ir rägil da wíqi', inkásarit yísraq his foot." He said to him : "And I what to me, O mylord? ríglu." Qal lu: "W ána mấ- lî, ya sĩdî? This is not my business; this (is) the business of the shúghlî; Da mush da shughl il builder who fixed the window this in the wall." bánná illi rákkib ish shibbák da fi l héta." Said the judge: "Good, bring the builder." They went. Qâl il gadî: "Taíyib, hấtu 1 bánnâ." Rãhu Asked him the judge: they brought him. " Why not qãdî: "Lêh ma gabűh. 1 Sá'alu you fixed the window this well?" He said to him: rakkíbtish ish shibbák da taíyib?" Qal lu: "By God, O my lord, (as to) this while I am building "W Alláhî,<sup>1</sup> ya sĩdî, da w ána bábni<sup>2</sup> the house this was a girl sweet passing by me wearing 1 bêt da kanit binte hilwa fayta<sup>3</sup> 'alêya<sup>4</sup> lábsa<sup>5</sup> a dye pretty. dued a gown I looked gallâbiya masbûgha<sup>6</sup> sábgha kuwaiyísa. Başşết<sup>7</sup>-

1 For wi Allâhî. The final i of Allâhi is a literary inflexion. Wallah is also said. <sup>2</sup> §§ 28, 31.

<sup>3</sup> For fâyita, fem. of the participle of fât he passed, §§ 4 (d), 30. 4 8 18.

<sup>5</sup> For lâbisa from libis §§ 4(d), 27. <sup>6</sup> Fem. of passive participle of sabagh. 7 § 29.

## READING EXERCISE

at her, and then I became distracted from my work and not shúghlî we ma líha, qumt<sup>1</sup> itlahét<sup>2</sup> 'an I knew not (how) to fix the window, properly." arákkib<sup>3</sup> ish shibbâk zêyi-n-nâs." 'iríftish bring the girl " Go Said to them the judge: Qal-lúhum 4 il qâ'dî: "Rűhû 5 hätu 1 bint this." pretty the was wearing the gown ílli känit lábsa g<sup>6</sup> gallábíya k<sup>6</sup> kuwaiyísa dî." Said to her the They rose, went, brought her to him. Qamu, rahu gabûha 7\_ lu. Qal\_ líha l the the gown judge: "Why were you (f.) wearing g gallâbîya ] "Lêh kúntî<sup>5</sup> lábsa qãdî: dyed ?" She said to him : "And I what to me? masbũgha?" Qâlít –  $lu^8$ : "W ána mâ – lì? (As to) this the right (is) against the dyer who dyed l haqqe<sup>9</sup> 'ála s sabbägh illi sábagh Da the gown which I was wearing it." Ordered the judge il gallâbîya lli kúnte<sup>9</sup> labsäha." <sup>10</sup> Ámar il qãdî (that) they bring the dyer. They went (and) brought him; gâbữh: Rấhu yegîbu<sup>11</sup> s sabbägh.

1 § 30. See note above.
2 From itlaha conjugated like qara, §§ 31, 35.
2 § 36.
3 § 36.
4 § 17.
5 § 30.
6 § 5.
7 Pronounce gabihá lu as one word.
9 Pronounce qâlit lu as one word.
9 4 (c).
10 For lâbisá-ha, §§ 4 (d), 22 and note.

11 From gâb he brought, § 30.

Universitäts- und Landesbibliothek Sachsen-Anhalt urn:nbn:de:gbv:3:5-37762/fragment/page=00000059

but not he was not able to say anything. Thereupon the läkin ma 'irífshe yeqûl häga. Qâm<sup>1</sup> il judge said to them : "Take him hang him over qâdî qal - lúhum: "Khudűh,<sup>2</sup> ishnuqúh<sup>3</sup> 'ala the door of his shop." They took him to hang him, found him bâb<sup>4</sup> dukkanu." Khadûh yishnuqûh,<sup>5</sup> laqûh<sup>6</sup> and the door of the shop low. They went said tall tawîl we bâb id dukkân wấtî. Rấhû qấlû to the judge: "This the man (is) tall very and li l qấdî: "Da r rấgil tawîl qáwî we the door of the shop (is) short; going (pl.) bâb id dukkấn şughaíyar; rayhĭn <sup>7</sup> to hang him how ?" Said to them the judge: "Go nishnúqu<sup>8</sup> zzêy?<sup>9</sup> Qal-lúhum il qấdî: "Rấhû see for yourselves one short, hang him." shûfú<sup>10</sup> - lkum<sup>11</sup> wähid quşaíyar, ishnuqüh."

<sup>1</sup> See above. <sup>2</sup> § 34. <sup>3</sup> From shanaq he hanged, § 22. <sup>4</sup> § 8. <sup>5</sup> Literally they hang him, § 36.

<sup>6</sup> From laga he found, § 31.

<sup>7</sup> Or railin, pl. particip. of râh he went, contracted from râyihîn, § 28 note.
 <sup>8</sup> Literally we hang him.
 <sup>9</sup> For izzêy.
 <sup>10</sup> From shâf he saw.

<sup>11</sup> Contracted from lukum, § 17. Shûfú lkum are pronounced as one word.

## READING EXERCISE—TRANSLATION 51

took him. short. They went they searched for one dauwáru<sup>1</sup> 'ála wähid gusaívar, khaduh, Rấhum hanged him.

shanaqũh.2

## TRANSLATION

## THE STORY OF THE ILL-TREATED BURGLAR

There was a robber who went one day to rob the house of a merchant. He climbed on the wall and took hold of the window; but the window came out in his hand, and he fell to the ground and broke his leg. He picked himself up and went limping to the Kadi, and said to him: "I was going to rob the house of the merchant so-and-so. I climbed on the wall and took hold of the window; but the window came out in my hand, and I fell to the ground and broke my leg." The Kadi immediately ordered a soldier to go and bring. the owner of the house. The soldier went and brought him, and he came before the Kadi. The Kadi asked him : " How comes it, man, that your window was not properly nailed ? See, this poor robber was going to rob your house. He climbed on the wall and caught

<sup>1 § 35 (1).</sup> 

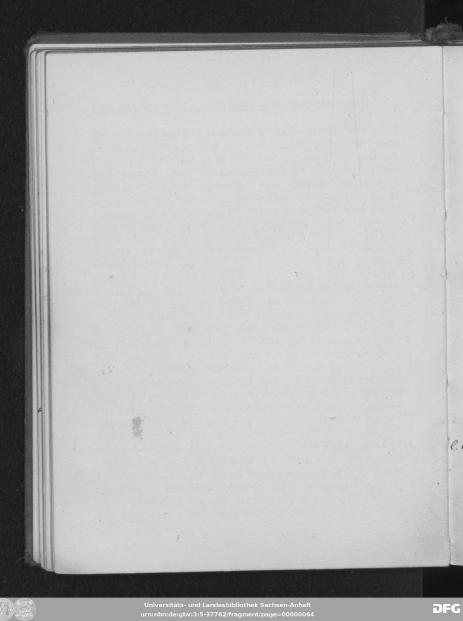
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> It will be noticed that the conjunction wi, we, and, is often omitted.

52

hold of the window; but the window came out in his hand, and he fell and broke his leg. Thus, you are now in the wrong." The owner of the house said to him: "And what have I to do with that, my lord? Was it I who fixed the window? That is the business of the carpenter who made it." Said the Kadi: "Bring the carpenter." They went and brought him. and the Kadi said to him: "How is it that you did not fix this window properly? See, it is owing to you that the robber, who was going to rob this man's house, fell and broke his leg." The carpenter said to him : "And what have I to do with that, my lord? That is not my business. That is the business of the builder who put the window (frame) in the wall." "Good," said the Kadi, "bring the builder." They went and brought him. The Kadi asked him : "Why didn't you fix this window securely?" The builder said to him: "So help me God, my lord, as I was building this house there was a charming girl passing by me, wearing a gown dyed a beautiful dye. I gazed at her and became unmindful of my work, and failed to fix the window properly." The Kadi said to them : "Go and bring the girl who was wearing this beautiful gown." They went and brought her to him, and the Kadi said to her: "Why were you wearing this dyed gown?" She said to him : "What have I to do with this? The fault is with the dyer who dyed the gown which I was wearing." The Kadi ordered them to bring the dyer. They went and brought him, but he was not able to say anything. Then the Kadi ordered them to go and

## READING EXERCISE—TRANSLATION 53

hang him on the door of his shop. They took him to hang him, but found that he was very tall and the door of the shop too low. So they went to the Kadi, and said to him: "This man is very tall, and the door of the shop is very low. How are we going to hang him?" The Kadi said to them: "Go and look for a short one and hang him." They went and searched for a short one, and took him and hanged him.



# VOCABULARY

(For Appendix see p. 111)

- A, wahid, f. wahda. A loy (wahid) <sup>1</sup> walad. A girl (wahda) bint. Two piastres a metre, il mitr bi qirshën. Twice a day, marratën fi l vôm.
- Able, qâdir. I am not able to come, ma-qdarshe agî.
- Ablution, wudû. Perform ablutions, itwadda.2
- Abolish, battal.
- About (nearly), taqriban, yigî. About two years ago, yigî sanatên. He spoke about the matter, itkallim fi 1 mas'ala. I have come about an important matter, gêt 'ala shân mas ala mehimma.

Above, fôq.

Abroad, fi bilâd barra.

Absence, ghiyâb.

Absent, ghâyib, mush maugûd.
 Abuse, s. shitîma, pl. shatâyim,
 v. shatam (i).
 Acacia, labakh.

Accept, qibil (a). I do not accept these conditions, maqbalsh ish shurûț dî.

Acceptance, qubûl.

- Accession (to throne), gilus.
- Accident, hadsa, pl. hawadis.

Accidentally, bil ghalat.

- Accommodation, matrah. Shall we find accommodation at the hotel? yekûn fî matrah fi 1 lukanda ?
- Accompany, râh waiya. Will you accompany me? tigî waiyâya?
- Accomplice, shirik, pl. shuraka. His accomplices, shurakatu.
- Account, hisâb, hisba. Give me your account, hât il hisâb betâak. The account is paid, il hisâb madfu. On account, 'ala l hisâb, #?

Accusation, Tihma. Accuse, taham (i). Accustomed to, wakhid 'ala, c.a. et mit'auwid 'ala.

<sup>1</sup> The article is generally omitted.

<sup>2</sup> The verbs are given in the 3rd pers. sing. of the past tense.

- Ache, s. waga'; v. waga' (a). My head aches, râsî tûga'nî.
- Acid, s. hamd; a. hâmid. Carbolic acid, hamd il finîk.
- Acquaintance, ma'rifa, pl. ma'arif. He is an acquaintance of mine. huwa ma'riftî.

Acquit, sêyib, barrâ.

56

- Acre, faddân (4200 square metres), pl. fadâdîn.
- Act (do), 'amal (i), (as in a play) shakhkhas; (action) 'amal, pl. a'mâl; 'amla.

Actor, meshakhkhas.

Add. Add this to that, hutte dih 'ala dih. You haven't

+2. sol added it up, ma gama'tûsh." Address, s. 'inwân; v. kallim. Address yourself to me, kallimnî ana.

> Administration, idara, maslaha. The chief of the administration, raiyis il idâra, il mudir.

Administrator, mudîr.

- Admission, dukhûl. Can we get admission here? niqdar nikhushshe hina? There is no admission without a ticket, ma fîsh dukhûl min ghêr tazkara.
- Ado. Much ado about nothing, il ginâza hâra wi l mêyit kalb.

Adult, bâligh.

Adulterated, maghshûsh.

Advance. He got in advance of me, sabaqnî. We were in advance of you, kunna guddâmak. Thirty pounds in advance, talâtîn ginêh mitgaddim.

Advantage, fayda.

Advice, nasîha.

- Affair, mas'ala, pl. masâvil. That is my affair, da shughlî ana.
- Afford. I can't afford to buy it. ma-qdarshe 'ala tamanu.
- After, ba'd. After dinner, ba'd il 'asha. The day after tomorrow, ba'de bukra. After a week, ba'de gum'a. He went after him, râh warâh (so warâha, after her, warâya, after me, &c.).
- Afternoon, ba'd id duhr.

Afterwards, ba'dên, ba'diha.

- Again, tânî marra. Come again to-morrow, tigî kamân bukra. Don't do that again, ma tirga'she ti'mil kede.
- Against, didd. Against my will, ghasbe 'annî. L.

11 4

DEG

- Age, 'umr. What is your age? umrak kam sana?
- Aged, 'agûz, pl. 'agâyiz, kibîr
- fi s sinn. Agency (English), bêt îl gininâr (general

Agent, wakil.

Ago. A year ago, min sana. Long ago, min zamân. I was there two years ago, kunte henâk bagâ lî sanatên.

#### VOCABULARY

Agree, qibil (a), ittafaq. We agree to it, niqbalu.

- Agriculture, ziráša. Drive me to the College of Agriculture, waddinį 1 madrasa z zirášya.
- Aground. The boat ran (or is) aground, itwahalit, il markib, J. P. K.
- Air, s. hawa; v. hauwa. Get the room aired, khalli 1 ôda tithauwa.

Alabaster, marmar.

Alexandria, Iskandarîya.

- Alike, zêy. Bring me two alike, hât lî itnên zêye ba'd.
- Alive, hay, taiyib.

neraj

- All, kull. All the people, kull in nås. All day, túl in nahâr. I will take them all, akhudhum kulluhum. All of it, kullu, kulliha. All of us, kullina. I haven't any at all, ma andish abadan. It is all the same, zêye ba'du. Nothing at all, wala hâga. That is all I want, bass, mush 'auz hâga tanya.
- Allow. I won't allow it, maqbalsh. Smoking is not allowed, shurb id dukhkhân mamnû. Allow me, ismah lî; 'an iznak.

Allowance. Travelling allowance, badal safariya. Horse allowance, badal rukûba.

Almanack, natîga, pl. natâyig. Almond, lôza, pl. lôz.

Almost, tagrîban 0/

- Aloes, sabba. L.
- Alone. I want to go alone, biddî arûh wahdî.<sup>1</sup> Leave it alone, sîbu.
- Along. Come along ! yalla !

Aloud, bi sôt 'âlî.

- Also, kamân. *He also*, huwa râkhar. *She also*, hîva rukhra. *We also*, ihna rukhrîn.
- Although, ma' inn. Although I, ma' innî.<sup>2</sup>

Altogether. sawa.

Alum, shabba.

A.M., qabl id duhr.

- Amber, kahramân. =
- Amble, s. rahwina ; v. itrahwin.
- America, Amerika, bilâd il malakân.

American, amrîkân, malakân. Ammonia, (rôh) nashâdir. 6. Ammunition, gabakhâna.

Among, fî, dimn, mabên. Among them, min dimnuhum. Is there any one among you who wants to go? fî minkû 'auz yerûh?

Amount, mablagh, pl. mabâligh.

<sup>1</sup> Similarly biddak terûh wahdak, biddu yerûh wahdu, biddina prûh wahdina, &c.

? Similarly ma' innak, ma' innu, ma' innina, &c. (see § 20).

What is the whole amount? il mablagh kullu qadde êh?

Amuse, salla. Amuse oneself. issalla.

Amusement, taslîya.

58

Amusing, mudhik. Anchor, mirsa, pl. marasi. They let down the anchor, nazzilu 1 mirsa. We have pulled up the anchor, talla'na 1 mirsa.

> Ancient, gadîm, pl. gudm. The ancients, il qudama.

> And, wi, we, u. You and I. ana w inta. He and she. huwa we hîva. He insulted him and struck him too, shatamu we darabu kamân.

Angel, malak, pl. malayka. Anger, s. za'al; v. za'al.

Angle, zawiya, zawya, pl. ; zawâya.

Angry, za'lân. I am very angry with you, ana za'lân ketîr waiyâk. To get angry, zi'il (a). Don't get anyry, ma tiz'alsh.

Animal, hiwân, pl. hiwânât. Ankle, ka'b.

Anklet, khulkhål, pl. khalåkhil. Announce. Announce me, ikhbir an hudûrî.

Annoy, za'al.

Another, tânî, f. tanya. Give me another, iddînî kamân wâhid,<sup>1</sup> iddînî ghêru<sup>1</sup> (if meaning a different one). They struck one another, darabu ba'd.

Answer, s. radd. Bring an unswer to the letter, hat radde li 1 gawâb; v. gâwib, radd (u). Answer me, gâwibnî.

Ant. namla, pl. naml.

- Antique, gadîm, antîka. Is this really antique? da gadîm sahîh?
- Antiquities. Show me your antiquities, farragnî 'ala 1 antîkât betû'ak.
- Any. Have you any bread? any scarabs? 'andak 'êsh, ga'ârîn ? Any man, êye raglin kân. guran Any woman, êye marat in kânit. At any time, fi êye wagt in kân.

Anyhow, 'ala kulle hâl.

- Anyone, êye wahd in kân.
- Anything, êye shê' in kân. Anything you like, illî yigibak baga.
- Anywhere, fi êye matrah in kân.
- Appeal, s. (against a decision), abellu, isti'naf. Court of appeal, mahkamt il isti'naf. v. amal (i) isti'nâf.
- Appear, bân (â). You appear tired, bêyin 'alêk ta'bân. He hasn't appeared yet, lissa ma hdarsh, ma bansh.

DEG

<sup>1</sup> Fem., wahda, gherha. خَلْغَلْ خَلْغَلْ ، خَلْغَال ٢

- Appetite. He has a good appetite, yâkul taiyib, nafsu maftûha. Apple, tiffâha, pl. tiffâh.
- Application. You must make an official application. lâzim tigaddim talab rasmî.
- Apply. You must apply for it at the Consulate, lâzim tutlubu min il gunsulâtu.
- Appoint, 'aiyin. Be appointed, it'aiyin. I appoint you my agent in the matter, wakkiltak 'annî fi l mas'ala.
- Appointment, matrah, wazîfa. I cannot give you the appointment you ask for, ma-qdarsh addî-lak il-wazîfa illî tutlubha.
- Apprentice, sabî, pl. subvân. Approach, v. garrab.
- Approve, istahsin, gibil (a).
- Appropriate to oneself, khad li nafsu.1
- Apricot, mishmisha, pl. mishmish.
- April, abrîl.

ZA

- Arab, 'arabî, 'arab. An Arab, ibne 'arab, pl. wilâd 'arab. An Arab horse, husân 'arab.

Arabia, bilâd il 'arab.

Arabic, 'arabî. The Arabic language, il lugha l'arabîya. I don't know Arabic, ma\_ 'rafshe 'arabî.

Arch, gantara, pl. ganâtir.

Architect, milmar, mehandiz. Area, misâha.

- Argue. I don't wish to argue with you, mush 'auz atgâdil waiyâk.
- Arm, dirâ', pl. idru'. My arms, diri'ti. He carried it under his arm. shâlu tahte bâtu.

Armed. mesallah.

- Arms, silâh. Have you any Soudanese arms? 'andak silâh sudânî?
- Army, gêsh, pl. giyûsh. The English army, il gêsh linglîzi. He is in the Egyptian army, huwa fi l gêsh il masrî.
- Arrange. You must arrange everything for me, lâzim inta teshaf-lî kulle hâga tekûn lazma.
- Arrest, dabat (u). The police have arrested him, dabatu 1 bulis. (1- Jell.; 1 - Chr wasal

Arrive, wisil (a). When do we Apron, grimbiyala. Z grembiale arrive in Cairo? nûsal emta masr? He has not yet arrived, lissa ma gâsh.

Arrogant, mitkabbar.

Arsenal, tersâna.

Arsenic, zarnikh. - coles Kposy

Artichoke, kharshûfa, pl. k.narshûf, (Jerusalem) tartûfa, pl. Kor tartûf. : f. carciopo

\$ (turk and ; Lit. darsena

for ichial u

<sup>1</sup> So khadtu li nafsî, khadnâh li nafsina. I, we, appropriated it.

E

#### Artillery, tubgîya.

60

As. As I said, zêye ma qult. As you like, zêye ma yî gibak. I am as tall as you, tûlî zêye tûlak. It is as broad as it is long, 'ardu qadde tûlu. As I was looking, w ana shâyif. As if he were there, keinnu kân <sup>i</sup> maugûd.

Ascend, tili', tala' (a).

Ashamed, mikhtishî. You ought to be ashamed of yourself, ikhtishî.

Ashes, rumâd.

Ash-tray, manfada, pl. manâfid.

- Ashore. Go ashore, nizil (i) 'ala l barr.
- Aside, 'ala gamb. Put it aside, huttu 'ala gamb.
- Ask, 'sa'al (a). Ask him how far it is from here to —, is'alu il mesâfa qadde êh min hina li —. Please ask them when the boat starts, i'mil ma'rûf, is'alhum il wabûr yeqûm emta.

Asleep, nâyim. \* hork. Asparagus, isberg, kushk al-

mâz.

Assembly, gam'îya.

Astonished, mistaghrab.

Asylum (for lunatics), mûristân. At. At home, fil bêt. At his father's, fi bêt abûh, 'and abûh. At his office, fi l bank betâ'u. At a piastre the oke, il wiqqa bi qirshe sâgh.

Attach, rabat (u), 'allaq.

Attack, hagam (u), 'ala. He was attacked by three men,

hagam 'alêh talat riggâla.

Auction, mazâd. By auction, bi l mazâd.

August, aghustus.

Aunt (paternal) 'amma, (maternal) khâla.

+ Li

ר (ר

Austria, Nimsa.

Austrian, nimsâwî.

Autumn, kharîf, waqt in nîl.

Avoid. I couldn't avoid it, da ghasbe 'annî.

Awake, sâhî.

Awaken, sahhâ.

Away. He has gone away, råh (û), rauwah. Throw it away, irmîh, irmîha.<sup>2</sup> Take it away, shîlu. She is away, hiya mush maugûda. To drive away, karash (u).

Awning, tanda. I senda Axe, balta, pl. bulat, turyat 4.9. Axle, dungul. Link Ling: C. of

Baby, 'aiyil, pl. 'Ayâl. Bachelor, âzıb. Back, s. dahr. He carried it on his back, shâlu 'ala dahru.

<sup>1</sup> So keinniha kânit maugûda, as if she were present, &c. <sup>2</sup> According as the object is masculine or feminine.

Back, ad. Come back at once, irga halan. There and back, râvih gâv. How much do you ask to take us there and back? 'auz kâm 'ashân nerûh u nigî? Stand back, it'âkhir shuwaiya. A. havola Backgammon (li'b) it tawla. Bad, battal. This is a bad piece of money, il hitta dî barrânî. Bag, kîs, pl. ikvâs. Travelling think santa bug, shanta, pl. shunat. Baggage, 'af-h. Fetch down. my baggaye from my room, nazzil il 'afshe betâ'î min udtî. Bake, khabaz (i). Baker, farrân. Bakery, furn. Bald, aqra', f. qar'a, pl. qur'. Bale, bâla hero . al Ball, kôra, pl. kuwar. Cannon (J ball, gullat, pl. gulal; (dance) ballu, pl. balluwât. 7 pers. J Ballast, sabûra. Balustrade, darabzîn. Towne Jeon Bamboo, ghâb hindî, bûş hindî. Banana, môza, pl. môz. Band, s. rubât, pl. rubâtât; (music), mazzîka. Bandage, rubât. Bank (of river), barr, gisr, pl. gisûr; (money) bank, pl. binûka. The national bank,

il bank il watani. The bank of Egypt, il bank il masrî. @ 1 Bankrupt, mefallis. A. ules Barber, hallâq. Barefoot, hâfî. Bareheaded, râșu 'iryâna, f. rasha'iryâna, pl. rashum irvâna.1 Barge, mâ'ûna. Bargain. That's a good bargain, dî sharwa taiyiba. Into the bargain, fộq il bếa. Bark, v. 'au'au. Barley, shi'îr. Barn, gurn, pl. igrân. l. Barracks, qishlâq. Link to? Barrage. The Barrage, il qanatir il khairîya. Barrel, barmîl, pl. barâmîl. 4. Garre Barren (land), (arde) bûr. Basin (wash), tisht, pl. tishût; (tank) hôd, pl. hîdân. Basket, sabat, pl. sabatat; tik. (large) quffa, pl. qufaf. Bat, witwât, pl. watawit. C. J. Bath, hammâm, tisht. Get the bath ready for me, haddar li 1 hammâm. I want to take a bath, 'auz astihamma. Bathe, v.i. istihamma. Battalion, orta, pl. orat. Battle, waq'a. Be, kân. There is, fîh, fî. There is not, ma fish. If I were you, iza kunte fi matrahak.

<sup>1</sup> So râsak 'iryâna, &c.

SPOKEN EGYPTIAN ARABIC l'elicie,

He is ill, huwa'aiyân.<sup>1</sup> How are you? izzêyak? I shan't be there to-morrow, ma akunshe henâk bukra.

Beads, kharaz.

Beans (broad), ful; (French) fasulya. ( Provilior phases

Bear (animal), Abdibb "lus

Beard, dagn (f). He wears a long beard, vitauwil dagnu.

Beast (wild), wahsh, pl. wihûsh.

Beat, darab (a). Don't beat your donkey so hard, ma tidrabshe himârak qadde kede gâmid.

Beating, s. 'alga. To als all Beautiful, gamîl, pl. gumâl.

Because, 'alashân, 'ashân, leinn.

Because I went, 'ashân ma ruht, leinnî<sup>2</sup> ruht. Because you came, leinnak 2 gêt.

Become. What became of you? garâ lak êh ? It doesn't become you, ma yegîlakshe taiyib.

Bed, farsh. Make the bed, 'amal il farsh. I am going to bed, ravh anâm.

Bedroom, udt in nôm.

Bedstead, sirîr, pl. sarâyir.

Bedouin, badawî, pl. bidw.

Bee, nahla, pl. nahl.

Beef, lahme baqarî.

Beer, bîra.

Beeswax, sham' iskandarânî.

Beetle, khunfisa, pl. khanafis. Beetroot, bangar.

Before, gabl. We shall arrive before you, ha nûsal gablak. Before you go, gable ma trûh. Before he went, qable ma râh. Before long, ba'de shuwaiya.

Beg, shahat (a)." I beg your "? pardon, il 'afw. tra. 0 3

Beggar, shahhât.

- Begin, ibtada, istabda. When will you begin? rah tistabda emta?
- Beginning, ibtida. From beginning to end, min il auwil lilâkhir. From the beginning of the month, min auwil ish shahr.

Behave. They have behaved very badly, mashvihum kan battâl gawî. Behave yourself, imshî fi adabak.

Behind, warâ. Walk behind me, imshî warâya.

Believe, saddaq. Don't you believe him, ma tsaddagûsh.

Bell, garas, garaz.

Bellows, minfâkh, pl. manâfîkh. Below, taht.

Bench, bank, pl. binûka.

Bend, v.t. tana (î); v.i. witî (yûtâ, imperat. ûtâ).

Bent, matnî.

Berth, yataq, pl. yataqat. fr. yatak U.

<sup>1</sup> The present tense of the verb kan is omitted between the <sup>2</sup> So leinniha râhit, leinnik gêtî, &c. noun and adjective.

## ר (ר

- Beside, gamb. Beside him, her, gambu, gambiha.
- Best, ahsan, il ahsan. This is the best of them, da 1 ahsan fîhum. Do your best, i'mil gihdak.
- Bet, v. râhin (a).
- Betray, khân (û).
- Better, ahsan. We had better wait a little, ahsan nistannâ shuwaiya. I am much better, thank you, il hamdu li lla<sup>1</sup> ahsan ketîr.
- Between, bên, mabên. Between the steamer and the shore, mabên il wabûr w il barr. Between ourselves, mabênna.
- Beware, wa'a (pres. yû'â), hâsib.
- Beyond, ba'd, wara.
- Bible, angîl.

24

- Bicycle, 'agala.
- Big, kebîr, pl. kubâr.
- Bill (account) hisâb, pl. hisâbât, hisba; (of lading) bulîsa, pl. bawâlîs. : . pol 22a
- Bird (large), têra, pl. tiyûr; (small) 'asfûra, pl. 'asâfîr. Birth, wilâda.

Biscuit, baskawîta, pl. baskawît. Bit, hitta, pl. hitat. Of a horse,

ligâm. A bit of bread, hittit Wait a bit, istanna 'êsh. shwaiya.

Bite, s. 'adda; v. 'add (u, a). Bitter, murr.

Black, iswid, f. sûda, pl. sûd. Get black, iswadd (yiswadd).

Blacken, sauwid.

Blacking (for boots, &c.), bûya. . . .

Blacksmith, haddâd.

Blade, silâh.pl. aslika (berla

Blame, lâm (û).

Blank, bavâd.

Blanket, hirâm, pl. ihrima.

- Bleed. It is bleeding, beyinzil minnu (minha) damm.
- Bless, bârik fî. God bless you, Allah yibârik fîk.
- Blind, s. sitâra, pl. sitâyir. Let down the blind, nazzil is sitâra. Draw up the blind, talla' is sitâra; a. a'ma, pl. 'imyân, 'âgiz.
- Block, v. sadd (i). Don't block the way, ma tsiddish 'ala s sikka.

Blood, damm.

- Blotting-paper, warag nashshâf.
- Blow, s. darba, darb. He struck him a hard blow, darabu darba shdîda; v. nafakh (u). The wind is blowing hard, il hawa shdîd (for shedîd).

Blue, azraq, f. zarqa, pl. zurq. Blunt, a. metallim.

Board, s. lôh, pl. ilwâh. Board and lodging, giyâm we niyâm. On board, fi 1 wabûr, fi 1 markib.

<sup>1</sup> Literally, God be praised.

, Boat (steam), wabur, , pl. Walarat, (rowing), qârib, pl. qawârib, (sailing) filûka, pl. Dos, falâyik. (: 1. feluca cerac Body, gism, pl. igsâm. On their bodies, ala gismuhum. Boil, s. dimmil, pl. damâmîl; v.t. ghala (î), (eggs) salaq (u), v.i. ghili (î). Is the water boiling? il moiva betighli? The water has boiled, il moiva ghilyit. Boiled moiya maghliya. water, Boiling water, moiva ghalva. Boiled eggs, bêd maslûq. Bolt, s. tirbâs, pl. tarâbîs. Bolt the door at the top, at the bottom, tarbis il bâb min fôg, min taht. Bone, 'adma, pl. adm. Book, kitâb, pl. kutub or kitâbât. Booking-clerk, tazkargî. Bookseller, kutbî, pl. kutbîya. Boots (pair of), gazma, pl. gizam. f. cizme & Ro. Border, harf. pl. hurûf. Born. maulûd. When were you born? itwaladt emta? Borrow, istalaf. Both. litnên. Both of us. ihna litnên. Bother, khawat (i). Don't bother me, ma tikhwitnîsh. Bottle, qizâza, pl. qazâyiz. Bottom, qa'r. From top to bottom, min taht li fôq.

64

Bougainvillea, gahannamiya. Boundary, hadd, pl. hudûda. Bow (of ship), muqdim.

Bowl, tâșa, sultâniya, pl. salâtin.

Box, sandûq, pl. sanâdîq. He gave him a box on the ear, darabu bil kaff. Small box, 'ilba. Horse-box, buks. Boy, walad, pl. aulâd or wilâd. Bracelet, iswira, pl. asâwir Braces, hammâlât. Brackish, hâdiq. (f.).

Branch, far', pl. furû'.

Brandy, kunyâk. Brass, nahâs asfar.

Brave, shudá, pl. shudián, /g gada, pl. gidián.

Bravo! berâfu'alêk! Bray, nahhaq. *L. 2* Bread, 'êsh.

Break, kasar (a). Break to pieces, kassar. He has broken his arm, inkasar dirâ'u.

Breakfast, s. fuțûr ; v. fițir (a). Breast, sidr.

Breath, nafas. He is out of breath, nafasu maqtû.

Bribe, s. bartil, rashwa. He has taken a bribe, akal rashwa.

Brick, tuba, pl. tub.

Bride, 'arûşa, *pl*. 'arâvis. Bridegroom, 'aŋîs, *pl*. 'irsân.

Dridge (lange) hubre (and

Bridge (large), kubrî, (small) qanțara, pl. qanâțir. Bridle, ligâm.

kpars. all 2"

1/ pars. , mins. - est it sensale ficensal

Brigand, shaqi, pl. ashqiya. Bring, gåb. Bring it to me, håtú-li. Bring me my breakfast at 8.30, håt il futår is så a tamanya u nuss. Bring it up here, talla'u hina fôq. Bring it out, talla'u barra. Tell him to bring it at once, qul-lu yegibu hålan. Bring it in, dakhkhalu gåwa, I will bring them to you, ana agibhím lak.

Broad, 'arîd, pl. 'urâd.

Broken, maksûr.

Broker, simsår, pl. samasra. Brooch, berûsh, pl. berûshât.

- Broom, meqashsha.

naffad, masah (a). Brute, râgil gabbâr.

Bucket, gardal, pl. garâdil.

Buffalo, gâmûsa, pl. gawâmîs.

Bug, baqqa, pl. baqq.

Build, bana (i).

Building, binâya, bunyân.

Bull, tôr, pl. tirân.

Bullet, rușâșa.

3/L " gerdel

Burn, v. haraq (a). His house has been burned down, bêtu inharaq.

2) L tink. forca (ugl. fr. brone)

Burst, v.i., infaqa.

Bury, dafan (i).

Business, shughl. It is not my business, mush shughli.

Busy, mashghûl. I am busy, 'andî shughl, mush fâdî.

But, lâkin. But for this man, lôla r râgil da.

Butcher, gazzâr.

Butler, sufragî, pl. sufragîya.

Butt-end (of gun), kurnâfa.

Butter, zibda.

Button, zirr, pl. zirâr.

- Buy, ishtara. *I bought*, ishtarêt, *I want to buy an umbrella* —some scarabs, 'auz ashtiri shamsîya—kam<sup>1</sup> gurân.
- By, bi. By day, bi n nahâr. By night, bi 1 lêl. They sell it by the oke, yebî ûh bi 1 wiqqa. By post, bi 1 buşta, By this time, li hadde dilwaqt. By whom was it built ? min banâh ? By the life of the Prophet, wi hyât in Nabî. By-and-by, ba de shuwaiya.

Cab, 'arabîya. Cabbage, kurumb. Cabin, qamara, ôda, pl. uwad. Cage, qafaş, pl. iqfâş. Cairene, maşrî, pl. maşarwa. Cairo, maşr, fl. Cake, kahk, kêk. Calculate, hasab (i). We must

<sup>1</sup> Kam, meaning some, a few, is followed by a noun in the singular.

calculate the expenses before going, qabl is safar lâzim neshûf il maşarîf ha tekûn qadde êh.

Calf, 'igl.

Calico, bafta.

Caliph, khalifa, pl. khulafa.

Call, nadah (a). Call hirs, indah lu. Call the servant, indah il khaddåm. Call me at seven o'clock, sahhini is så'a sab'a. What do you call this in Arabic? ismu êh da bi l'arabî? To call on (visit), zâr (û).

Camel, gamal, pl. gimâl. Camel's hair, sûf ig gamal.

Camel-driver, gammâl.

Camphor, kafûr.

Can, s. safîha, pl. safâyih.

Can, v. qidir (a). Can we go in here? niqdar nekhushshe hina? Can you read and write? tiraf tiqra u tiktib?

Canal, tira, pl. tira; (smal.) ganâya.

Candle, sham'a, pl. sham'.

Candlestick, sham'idân, pl. sham'idânât.

Cane, khazarâna.

Cannon, madfa', pl. madafi.

Canvas, khêsh.

Cap, țaqîya, pl. țawâqî.

Capitulations, imtiyazat.

Captain, qabudân.

Card (visiting), karte fezît; (playing)waraqli'b,kunshîna.

Care. Take care of the luggage, khallî bâlak min il afsh.

Carpenter, naggår.

Carpet, siggâda, pl. sagâgîd. The procession of the holy carpet, il mahmal.

Carriage, 'arabîya.

Carrot, gazara, pl. gazar.

Carry, shâl (î).

Cart, karrô. Cartridge, kharţûsha, pl. kha-

râtîsh. Case (action), qadîya, pl. qadîyât, qadâya.

Cashier, sarrâf.

Castle, gasr, pl. gusûr.

Castor-oil, zêt kharwa'.

Cat, qutt, qutta, pl. qutat.

Cataract, shallâl, pl. shallâlât.

Catch, misik (i). I have caught cold, khadte bard.

Cattle, bahâyim.

Cauliflower, qarnabîța, pl. qarnabîț.

Cause, s. sabab, pl. isbâb.

Cave, maghâra.

Cease, battal.

Ceiling, saqf, pl. suqûfa.

Cellar, makhzan, *pl.* makhâzin. Cemetery, qarâfa, *pl.* maqbara. Certain (convinced), mit'akkid.

For certain, bi kulle ta'kîd.

Certificate, shihâda.

Cess-pool, magrûr.

Chain, ganzîr, pl. ganâzîr, Watch chain, katîna.

Chair, kursî, rl. karâsî.

Chalk, s. tabâshîr.

- Chamber (of gun), rûh, pl. irwâh.
- Chance, sudfa. By chance, bi s sudfa. We must take our chance, ihna we bakhtina.
- Change, s. Small change, fakka; v. ghaiyar. I must change my clothes, lâzim aghaiyar hidûmî. Change me a sovereign, isrîf li ginêh.
- Character, khulq. He is a bad character, huwa râgil shaqî.

Charcoal, fahme baladî.

- Charge (accuse), taham (i). Charged with theft, mathûm bi sirqa. Charge it to his account, qaiyidu 'ala hisâbu huwa.
- Chat, ithaddit, dardish. They were chatting together all day, kânu beyithadditu waiya ba'd tûl in nahâr.
- Cheap, rikhîs, pl. rukhâs. Cheaper, arkhas.
- Cheat, v. ghashsh (i).
- Cheek, khadd, pl. khidud.
- Cheese, gibna.
- Chemist, agzagî.
- Cheque, shakk, pl. shakkât.
- Chess, shatrang, satrang.
- Chest (breast), sidr; (of drawers) burrôh.
- Chestnut, abu farwa, kastâna.

Chicken, katkût, pl. katâkît.

Chief, raiyis, pl. ruasa. Chief engineer, bâshmehandiz. Child, walad, pl. aulad, wilad.

- Chimney, madkhana, pl. madâkhin.
- China. Is Sîn ; sînî.
- Chinese, sînî.
- Chisel, mingâr.
- Chocolate, shukulâta.
- Choice. Take your choice, khud illi vi'gibak.
- Cholera, kulêra, hawa asfar.
- Choose, naggâ.
- Chop, kustilêta.
- Christ. Il Masîh.
- Christian, nusrânî, pl. nasâra.
- Christmas, 'îd il mîlâd.
- Church, kinîsa, *pl.* kanâvis. *He has gone to church*, râh il kinîsa.
- Cigarette, sigâra, pl. sagâyir.

Ciment, ismint.

Circle, daira.

- Circular (note), manshur.
- Citadel, gal'a.
- City, balad (f.), pl. bilad.
- Claw, s. dufr, pl. dawâfir.
- Clean, a. nidîf, pl. nudâf; v. naddaf. Why haven't you cleaned my boots? lêh ma naddaftish gazmitî?
- Clear, a. râyiq; v. To clear away the table, shâl is sufra.

Clerk, kâtib, pl. kutaba.

Clever (of persons), shâțir, pl. shuțțâr, shațrîn; gada, pl. gid'ân.

Climb, ishsha'bat 'ala. Cloak, s. burnus.

Clock,	sa'a	. 1	t is	: 01	ne,	two
o'cloch	k. is	sâ'a	wah	da,	itr	nên.

Close (near), quraiyib. It is very close weather, il hawa maktûm qawî.

Cloth, gûkh.

68

Clothes, hidûm.

Cloud, ghêma, pl. ghêm.

Clover, bersim.

Clumsy (untutored), ghashîm, pl. ghushm.

Coal, fahm.

Coarse, khishin.

Coat, sitra, pl. sitrat, sitar.

- Cock, dîk, pl. diyûk; v. To cock a pistol, rafa' (a) zinâd it țabanga.
- Cockroach, sirsâra, pl. sirsâr, sarâsîr.
- Code, qanûn, pl. qawânîn.
- Coffee, qahwa. Bring a cup of coffee without sugar, hât fingân gahwa sâda.
- Coin, 'umla. Old coins, 'umla gadîma.
- Cold, s. bard; a. bârid (of things), bardân (of persons). It is cold, id dinya bard.

Colic, maghas.

- Collar, yâqa; (for horses) raqabîva.
- Collect, gama' (a), lamm (i).

Colloquial, darig.

Colonel, mîr alây.

Colour, lôn, pl. ilwân.

Comb, misht; v. (a horse), țammar.

- Come, ga, gih. He didn't come, ma gâsh. Come here, ta'âla hina. He came up, țili' fôq. He came down, nizil. Come a little nearer, qarrab shuwaiya. I have come to fetch it, ana gêt agîbu.
- Command, s. amr, pl. umûr. By the King's command, bi amr il Malik; v. amar (u).

Commandant, hikimdâr.

Commerce, tigâra.

- Commercial, tigârî.
- Common, 'umumî, wardinârî. Common stuff, qumâsh wardinârî. Common people, il 'awâm.
- Commons. House of Commons, maglis in nuwâb.

Companion, zimîl, *pl.* zumala, zimla.

Complain, ishtaka.

Complaint, shakwa.

- Complete, a. tamâm; v. kammil.
- Compose (book), allif.

Concord, ittihâd.

- Condemn, hakam (u) 'ala. He was condemned to two years imprisonment, hakamû 'alêh bi sanatên habs.
- Condition, hâl, hâla; shart, pl. shurût. On condition that he come, bi shart innu yigî.

Conduct, s. sêr, silûk ; v. waddâ. Confess, qarr (i).

DEG

Confuse, lakhbat.

Confusion, lakhbata. Congratulation. My congratulations, mabrûk, mebârak. Conjuror, hâwî. Conquer, ghalab (i). Conscience, zimma. Upon my conscience. bi zimmitî. Consecutively, wara ba'd. Consent, rîdi (a), qibil (a). He doesn't consent, ma yirdâsh. Consign to, sallim li. Consul, qunsul. pl. qanâsil. Consul-General, gininar. Consult, shawir. Consumption (disease), sill. Content, a. mabsût. Contract, s. megaula, kuntrâtu; v. 'amal (i) kuntrâtu. Contractor, megâwil. Contradict, khâlif. Contrary to, didd. On the contrary, bi l'aks. Cook, s. tabbakh; v. tabakh (u). Cool (weather), tarâwa. Copper, nahâs. Copt, Qibtî. Copts, Iqbât. Cork, (stopper), tabba. Corkscrew, barrîma. Corn, ghalla. Corner, rukn, pl. irkân. Cornice, kurnêsh. Corpse, gitta, pl. gitat. Correct, mazbût, sahîh. Corvee, sukhra. Cost, s. taman ; v. kallif. How much does it cost? yikallif qadde êh?

Cotton, qutn.

Cough, s. kuhha; v. kahh (u).

Count (add up), 'add (i). Count your money, 'idde fulûsak.

Country, bilâd, rîf, pl. iryâf. In the country, fi l iryâf.

Courage, gasâra.

- Court, s. (of justice) mahkama, pl. mahâkim. The Mixed Courts, il mahâkim il mukhtalita, il mukhtalat.
- Cousin, ibne 'amm, f. binte 'amm. *His cousin*, ibne 'ammu.
- Cover, s. ghațâ (m), pl. ghutyân; v. ghațța. Cover it up, ghațțî 'alêh.

Covetous, tamma'.

Cow, baqara, pl. baqar.

Coward, gabân.

Crab, abu galambu.

Cream, qishta.

Crime, ginâya.

Crockery, fukhkhâr.

Crocodile, timsâh, pl. tamâsîh. Crocodile skin, gild it timsâh.

Crooked, ma'ûg.

Cross, s. salib; v. (pass over'

Crow, s. ghurâb, pl. ighriba.

Crowd, s. zahma.

Crown, s. tâg, pl. tîgân.

Cruel, gabbâr.

Crush, daqq. His foot was crushed, rig!u nharasit.

Cry (shout) za"aq, (weep) 'aiyat; s. şarkha, zi"îq.

Cube (cubic), meka"ab. Cucumber, khiyâra, pl. khiyâr. Cultivator, fallâh, mezâri'. Cup, fingân, pl. fanâgîn. Cupboard, dulâb, pl. dawâlib. Curtain, sitâra, pl. satâyir. Cushion, mekhadda. Custom, 'âda. Custom-house, gumruk, pl. gamârik. Cut, v. qața (a), qaşî (u). Cutlet, kustilêta.

Dagger, khangar, pl. khanâgir. Daily, yômî, kulle yôm.

Dam, s. sadd, pl. sidûd; v. sadd (i).

Damage, s. darar ; v. darr (u). Damietta, Dumyât.

Damp, rutûba.

70

Dance, s. raqs, ballu; v. raqas(u).

- Dancer (male), khawal, pl. khawalât; (female) ghazya, pl. ghawâzî.
- Danger, khatar. There is no danger, ma fish khatar.
- Dark, 'atma, dalma. *It was* perfectly dark, id dinya kânit dalma khâlis.

Date, tarîkh; (*fruit*) balah; (*palm*) nakhla, *pl*. nakhl.

Daughter, bint, pl. banât.

Dawn, fagr. We must start at dawn, lâzim neqûm fi l fagr.

Day, yôm, pl. iyâm, iyâm; nahâr. Some day, yôm min dôl. Two or three days, yômên talâta. By day, bi n nahâr. Day and night, yôm bi l lêl. All day, tâl il yôm. Every day, kulle yôm. Every other day, kulle yômên. On that day, yômha. The day we went to the Pyramids, yôm ma ruḥna l haram.

Dead, maiyit, mêyit.

Deaf, atrash, f. tarsha, pl. tursh. Dear, 'azîz, (costly) ghâlî.

Death, môt.

Debt, dên, pl. diyûn. In debt, madyûn. The Public Debt Department, sandûq id dên (il 'umûmî).

Deceive, ghashsh (i).

December, disambar.

Deck, kuwarta.

Decoration, zîna; (order), nishân.

Decrease, v.t. naqqas; v.i. niqis (a).

Decree, dikrêtu.

Deduct, qata' (a), istanzil.

Deed, 'amal, 'amalîya; (document) sanad, pl. sanadât.

Deep, ghawit.

Defendant (*at law*), mudda'a 'aleh, f. mudda'a 'alêha, pl. mudda'a 'alêhum.

Defect, 'êb, pl. 'iyûb.

Defend, dâfi' 'an.

- Degree, daraga. By degrees, 'ala t tadrig.
- Delay, s. ta'khîr; v.i. it'akhkhar, 'auwaq. Don't delay, ma t'auwaqsh, tigî min ghêr

ta'khîr. The train was delayed, il wabûr it'akhkhar.

Deliver, sallim.

Delta, Id Delta.

Demand, s. talab, pl. talabât; v. talab (u). You demand too much, betutlub ketîr.

Dentist, hakîm sinân.

- Deny, nakar (i). *He denies* that you gave it him, yeqûl ma ddêtu luhsh.
- Depart, 1âh (û), qâm (û), sâfir.

Departure, qiyâm.

Depth, ghût.

Dervish, darwish, pl. darawish.

Descend, nizil (i).

- Desert, s. khala.
- Deserve, istihaqq, istâhil. You don't deserve a piastre, ma tistâhilshe wala qirsh.
- Destroy, kharab (i).
- Devil, ablîs, shêţân, pl. shayâtîn.
- Dialect, laghwa.
- Diamond, almâza, pl. almâz.
- Diarrhœa, is-hâl.

Dictionary qâmûs, pl. qawâmîs.

Die, v. mât (û).

Difference, farq.

- Different, bashqa. That is a different kind, da ginse tânî.
- Difficult, tiqîl, pl. tuqâl, sab. Arabic is very difficult, il 'arabî şabe qawî.

Dig, fahat (a).

Dine, it'ashsha. I am dining

out to-night, ha t'ashsha barra 1 lêla.

Dining-room, udt is sufra.

- Dinner, 'asha. Dinner time, waqt il 'asha.
- Direct. a. dughrî ; 'ala tûl.
- Direction, giha. In which direc-
- tion did he go? râh fi anî giha?

Directly, hâlan.

Director, mudîr.

Dirt, wasâkha.

Dirty, a. wisikh; v. wassakh. Be dirtied, itwassakh.

Disagree, ikhtalaf.

- Disappear. He has completely disappeared, ghutus ma bansh.
- Disbelieve, ma saddaqshe. Do you disbelieve my statement? ma tsaddaqshe kalâmî?

Discontented, mush mabsût.

Disease, 'ayâ (m).

- Disembark, nizil min il markib (or il wabûr).
- Disgraceful, 'êb. It is disgraceful of you! harâm 'alêk !

Dish, sahn, pl. suhûn. ~ i shan, d. Izy

Dismiss, tarad (u).

Disobedient, 'âsî.

Disorder, lakhbata.

- Distance, mesâfa. What is the distance from here to -? il
- mesâfa qadde êh min hina li — ?

Dive. ghutus (a).

Divorce, s. talâq; v. tallaq.

Do, 'amal (i). That will do, bi zyâda kede, kuwaiyis kede. Don't come with us, ma tgîsh waiyâna. What are you doing ? beti'mil êh? This won't do, ma yişahhish.

Doctor, hakîm, pl. hukama. Dog, kalb, pl. kilâb. Son of a

dog, ibn il kalb. Dog-cart, dukkâr, pl. dukkârât or dakâkîr.

Donkey, himâr, pl. himîr. Donkey-boy, hammâr, pl. hammâra.

Door, bab, pl. ibwab.

Doorkeeper, bauwâb.

Double, migwiz.

72

Doubt, s. shakk. I have doubts, 'andî shakk.

Dough, 'agîn.

Down, taht. To come down, nizil (i).

Dragoman, turgumân, pl. taragma.

Drain, s. masraf; ballâ'a.

Draw, v. (pull, &c.), sahab (a), garr (u); (sketch), rasam (i).

Drawer, durg, pl. durug.

Drawers, libâs.

Drawing-room, sâla.

Dress, s. libs, tôb; v.t. labbis; v.i. libis (i).

Dressmaker, khaiyâta.

Drink, s. shurb; v. shirib (a). *He drinks too much*, yishrab ketîr. Drive, v.t. sâq (û). He has gone out driving, rikib (a).

Driver, sauwâq, 'arbagî, pl. 'arbagîya.

Dromedary, hagîn.

Drop, s. nuqta, pl. nuqat; v. (let fall), waqqa. I have dropped a pencil, wiqi'i minnî qalam. He dropped down dead, wiqi' mêyit.

Drown, v.t. gharraq; v.i. ghiriq (a).

Drum, tabla, darabukka.

Drunk, sakrân.

Dry, a. nâshif; v.t. nashshif. Get dry, nishif (a).

Duck, batta, pl. batt.

Due, a. mistihaqq. Dues, ru-

Dumb, akhras, f. kharsa, pl. khurs.

During, fî, fi muddit.

Dust, turâb, 'ufâr; v. naffad.

Duty, wazîfa. *It is my duty*, waziftî; (*customs*) rasm, gumruk.

Dwarf, quz'a, pl. quza.

Dye, v. sabagh (u).

Dyer, sabbâgh.

Each, kulle wahid. They struck each other, darabu ba'd. Give them two piastres each, iddî quirshên li kulle wâhid minhum.

DFG

<sup>1</sup> Literally, fell from me a pencil.

Eagle, nisr, pl. nisûr. Ear, widn, pl. widân. Early, badrî. It is early yet, lissa badrî. Earn. How much do you earn a day? betiksab kâm fi 1 vôm? Earth, ard, f. Earthenware, fukhkhâr. Earthquake, zilzila. Ease, suhûla. Easily, bi suhûla. East, s. sharq; a. sharqî. East of the town, sharqi l balad. Easy, sâhil. Easier, as-hal. Eat, akal, kal (u). See § 30. Economise, waffar. I want to economise, biddî awaffar. Edge, harf. Edible, yittâkil, f. tittâkil, pl. vittaklû. Eel, garmût. Effect, s. ta'sir. Egg, bêda, pl. bêd. Egypt, masr (f.), barre masr. Upper Egypt, is si'id. Egyptian, masrî, pl. maşriyîn, masarwa (as s.). Eight, tamanya, taman, tamant,<sup>1</sup> 800, tumnemîya. Eighteen, tamantåshar. Eighth, tâmin. Eighty, tamanîn. Either, au. Either this or that, ya dih ya dih. 1 don't want either these or those, mush 'auz dôl wala dôl. Either will do, litnên kuwaiyisin. Elbow, kû'.

Electric, kahrabâ'î.

Electricity, kahraba.

Elephant, fîl.

Elevation, irtifâ'.

Eleven, hidâshar.

- Else, tânî, kamân, ghêru (so gherha, gherhum, &c.). I don't want anything else, mush 'auz hâga tanya.
- Elsewhere, fi matrah tânî.

Embroider, tarraz.

Employ, khaddim.

- Employed, mistakhdim.
- Empty, a. fârigh, fâdî; v. farragh. Empty it into the jug, farraghu fi l ibrîq.
- End, s. tarf, åkhir. At the end of the day, fi åkhir il yôm.

Enemy, 'adû, pl. a'da.

- Engine, wabûr, mâkina.
- England, bilâd il Inglîz.
- English, inglîz, inglîzî. The English, il inglîz.
- Enjoy, imbasat min. Did you enjoy yourself? imbasatt?

Enough, bi zyâda. That is enough, yikaffî, bass.

Enter, khashsh (u).

Entry, dukhûl.

Envelope, s. zarf, pl. zuruf.

Envy, s. hasad ; v. hasad (i).

<sup>1</sup> See §§ 20, 21.

Equal, a. misâwî ; v. sâwa.

Errand, mishwâr, pl. mashâwîr. I am going to send you on an errand, rah ashêya'ak mishwâr.

Escape, s. hurûb; v. escape from, harab (a) min.

Eucalyptus (sagar), kafûr.

Europe, bilâd il ifrang, Urubba.

European, rubbâwî, ifrangî.

Even, ad. hatta; a. mauzûn.

Evening, 'ashîya.

74

Every, kull. Every one, kulle wâhid. Everything, kulle shê. Everywhere, fi kulle matrah.

Evidence, shihâda.

Evident, zahir.

- Evidently, zâhir, bêyin. He is evidently ill, bêyin 'alêh 'aiyân.
- Evil, s. sharr ; a. battâl.

Exactly, tamâm.

- Example, masal. For example, masal, masalan.
- Excellent, 'azîm, 'âl.
- Except, illa. They all went except me, kulluhum râhu basse ana ma ruhtish.
- Excursion, mishwâr, pl. mashâwîr.

Excusable, ma'zûr.

Excuse, s. 'uzr. Excuse me, il 'afw, ma t'âkhiznîsh. I have an excuse, ana ma'zûr, 'andî 'uzr. Exhibit, 'arad (i., u.). Existing, maugud. Expenses, masarif. Expert, khabir. Explain, fassar.

Explanation, tafsir.

Exports, sâdirât.

Express train, wabûr iksibriss.

Extra, ziyâda, (*duplicate*) ruzbît.

- Extraordinary, gharîb, fôq il 'âda. What an extraordinary thing ! shê gharîb !
- Eye, 'ên (f.), pl. 'ênên,<sup>1</sup> iyûn. The evil eye, 'ên, hasad. Keep an eye on it, khallî bâlak (or 'ênak) minnu.

Fable, hikâya.

Face, s. wishsh, pl. wishush.

Fact, haqîqa, pl. haqâ'iq.

Fail, khâb (î).

Faint, ghimî (a) 'alêh, dâkh (û). *I fainted*, ghimi 'alêya, dukht. *She fainted*, ghimi 'alêha, dâkhit.

Fair, s. mûlid, pl. mawâlid.

Faithful, sâdiq, amîn. The Faithful, il mu'minîn.

Fall, v. wiqi', waqa' (a). Mind you don't fall, û'â tûqa'.

False, (of persons), kaddâb, zûr; (of things) zûr. False evidence. shihâda zur.

....

**DFG** 

<sup>1</sup> See § 21.

ersitäts- und Landesbibliothek Sachsen-Anhalt

ther broom. rish.

Family, 'êla. Feast. 'id. Famous, mashhur. Feather, rîsha, pl. rîsh. Fan, s. marwaha, pl. marâwih. Fanatic, mit'assab. February, fibrâyir. Fanaticism, ta'assub. Far, bi'id. How far from here? gadde êh bi'îd min hina? Fare, ugra, pl. ugar. What is the fare there and back? kâm il ugra râyih gây? Farm, shiflik, ab'adîya. Fashion, môda. Fast, s. sôm; ad. gawâm; v. şâm (û). Go fast, girî (i), râh qawâm, ista'gil. Your watch is too fast, sa'tak mitqaddima. We walked fast, mishîna bi 1 'agal. I don't want to go fast, mush 'auz asta'gil ketîr. Fasten, rabat (u). Fat, s. dihn; a. simin, pl. sumân. To grow fat, simin (a). Fate, gisma, gadar. Father, abb, pl. abahât. My father, abûya. His father, abûh. Fault, ghalta, (sin) 'êb. It is my fault, your fault, il haqqe 'alêya, 'alêk. Favour. Do me the favour, i'mil ma'rûf. Fear, s. khôf; v. khâf (â). Ow-

ing to his fear of them, min khôfu minhum. He fears you, yekhâf minnak.

F

E.e

Fee, ugra; rasm, pl. rusûm. Feed, wakkil. Feel, hass (i). I felt something, hassêt bi hâga. Fellow, gada', pl. gid'an; ragil, pl. riggâla. Female, nitâya. Ferry, ma'addîya. Fetch, gâb (î). Fetch it here. hâtu hina. Fever, himma, sukhunîya. Few, galîl, gulaiyil, shuwaiya, kâm. Bringa few glasses, cups, hât kam kubbâya, fingân.<sup>1</sup> Fez, tarbûsh, pl. tarâbîsh. Field, ghêt, pl. ghitân. Fifteen, khamastâshar. Fifth, khâmis. Fifty, khamsîn. Fig, tîna, pl. tîn. Fight, s. khinaqa; v. khaniq; itkhâniq waiya. File, s. mabrad. Fill, mala (a). Finance. Ministry of Finance, il mâlîva.

Find, v. lagâ. Where did you find it? lagêtu fên? I can't find it, mush lâqîh.

Fine, s. gharâma; a. (thin) rufaiya; (not coarse) fînu.

<sup>1</sup> The singular, not the plural, is used after kâm.

Fea-

Finger, subâ', pl. sawâbi'. Fog, shabûra. Finish, khallas. Finished, kha-To be finished, khuluş lâs. (a). When will it be finished? vikhlas emta? Fire, nâr (f.). To light a fire, Food, akl. walla' nâr. Firm, a. sâbit, gâmid. First. auwil. auwilânî. At first, fi 1 auwil. The first time, auwil nôba, in nôba l auwilânîya. Fish, samaka, pl. samak. Fishhook, sinnâra. Fisherman, saiyâd, sêyâd. Forage, 'aliq. Fishmonger, sammåk. Fit, v. It doesn't fit you, ma zûr. vegîsh 'alêk. Five, khamsa. Fix, sabbit, rakkib. Flag, bundêra, pl. banâdîr. Flannel, fanella. Flat, s. (storey), dôr, pl. idwâr: a. mebattat. Flea, barghût, pl. barâghît. Fleet, s. dunanma. Flesh, lahm. Fort, tubya. Flint (of gun), shatfa. Float, s. 'awâma ; v. 'âm (û). gum'itên. Flood, sêl. Nile flood, nîl. Forty, arbê'în. Floor, ardîya. Flour, diqîq. Flower, zahr, pl. zuhûr. **Fly**, s. dibbâna, têra ; v. târ (î). Fly-whisk, minashsha.

76

Fold. v. tabbag. Follow, mishî wara. Why do you follow me? timshî (or tigî) warâya lêh? Fool, magnûn, 'abît, pl. 'ubata. Foot, rigl (f.), pl. riglên. For, 'alashân, 'ashân, liagl. For me, 'alashânî. What for? 'alashân êh? I haven't seen him for an age, baqâlî mudda ma shuftûsh. For he hasn't gone, leinnu ma rahsh. Force, quwa. By force, bi z Ford, v. khauwad. Forehead, qura. Foreign, gharîb. Foreigner, gharîb, pl. ghurb. Forge (falsify), zauwar. Forget, nisî (a). Fork, shôka, pl. shuwak. Form, s. shikl. Forman, meqaddim. Fortnight, khamaståshar yôm, Forward, guddâm. Fountain, sibîl. Four, arba'a, arba't.1 Fourth, s. rub', pl. irba'; a. rabi'. Fowl, farkha, pl. firâkh,

<sup>1</sup> See §§ 20, 21.

Fox, ta'lab, pl. ta'âlib. Franc, frank, pl. frankât. Fraud, ghishsh. Fraudulent (person), ghashshâsh. Free, a. hurr: (without charge), min ghêr filûs. Freedom, hurrîya. Freight, naulûn, naql. French, fransâwî. Fresh, tâza (indeclinable). Friday, yôm ig gum'a. Friend, sâhib, pl. ishâb. Frighten, khauwif. Frog, dufda'a, pl. dufda'. From. min. Front. In front, guddâm. Shirt front, sîdr il qamîs. Fruit, frûta. Fry, qalâ (î). Full, malyân. Funeral, ginâza. Fur, farwa. Furniture, mubilyat.

Gain, v. kisib (a).
Gallop, ramah (a) (bi l huşân).
Game (play), lib.
Garden, ginêna, pl. ganâxin.
Gardener, ganaynî, pl. ganaynîya.
Gargle, v. gharghar.
Garlic, tôm.
Gas, nafas, gâz.
Gate, bâb, pl. ibwâb, bauwâba.
Gay, farhân.

General, s. gininâr; a. 'umûmî. Gentleman, afandî, râgil me-'addab.

Geraniums, garunya.

German, almânî.

Germany, Almanya.

- Get (bring), gâb (î). Get yourself a chair, khud lak kursî. Get up, qûm, qûm 'ala hêlak. To get well, khaff. We got them to change it, khallênâhum yighaiyarûb. Get out, itla. To get off one's horse, nizil min 'ala huşânu.
- Ghost, khiyâl, *pl*. khiyâlât. Giant, 'ôn.
- Giddy. Get giddy, dâkh (û). I am giddy, dukht.

Gift, hidîya.

Gilt, medahhab.

Ginger, ganzabîl.

- Gipsy, ghagarî, pl. ghagar.
- Girdle, hizâm, pl. ihzima.
- Girl, bint, banât.
- Give, iddâ (î). *I have given up* smoking, bațțalte (shurb) id dukhkhân.
- Glad, farhân, mabsût. *I am* glad to hare seen you, ana mabsût illi shuftak.

Glass, qizâz; kubbâya. A glass of wine, kubbâyit nibît. A wineglass, kubbâya betâ in nibît.

Glazier, qimarâtî, pl. qimarâtîya.

Gloves, guwanti. Glue, s. ghira,

Go, râh, rauwah. He has gone home, râh il bêt. Where have they gone? râhû fên ? Go avay, imshî ; (to a bengar) allah yihannin 'alêk.<sup>1</sup> To go out or up, țili' (a). To go down, nizil (i). The pistol went off, iț țabanga țaqqit. I must go (take leave), lâzim asta'zin, atwakkil.

Goat, miza, pl. miiz.

78

- God, Allah, Alla. By God, w Allah, w Allâhî. A god, ilâh. Gold, dahab. A gold watch,
- sa'a dahab. Good, a. taiyib. Good morning, nahârak sa'îd. Good evening, good night, leltak sa'îda. Good-bye, ma' is salâma. Very good! taiyib, hâdir! s. That's no good, da ma yinfa'sh. What's the good? `éh il fayda? It will do you good, yefîdak. A good lot, shuwaiya kbîra. Be so good, i'mil ma'rûf, min fadlak.

Goose, wizza, pl. wizz. Gospel, angîl.

Government, hukûma.

Governor, mehâfiz.

Governorate, mehafza.

Gown, quftân, gallâbîya, pl. galâlîb.

Gradually, shuwaiya shuwaiya, bi t tadrîg. Graft, ta'am.

Grain, habba (used also for a small quantity of anything, as habbit moiya).

Grammar, agrumîya.

Granddaughter, bint ibnu, binte bintu, bint ibníha, &c.

Grandees, nâs kubârât.

Grandfather, gidd. Grandmother, sitt.

Grandson, ibneibnu, ibne bintu,

Grapes, 'inab. [&c.

Grass, hashîsh.

Gratis, balâsh.

Grave, turba, pl. turab.

Grease, shahm.

Great, kibîr, kebîr, pl. kubâr.

Greece, bilâd ir rûm.

Greek, rûmî, igrîgî. The Greeks, il irwâm.

Green, akhdar, f. khadra, pl. khudr.

Greet, sallim 'ala.

Grey, rumâdî.

Grief, huzn.

Grind, daqq (u).

Grocer, baqqâl.

Ground, ard. Put it on the ground, huttu filard. Ground floor, dör tahtånî. On the ground floor, fi d dôr it tahtânî. Above ground, fôq wishsh il ard.

Grow, țili (a). To grow up, kibir (a).

<sup>1</sup> Literally, God cause compassion to be had on you.

damâna; Guarantee, s. v. daman (a). Guest, dêf, pl. diyûf. Guide, s. dalîl. Guilty, gânî. Gum, samgh; (of teeth) lahm (is sinân). Gun, bunduqîya, pl. banâdiq. Gunsmith, tufakshî, pl. tufakshîva. Gypsum, gibs. Haberdasher, khurdagî. Habit (custom), 'âda. Hair, sha'r. Half, nuss, pl. insâs. Half an hour, nusse sa'a. Ham, gambôn. Hammer, shakûsh, qadûm. Hand, id, pl. idên;1 (of clock) 'aqrab ('aqârib); v. nâwil. Handkerchief, mandîl, pl. manâdîl. Handle, id, widn, pl. widan; (of a door) ukra, pl. ukar. Handwriting, khatt. Hang, 'allaq; (execute) shanaq (u). Happen, hasal (i), garâ (a). What has happened to you? garâ lak êh? Happy, mabsût. A happy new year to you, kulle sana w 1 See § 21. <sup>2</sup> The same expressions are used at Bairam.

inta taivib. (Reply, kulle 'âm w inta bikhêr).<sup>2</sup>

Harbour, mîna.

Hard (firm), nashif, gamid.

Hare, arnab, pl. arânib.

Harm, s. darar; v. darr (u). It won't do any harm, ma vedurrish. There's no harm done, haşal khêr.

Harness, s. taqm; v. 'allaq.

Haste, s. 'agal. To make haste, ista'gil.

Hat, burnêta, pl. barânît.

Hatchet, balta, pl. bulat.

Hate, v. karah (a), kirih.

Have. Have you a pencil? 'andak galam rusâs ? I have a very good horse, 'andî husân kuwaiyis qawî. I haven't any at all, ma 'andîsh abadan.

Hay, dirîs.

He, huwa, hûwa.

Head, râs (f.), pl. rûs. Heads or tails? turra walla yaz? At the English headquarters, fi karakôn il inglîz.

Heal, v.i. tâb (î), khaff (i).

- Health, sihha, sahha. In perfect health, fi ghayt is sihha. The Board of Health, maslaht iş şihha.
- Heap, s. kôm, pl. ikwâm; v. kauwim. Put them in a heap, kauwimhum kôm.

Hear, simi' (a). Heart, galb. Heat, s. harr, harâra ; v. sakhkhan. Heaven, il ganna. Heavy, teqîl, pl. tuqâl. Heel, ka'b. Height, irtifa'. Heir, wâris, pl. warasa. Hell, gahannam. Helm, daffa. Help, s. misa'da; v. sâ'id. He helped him, sa'du. He helped her, sa'idha. Help! help! gây! gây! Hen, farkha, pl. firâkh. Here, hina. Here 1 am. adini. Hide, v.t. khabbâ; v.i. istikhabba. Jigh, 'âlî. Hill, tall, gabal, pl. gibâl. Himself, huwa nafsu, huwa bi 'ênu. Hind, a. warrânî. Hinder, v. hâsh (û), mana' (a). Hinge, s. mefassala. Hire, s. kira, ugra; v. aggar. To take on hire, khad bi 1 ugra, ista'gar. Hit, darab (a). Hitherto, li hadde dilwagt. Hold, s. (of ship) 'anbar; v. misik. To hold back, hash (û). Hold the day back, hush il

80

kalb. Hold your tongue, ikhras.

Hole, khurm, pl. khurum; hufra,

pl. hufar. Make holes in. kharram. Holiday, yôm fusha. Home. He has gone home, râh il bêt. He is not at home, mush fi l bêt. Honest, amîn. Honesty, amâna. Honey, 'asal. Honevsuckle, shibrefâva. Honour, s. sharaf ; v. sharraf. Hood (of carriage), kabbût. Put down the hood, iksar il kabbût. Put up the hood, shîl il kabbût. Hoof, hâfir, pl. hawâfir. Hook, s. shankal, pl. shanâkil. Hope, s. /amal, 'asham. I hope he will come, in sha lla yigî. Horizontal, ufuqî. Horn, garn, pl. gurûn. Hornet, dabbûr, pl. dabâbîr. Horse, husân, pl. khêl. Hose (garden), khartûm. Hospital, isbitalya. Hot, sukhn, hâr. It is hot today, id dinya harr in naharda. llot water, moiya sukhna. Hotel, lukanda, khammâra. Hour, saa. Py the hour, bi s sâ'a.

House, bêt, pl. biyût.

How, izzêy. How much? kâm? How long? qadde êh? How many? kam wâhid (or wah-

da1)? How often? kam marra? How are you? izzêyak? How big is it? huwa gadde êh kebîr?

Hubble-bubble (*pipe*), shîsha. Humble, nafsu watya.

Humbug, ragil ghashshash.

- Hundred, miya, mît (when followed by a noun). I have told you a hundred times not to do this, qulti lak mît marra, ma ti milshe kede. There are 100. fi miya.
- Hunger, gû. They are dying of hunger, rah yemûtu min il gû.

Hungry, gi'an, ga'ân.

- Hurry, s. 'agal, isti'gâl. There is no hurry, ma fish isti'gâl; v.t. ista'gil, v.i. ista'gil. Hurry up, ista'gil, igrî, bi l 'agal, ikhlas.
- Hurt (see harm). Are you hurt? garâ lak hâga ?
- Husband, gôz, pl. igwâz.
- Hut, 'ishsha, pl. 'ishash.
- Hypocrite, râgil (or mara if a woman) bi wishshên.

I, ana. Ice, talg. Ice-chest, tallåga. Idiot, 'abît, pl. 'ubata. Idle, kaslån. If, iza, in, lau. If he has come, I will go, iza gih arûh. If he had come, lau gih. If he doesn't come, iza ma gâsh. If he hadn't come, lôla gih.

81

Ignorance, gahl.

Ignorant, gâhil.

Ill, 'aiyân. To get ill, 'iyi (a).

Illness, 'ayâ.

Immediately, hâlan.

Import, gâb (î) min bilâd barra.

Imports, wâridât.

Impossible, mush mumkin.

Imprison, habas (i).

In, fi, gûwa.

Inch, bûsa.

Inclusive. Inclusive of the drinks and everything, bi 1 mashrubat bi 1 kull.

Increase. v.a. zauwid, v.i. zâd (î). He increased his pay, zauwidu.

India, bilâd il hind.

- Indian, hindî. The Indians, il Hinûd.
- Inexperienced, ghashim, pl. ghushm.

Infidel, kafir, pl. kuffar.

Inform, khabbar.

Inhabitant, sâkin, pl. sukkân.

Inherit, waras (i).

Injure, darr (u).

Injury, darar.

Injustice, zulm.

Ink, hibr. In ink, bil hibr.

1 If the noun understood is feminine.

Inkstand, dawâva. Inn. khân, pl. khânât. Inner, gûwânî. Inquire (of some one about a thing), istafhim min wâhid 'an hâga. Inside, gûwa. Inspect, fattish. Inspector, mefattish. Instead of, bidal. Instead of your going, bidál ma trûh. Insurance, sukurtâh, damâna. Insure, sôgar, dimin (a). Intelligence, 'aql. Intelligent, 'âqil. Intention, gasd, niva. Interest (on money), fâ'iz, pl. fawâ'iz. Interpret, targim. Interpreter, metargim, turgumân, pl. taragma. Invent. ikhtara'. Invention, ikhtirå'. Invite, 'azam (i). Invoice, fatûra, pl. fawâtîr. Iron, hadîd. An iron gate, bâb hadid. Island, gizîra. It, huwa, f. hîya. He brought it, gâbu, gabha (if the object is f.). It is he who did it, huwa illî'amalu. It is I who went, ana illî ruht. Italian, talyânî.

82

Jacket, zaketta. Jam, mirabba. Japan, Yabân. Japanese, yabânî. Jerusalem, il Quds. Jew, yahûdî. The Jews, il vahûd. Jeweller, gûhargî, pl. gûhargîya. Jewels, gawâhir. Joke, s. dihk; v. dihik (a). Journey, safar. To go on a journey, sâfir. Joy, farah. Joyful, farhân. Judge, gâdî, pl. gudâh. Judgment, hukm, pl. ahkâm. Jug, abrîq, ibrîq, pl. abârîq. July, yulya. Jump, v. natt (u). June, vunya. Just, a. 'âdil; ad. tamâm. He has just gone, dilwaqte râh. Just so, tamâm kede. Justice, 'adl. Ministry of Justice, haqqânîya. Keep, hafad (a). Keep quiet, iskut sakit. Keep it with you, khallîh 'andak. Kettle, abrîq, pl. abârîq. Key, muftâh, pl. mafâtîh. Khedive, khidêwî. Kick, rafas (u), darab (a) bi r rigl. Kidney, kilwa, pl. kalâwî. Kill, mauwit.

Kind, s. gins, pl. ignas.

King, malik, pl. mulûk. The

King of England, malik il inglîz. Kiss, s. bûsa ; v. bâs (û). Kitchen, matbakh. Kite (bird), hiddâya; (plaything) taiyâra. Knee, rukba, pl. rukab. Kneel, birik (i). Knife, sikkîna, pl. sakâkîn. Pocket-knife, matwa. Knock, khabat (a). He knocked at the door, khabat 'ala 1 bab. Knot, s. 'uqda, pl. 'uqad. Know, 'irif (a). I don't know him, ma 'rafûsh. Do you know Arabic? ti'raf 'arabî? Knowledge, ma'rifa, 'ilm. Koran, il Qur'ân (ish sharîf 1). Labour, shughl, pl. ishghål. Labourer, shaghghâl. Lace, tantilla. Ladder, sillim. Lady, sitt, pl. sittat. Lake, birka, pl. birak. Lamb, kharûf, pl. khirfân. Lame, a'rag, f. 'arga, pl. 'urg. Lamp, lamba, pl. lambat or lumad. Land, ard (f.), pl. arâdî; v. nizil'ala l barr. Landlord, sahb il bêt, sahb il mâl. Language, lugha. Lantern, fanûs, pl. fawânîs.

Large, kibîr, pl. kubâr.

- Last, a. âkhir, akhrânî. The last house on your left, âkhir bêt ala shmâlak. Last month, ish shahr illî fât. Last year, is sana illî fâtit, 'amnauwil. v. istahmil. It won't last, ma yistahmilsh, ma yizmans (or, 270 if subject is f., ma tistahmilsh, &c.).
- Late, wakhrî. Why did you come so late? it'akhkharte kede lêh? It is too late now, il wagte râh.
- Laugh, dihik (a). Why do you laugh at him? betidhak alêh lêh ?

Law, gânûn, pl. gawânîn.

- Lawyer, abukâtu, *pl.* abukâtîva.
- Lay. To lay down, naiyim. To lay eggs, bâdit (tebîd).
- Lead, s. rusâs. A lead pencil, qalam rusâs; v. (as a horse) sahab (a).
- Leaf, waraqa, pl. waraq, waraqât; (of a book) wishsh, pl. wishûsh.

Leak, s. khararân; v. kharr (u). Learn, it'allim.

- Least, aqall. At least, bi 1 agall.
- Leave, s. izn. To take leave, ista'zin; v. sâb (î), fât (û).

1 The Holy.

Leave me alone, sibnî. Leave this letter with him, fût il gawâb da 'andu. We are ieaving to-morrow, mesafrîn bukra.

- Left, a. shimâl. Go, keep, to your left, shimâlak. Turn to your left, hauwid ala shmâlak.
- Leg, rigl (f.), pl. riglên, as riglên il husân, the horse's legs; (of mutton), fakhda.

Legal, qanûnî, shar'î.

- Leisure, fada. *I am not at leisure*, mush fâdî, ma 'andîsh fada.
- Lemon, lamûna, pl. lamûn.
- Lemonade, lamûnâda.
- Lend, sallif. Lend me, sallif li.
- Length, tûl.

84

- Lentils, 'ads.
- Less. Less than, agalle min.
- Lesson, dars, pl. dirûs.

Lest, lahsan.

- Let, khallâ; aggar. Let me go, khallînî arûh. He has let me a house, aggar lî bêt. Let us go, khallîna nrûh, qûm bina. Let it alone, sîbu.
- Letter, gawâb, pl. gawâbât; (of alphabet) harf, pl. hurûf.

Lettuce, khass.

Level, v. (land), qassab (il ard). Lever, 'atala.

Liar, kaddâb.

Library, kutubkhâna.

Lid, ghata (m.), pl. ghutyân.

- Lie, s. kidb. To tell lies, kidib (i); v. To lie down, nâm (â).
- Life, 'umr. I never saw him in my life, 'umrî ma shuftûsh.
- Lift, qâm (î), shâl (î) li fôq.
- Light, s. núr; a. (not heavy) khafif, pl. khufáf. It is light (not dark), id dinya núr; v. walla. Light a fire, walla nâr.
- Lighten. It's lightening, id dinya betibruq.

Lightning, barq.

Like, zêy. Like you, zêyak (so zêyu, zêyiha, &c.). To be like, shabah (i). They are like one another, yishbihu ba'd; v. habb (i). I don't like it, ma ahibbûsh, ma ahibbûhŝh, ma yi'gibnîsh, ma ti'gibnîsh.

Lime, gîr.

- Limit, s. hadd, pl. hudud.
- Line, khatt, pl. khutût.
- Linen, tîl.

Lining, butâna.

Linseed, bizre kittân.

Lion, sab, pl. subûa.

Lip, shiffa, pl. shifaf.

- Little, sughaiyar, qalil, shuwaiya. A little girl, binte sughaigara. Wait a little, istanna shwaiya.
- Live, 'âsh (î), sikin (u). Long may he live, yi'îsh. Where do you live? sâkin fên?

Liver, kibd.

Livery, taqm (rasmî).

Lizard, sihlîya.

Load, s. himl, pl. ilmâl; v. hammil; (a gun) 'ammar. That load is too heavy for your donkey. Take it off, il himle dih teqîl 'ala hmârak. Nazzilu (min 'alêh).

Loaf, righif, pl. irghifa.

- Lock, s. kâlûn, pl. kawâlîn; (of gun) zinâd; v. sakk (u). Don't lock the door, ma tsukkish il bâb. Some one has locked me in, wâhid sakke 'alêya.
- Locksmith, kawalînî, pl. kawalinîya.

London, Lundra, Lundura.

- Long, tawîl, pl. tuwâl. It is three metres long, tûlu talatt intâr. You have kept me waiting a long time, khallêtnî astanna ktîr.
- Look, v. başs. I looked from the window, başsêt mish<sup>1</sup> shibbâk. Look out ! û â, f. û î !
- Loom, nôl, pl. inwâl.
- Loose, sâyib, (slack) markhî.
- Loosen, rakhkha.

Lord, sîd, (God) Rabbina.

- Lose, daiya'. I have lost my watch, sa'tî râhit minnî. To lose one's way, tâh (û).
- Lot. A bad lot (rascal), ibne harâm.

- Loud, 'âlî. In a loud voice, bi sôt 'âlî.
- Love, s. hubb, mahabba; v. habb (i).
- Low, wâtî, (vulgar) dûn. Lower, autâ.

Lower, v. watta.

Luck, bakht.

- Lump, hitta. Coal in lumps, not dust, fahme khishin mush nâ'im.
- Lunch, s. ghada (m.); v. itghadda.

Lupine, tirmis.

Mad, magnûn, pl. magânîn. He has gone mad, itgannin. They drive me mad, yiganninûnî. Mad dog, kalbe maklûb.

Madness, ginân.

Magazine, makhzan.

Magic, sihr.

Mail, busta.

- Major, binbâshî, pl. binbâshîya.
- Make, 'amal (i). I made him run, khallêtu yigrî.

Male, dakar, pl. dukûr.

Mallet, duqmâq.

Mallows, khubbêza.

Maltese, Maltî.

Man, râgil, *pl.* riggâla. Be a man, khallîk râgil.

Manœuvres, minaurât. Manure, sibâkh, miska.

1 Contracted from min ish.

Manuscript, khatt. Many, kitîr, ketîr. Many people, nas ketîr. Map, kharta. Marble, rukhâm. March, s. (month) mars. Mare, faras, pl. ifrâs. Mark, s. 'alâma ; v. 'allim ala. Market, sûq, pl. iswâq. He has gone to market, rah is sûa. Marriage Marriage, gawâz. festival, farah. Married, miggauwiz. Marrow (vegetable) kûsa, (courge) gar'. Marry, gauwiz; (get married, be married to) iggauwiz. Mast, sârî, pl. şawârî. Master, s. sîd, pl. isyâd. Mat, hasîra, pl. husr. Match, kabrita, pl. kabrit. Matter, s. mas'ala. What's the matter? (il) khabar êh? What's the matter with you? mâ lak ? garâ lak êh ? There is nothing the matter, ma fish hâga. v. It doesn't matter, ma'lêsh (for mâ'alêsh), mush tahte khabar. Mattress, martaba, pl. marâtib. May, s. (month), mâyu; v. qidir (a). May I go? aqdar arûh? Meal, akla, akl. Mean, v. What do you mean? ya'nî êh? a. dûn.

86

Meaning, s. ma'nâ.

Means, tarîqa. Find some means, shuf lak tarîqa.

Measure, s. qiyâs; v. qâs (i). Measure it, qîsu. I haven't measured it, ma qistûsh.

Meat, lahm.

Mechanic, makinistî, pl. makinistîya.

Medicine, dawâ (m).

- Mediterranean, il bahr il abyad.
- Meet, v. qâbil, itqâbil waiya, When you meet him, lamma tqablu or lamma titqâbil waiyâh.

Meeting, meqabla, igtimâ'.

Melon, shammâma, pl. shammâm. Water-melon, baţţîkha, pl. baţţîkh.

Melt, v.t. dauwib, v.i. dâb (û).

Member, 'idû, pl. a'dâ.

Mend, v.t. sallah.

Mercury, zêbaq.

Merely, bass. Metal. ma'dan.

- Metre, mitr, pl. imtår.
- Middle, wust.

Midnight, nuss il lêl.

Mignonette, rizêda.

Military, 'askarî.

Milk, laban.

Milkman, labbân.

Million, malyûn, pl. malâyîn. Minaret, madna, pl. madâyin.

Mince, v. (mcat) faram (u).

Mind, s. bâl, v. Never mind, ma'alêsh. Mind / hâsib !

- Mine, pr. betâ'î, f. betahtî, pl. betû'i ; s. ma'dan, pl. ma-'âdin.
- Mineral, ma'danî. Mineral water, moiya ma'danîya.
- Ministry, dîwân, nizâra. Ministry of Finance, il mâlîya. Ministry of the Interior, id dakhliya. Ministry of Justice, il hâqqânîya. Ministry of Public Works, dîwân il ashghâl (or ishghâl). Ministry of Public Instruction, (dîwân) il ma'ârif.

Mint (herb), ni'na'.

Minute, diqîqa, pl. daqâyiq.

- Mirror, mirâya.
- Miserable, maskîn, *pl.* masâkîn, ghalbân.
- Miss, v. ma lihiqsh. I missed the train, ma lihiqtish il wabur.
- Mistake, s. ghalta. Make a mistake, ghulut, ghilit (a). You are mistaken, enta ghaltan.
- Mix, khalat (i), lakhbat.
- Mohammedan, muslim.
- Monastery, dêr, pl. idyâr.
- Monday, yôm litnên.
- Money, filûs. Money-changer, sarrâf.
- Monk, râhib, pl. ruhbân.
- Monkey, gird, pl. gurud.
- Month, shahr, pl. ishhur.
- Monthly, shahrî.
- Moon, qamr; (full) badr.

Moor, maghrabî. The Moors, il magharba.

Moor, v. rabat (u).

More, aktar, ziyâda.

- Moreover, kamân.
- Morning, subh. Good morning, nahûrak sa'îd. Early in the morning, is subh badrî.
- Mortar, mûna; (for pounding) hôn.
- Mortgage, v. rahan (a).
- Mosque, gâmi', pl. gawâmi'.
- Mosquito, namûsa, pl. namûs. Mosquito curtain, namusîya.
- Most, aktar, il aktar.
- Moth, 'itta. Moth-caten, mittâkil min il 'itta.
- Mother, umm.
- Mother-of-pearl, sadaf.
- Mound, kôm, pl. ikwâm.
- Mount, v. rikib (a), tili' (a) fôq.
- Mountain, gabal, pl. gibâl.
- Mouse, fâr, pl. firân.
- Mouth, hanak, bugg.
- Move, v.i. naqal (i), v.i. intaqal, itnaqal. Move out of the way ! itniqil! To move from one house to another, 'azzil min bêt li bêt.
- Mr., il khawâga.

Mrs., is sitt.

Much, ketîr. Too much, ketîr gawî.

Mud, wahl, wahla.

Mule, baghl, baghla, pl. bighâl. Municipality, maglis baladî,

baladîya,

Universitäts- und Landesbibliothek Sachsen-Anhalt rn:nbn:de:dby:3:5-37762/fragment/nage=00000097

88

Necessary, lâzim. It is not Murder. s. gatl; v. gatal (i). necessary, mush lâzim, ma Museum, antîkhâna. Music. mazzîka. lûsh luzûm. Neck, ragaba. Muslin, shash. Necklace, 'uqd, pl. a'qâd. Must. You must come, lâzim Need, luzûm. tigî. He must have gone, Needle, ibra, pl. ibar. lâzim yekún râh. Negligent, muhmil. Mustache, shanab. Negress, garya, pl. guwar. Mustard, mustarda. Negro, 'abd, pl. abid. Mutton, lahme dânî. Neighbour, gâr, f. gâra, pl. My, -î, betâ'î, f. betahtî, pl. betů'î. My book, kitâbî or il girân. kitâb beta'î. My books, kitâ-Neither. Neither this nor that, la dih wala dih. bâtî or il kitâbât betû'î. Nephew, ibn akhkh, ibn ukht. Myself, nafsî. My nephew, ibn akhûya, ibn ukhtí. Nail. s. musmâr ; v. sammar. Nerve, 'asab, pl. a'sâb. Naked, 'iryân. Name, s. ism. What's your Nervous, 'asabî. name? ismak êh? What's Net, shabaka. the name of this village? il Never, abadan. New, gidîd, gedîd, pl. gudâd. balad dî ismiha êh? New Year's Day, ras is Napkin, fûta, futit sufra. sana. Napoleon (20 francs), bintu, News, khabar. pl. bintivât. Newspaper, gurnâl, pl. garânîl, Narcissus, nargis. garânîn. Narrow, a. daiyaq. Next, tânî. Next day, tânî Nasturtium, abû khangar. vôm. Next week, il gum'a Native, baladí. The natives, illî gâya. Next month, ish wilâd (or aulâd) il balad. shahr illî gây. Naughty, shaqî. Nice, kuwaiyis, latîf, pl. lutâf. Naval, bahrî. Niece, bint akhkh, bint ukht. Near, quraiyib. It is near the post-office, huwagamb il busta. My niece, bint akhûya, &c. Night, lêl. To-night, il lêla. To come near, garrab. Come By night, billêl. Good-night, a little nearer, garrab shulêltak sa'îda. The night waiya.

we started, lêlit ma sâfirna. Night-gown, qamîş nôm. Nile, in nîl, il bahr.

Nine, tis'a, tisa'. Nine hundred,

tus'emîya.

Nineteen, tisa tâshar.

Ninety, tis ên.

Ninth, tâsi', s. tus'.

No, a. There is no bread, ma fish 'êsh ; ad. la', lah.

**Nobody.** Nobody came, ma haddish gih. I saw nobody, ma shuftish hadd.

Noise, zêta. Don't make a noise, balâsh zêta.

None, wala wâhid.

Nonsense, kalam fårigh, hals. Don't talk nonsense, bala hals. Noon, duhr.

Nor, wala. Nor I, wal ana (for wala ana).

North, baharî. He has gone north, bahhar.

Nose, manâkhîr.

- Not, ma, la. I did not find him, ma laqêtûsh. It is not he, mush hûwa. Not one, wala wûhid. He is not tall, huwa mush tawil.
- Nothing, wala hâga. What do you want? nothing, 'auz êh ? wala hâga. It's nothing, mush hâga.

Notice, s. i'lân.

November, nufambar.

Now, dilwaqt, dilwaqtî.

Number, 'adad, mimra. Take

In

his number, khud nimritu (or in nimra betahtu).

Nurse, dáda. Hospital nurse, tamargîya.

Nutmeg, gôz it tîb.

Nuts, bunduq.

0! Oh! ya! (generally expressed in Arabic, as ya walad ! boy!).

Oar, muqdâf, pl. maqâdîf.

Oath, yemîn.

Obelisk, misalla.

- Obey, tâwi', simi' (a). He won't obey me, mush auz yisma' kalâmî.
- Objection, mâni'. There is no objection, ma fîsh mâni'.
- Obliged. I shall be obliged if you will send it me, akún mamnûn iza shêya'tú lì.

Observatory, rasadkhâna.

Obstruct, sadd (i).

October, uktûbar.

- Odd. An odd fellow, râgil gharîb. It's a very odd thing, da shê gharîb qawî. £2 odd, itnên ginêh we kusûr.
- Of, beta, f. beta'a, pl. beta'. The door of the house, bâb il bêt, il bâb beta' il bêt. He spoke of this matter, itkallim 'an il mas'ala dî. Take one of them, khud wâhid minhum. I took some of it, khadte minnu.

e Off. He fell off his horse, wiqi"

min 'ala huşânu. To see off, wadda'. I'm off, ana mitwakkil baqa.

Offend, za'al.

90

- Offer. I offered him three piastres, but he didn't accept, iddêt lu talâta ghurûsh lâkin ma qibilsh. Offer him four, iddî lu arba'a.
- Office, dîwân, bank. The Foreign Office, il khargîya. At Cook's office, fi banke Kûk.
  Officer, zâbit, pl zubbât.
- Often, ketîr, marrât ketîra. We have often been to his house, ruhna andu ketîr.

Oh! âh!

Oil, s. zêt.

Oke, wiqqa.

Old (of things), qadim, pl. qudm; (of persons) 'agûz, pl. 'agâyiz. She is twenty years old, 'umriha 'ishrîn sana. Old Cairo, masr il 'atîqa.

Olive, zatûna, pl. zatûn.

Omelet, 'igga.

- On, 'ala, fôq, fî. On his shoulder, 'ala kitfu. On the table, 'ala s sufra. On the tree, 'ala (or fôq) is sagara. On the first of April, fi auwil abrîl. Go on, imshî, mashshî. Come on / yalla !
- Once, marra wahda. Ionce saw a man who told me, marra shufte râgil qal lî. At once, hâlan.

One, wâhid, f. wahda. One day, yôm min il iyâm, yôm min dôl. One can't see anything,

il wâhid ma yeshufshe hâga.

Onion, basala, pl. basal.

Only, bass.

Open, a. maftûh; v. fatah (a).

Ophthalmia, ramad.

Opinion, rây, fikr. In my opinion, 'ala râyî.

Opium, afyûn.

Opportunity, furșa.

Oppose, 'arid.

Opposite, qusâd.

Opposition, me'arda.

- Or, walla, ya. Either come in or go out, ya khushshe ya itla'. Give me one or two, iddînî wâhid itnên.
- Orange, burtuqâna, pl. burtuqân.
- Order, (command), amr, (system) tartib. Put in order, waddab. He is under my orders, huwa tahte idi. In order that, 'ala shân. v. amar, pres. yu'mur. I ordered him to fetch it, amartu bi mgibtu (for megîbitu).
- Ordinary, zêy il'âda ; (common) wardinârî.

Oriental, sharqî.

Origin, asl.

Original, aslî.

Originally. What was he originally? aslu kân êh?

Ornament, zîna. Orphan, yatîm, pl. yatâma. Ostrich, na'ama, pl. na'am. Other, tânî, f. tanya. Ounce, wiqîya. Our, beta'na, betâ'itna, betâ'na (according to gender and number of the object). Ourselves, nafsina. Out, barra. He has gone out, tili' (a) barra. To put out the fire, the lamp, taffa n nâr, taffa l lamba. Outer, barrânî. Oven, furn, pl. ifrån. Over, 'ala, fôq. Over again. min gidid. Owe. You owe me two piastres, lîya 'alêk girshên. I don't owe you anything, ma likshe 'andî. Owl, umme quwêq. Own. My own, betâ'î (beta'tî, betů'î<sup>1</sup>) ana; v. imtalak. Do you own any land? Enta sâhib atyân? Owner, sâhib, pl. ishâb. Ox, tôr, pl. tirân. Pack, v. hazam (i) ('afsh, &c.). Page (of a book), wishsh, pl. wishûsh. Pain, s. waga'; v. waga' (a). My finger pains me, subâ'î yûga'nî.

G

Paint, s. bûya; v. darab bûya We painted the box, dafi. rabna bûya fi s sandûq. Painter, naqqâsh, bûyagî. Pair, gôz, pl. igwâz. Palace, sirâva. Palm tree, nakhla, pl. nakhl. Pan, tâgin. Pane, lôh (qizâz). Pansy, banzêh. Paper, waraqa, pl. waraq. aurâg, wirâg. Parade, tabûr. Parcel, bugga, pl. bugag; tard, pl. turûd ; rabta. Parcel post, il busta beta it turûd. Pardon, s. 'afw; v. sâmih. beg your pardon, il 'afw. Paris, Barîz. Parrot, babagân, pl. babagânât. Parsley, baqdûnis. Part, s. hitta, pl. hitat. A part of it, hitta minnu. Partner, shirîk, pl. shuraka, shurakât. Party (in a suit) taraf, khism, pl. akhsâm; (banquet, &c.) 'uzûma. Pass, v. fât (û). To pass the night, bât (î). Let me pass, fauwitnî. Passenger, råkib, pl. rukkåb. Past, illî fât, illî fâtit. Halfpast two, itnên u nuss. Two

<sup>1</sup> So betâ'ak enta your own, betâ'u hûwa his own. &c.

minutes past three, talâta wi

tnên. A quarter past four, Person, shakhs, sakhs, pl. ish. arba'a u rub'. Twenty minutes past six, sitta we tilt. Paste, 'asîda ; v. lazzaq. Pastry, fitîr. Pastry cook. fatatrî. Patience, sabr. Patient. To be patient, subur, sibir (a), tauuil bâlu. Patrol, tôf, dauriya. Pattern, 'aiyina. Pave, ballat. Pavement, balât. Pawn, v. rahan (a). Pay, v. dafa' (a). How much did you pay him? dafa'tú lu kâm? Peace, sulh. Peach, khôkha, pl. khôkh. Pear, pears, kummitra. Peas, bisilla. Peasant, fallâh. Pebble, zalata, pl. zalat. Peel, s. gishra ; v. gashshar. Peep, bass (u). Pen, qalam, pl. iqlâm. Pencil, qalam rusâs. Pension, ma'ash. People, nâs, ahâlî. Pepper, filfil. Perfect, a. kâmil; v. kammil. Perhaps, yimkin, balkî. Perjurer, shâhid zûr. Perjury, shihâda zûr. Perpendicular, 'amûdî. Persia, bilâd il 'agam. Persian, 'agamî. The Persians, il 'agam.

92

khas. nafas, pl. unfus 1. p. Pestle, îd il hôn. 18 m. Petition, 'ardahâl. Petroleum, gâz. Petticoat, gunella. Pharaoh, fara'un, pl. fara'na. Philosophy, falsafa. Photograph, sûra, pl. suwar. Photographer, mesauwarâtî, pl. -îva. Piastre, girsh, pl. gurush, ghurûsh. Pick. Pick up, lamm (i). Pickles. turshî. Pickpocket. nashshâl. Picture, sûra, pl. suwar. Piece, hitta, pl. hitat. To break to pieces, kassar. Pierce, kharam (u). Pig, khanzîr, pl. khanâzîr. Pigeon, hamâma, pl. hamâm. Pilgrim, hagg, pl. higgâg. Pilgrimage. Make the pilgrimage, hagg (i). Pill, habba. Pillar, 'âmûd, pl. 'awâmîd. Pompey's Pillar (at Alexandria), il 'âmûd. Pillow. mekhadda. Pilot, raivis. Pin, dabbûs, pl. dabâbîs. Pincers, kammâsha. Pink, a. bamba; s. qurunfil. Pipe, masûra, pl. mawâsîr; for smoking) biba, shibûk.

a isour, cabanga, raraa. It orace	
of pistols, gôz tabangât.	
Pitch, s. zift.	
Pitcher, zala'a.	
Pity (mercy), shafaqa. s. It is	
a pity, khusâra.	
Place, matrah, pl. matârih.	
Plan (drawing), rasm, pl.	
rusumât.	
Plane (carpenter's), fâra.	
Plank, lôh, pl. ilwâh.	
Plaster, s. bayad; v. baiyad.	
Plate, sahn, pl. suhûn, tabaq,	
pl. itbâq.	
Platform, rasîf.	
Play, v. li'ib (a).	
Please, basat. If it pleases	
you, iza'agabak. Take which	
you please, khud illî yigibak.	
Let me pass, please, fau-	
witnî min fadlak. Please	
God, in shalla. Pleased,	
mabsûţ.	
Pleasure, inbisâț.	
Plough, mihrât, pl. mahârît.	
Plum, barqûqa, pl. barqûq.	
Plural, gam'.	
P.M., ba'd id duhr.	
Pocket, gêb, pl. giyûb.	
Poet, sha'ir, pl. shu'ara.	
Poetry, shi'r.	
Point, s. nuqta, pl. nuqat; tarf. Poison, s. simm; v. samm (i).	
Police, bulîs. Policeman, shawîsh, pl. shau-	
shîya.	
Polite, mu (e) addab.	

Pistal tohongo forda

 A brace Poor, faqîr, pl. fuqara;
 (wretched) maskîn, pl. masâkîn. The poor, il fuqara.
 Pope, bâba.

Dept, Daba.

Pork, lahme khanzîr. Port, mîna.

- Porter, shêyâl; (doorkeeper) bauwâb.
- Portmanteau, shanța, pl. shunat.
- Possible, mumkin. It is not possible, ma yimkinsh.
- Post (mail) and post-office, busta; (position), matrah, wazifa. v. To post a letter, hatte (u) gawâb fi l busta, ramâ (i) gawâb fi s sandûq betâ il busta.

Postage, ugrit il busta.

Pot, qidra, pl. qidar.

Potato, batatsa, pl. batâtis.

Poultice, labkha.

Pound (weight), ratl, pl. irtâl; (coin) ginêh, pl. ginêhât. An English pound, ginêh inglîzî.

Pour, kabb (u).

Poverty, fuqr.

Powder, turâb; (ammunition) barûd.

Power, qûwa.

- Praise, s. hamd ; v. hamad (i). Praise be to God, il hamdu li llah.
- Pray (say prayers), salla; (beseech) itragga. Pray sit down, come in, &c., itfaddal uq'ud, khushsh, &c.

Pravers, salâ (m.). Prefer, faddal. I prefer this, da 'andî ahsan. Prepare, haddar. Prepay, dafa' il ugra min qabl. Prepaid, khâlis il ugra, khâlis ir radd (answer). Presence, hudur. In his presence, bi hdûru. Present, s. hidîya ; a. hâdir, maugud. Pretty, kuwaiyis. Prettier than, akwas min. Prevent, from, mana' (a) 'an. Price, taman, pl. itmân. Priest, qassîs, pl. qususa. Prince, brins, pl. brinsât. Princess, brinsissa. Printed, Print. v. taba' (a). matbû'. Printing press, matba'a. Prison, habs, sign, pl. sugun. Prisoner, mahbûs, pl. mahbûsîn and mahâbîs. Private, a. khusûsî. Procès-verbal, mahdar, pl. mahâdir. Profession, san'a. Profit, s. maksab; v. kisib, kusub (a). Promise, s. wa'd ; v. wa'ad (i). Properly, zêy in nâs (literally, like people, i.e. as one should do). Property, milk. That is my property, da milkî. Prophet, nabi.

Province, mudrîya, mudîrîya. In the provinces, fi l iryaf. Public, 'alanî, (general) 'umûmî. In public, quddâm in nâs. Pull, v. shadd (i). Pump, s. turumba. v. To pump up, talla' bi t turumba. Punish, gâzâ. Pupil, talmîz, pl. talamza. Purpose, s. qaşd. On purpose, makhsûs. Purse, kîs il fulûs. Push, v. zaqq (u). Put, hatt (u). To put out, (extinguish), taffa. To put on (a garment), libis (i). Putrid, me'affin. Pyramid, haram. They have gone to the pyramids, rahu 1 haram. Quail, s. sammân. Quail-shooting, sêd is sammân. Quarrel, khinâqa. v. Quarrel with, itkhâniq waiya. Quarrelsome, shukalî. Quarter, s. rub', pl. irbâ'; (of city) hâra, pl. hawârî. Threequarters of an hour, talatt irbâ sâa. Quay, rasif. Queen, malika. Ouestion, su'âl, pl. su'âlât, (matter) mas'ala. Quick, quickly, qawâm.

Quiet, a. sâkit. Keep quiet, iskut sâkit.

DFG

Quietly, bi r râha, bi shwêsh. The horse goes quietly, il husân yimshî hâdî. Quinine, kîna. Ouite, tamâm, bi z zabţ.

Rabbit, arnab, pl. arânib.

- Race, s. sibâq; v. sâbiq, issâbiq waiya.
- Radish, figla, pl. figl.
- Rag, khirqa, pl. khiraq; khalaga, pl. khulqân.
- Railway, sikka hadid. By railway, bi s sikka l hadid. Railway administration, maşlaht is sikka l hadid.
- Rain, s. matara, shita; v. matarit, natarit<sup>1</sup> (u). It is raining hard, betishtî.

Raise, rafa' (a).

Raisins, zibîb.

Rake, s. garrâfa.

- Rare, rarely, nâdir.
- Rascal, ibne harâm, pl. wilâd harâm.
- Rat, far, yl. firân.
- Rather. It's rather hot, id dinya harre shuwaiya. I would rather walk, andi il mashye ahsan. Rather! ummål!

Ratsbane, simme fâr.

Raw, nay.

Razor, mûs, pl. imwâs.

Reach, lihiq (a); tâl (û). It won't reach, ma yetulsh.

Read, qarâ (â).

Ready, hâdir, gâhiz.

Real, really, sahih.

Rear (bring up), rabbâ; v.i. shabb (i).

Reason, s. sabab. Without reason, min ghêr sabab.

Rebellion, 'usvân.

- Receipt, wasl, pl. wustilât; (railway receipt) bulîsa.
- Receive (take, get), khad, akhad (u); (accept) qibil (a). I received a letter from him, khadte minnu gawâb, gânî gawâb minnu.

Recent, gedid, pl. gudad.

Reclaim (ask back), talab (u).

Recognise, 'irif (a).

- Recollect, iftakar. I don't recollect, mush fâkir, mush fi bâlî.
- Reconcile, salih. To be reconciled, istalah.
- Red, ahmar, f. hamra, pl. humr.

Reed, bûsa, pl. bûs.

Reflect (ponder) iftakar.

Refuse, s. zibâla ; v. ma qibilsh (a), ma ridîsh (a).

Register, s. daftar, pl. dafâtir; v. qaiyid.

Rein, sur.

1 In the fut. and pres. timtur, &c. ; f. because the f. word dinya (weather) is understood.

## DFG

- Relate, hakâ (î). He is not related to me, huwa ma yiqrub lîsh.
- Relationship, qarâba.

Religion, dîn.

96

Remain, baqâ (â), fidil (a). Remaining, bâqî.

Remainder, bâqî.

Remedy, dawa (m).

Remember, itzakkar. I don't remember, mush mitzakkar, mush fi bâlî.

Remind, fakkar.

Rent (lease), îgâr.

Repair, s. taslîh, pl. taslîhât; tarmîn, pl. tarmîmât; v. sallah.

Repent, tâb (û).

Report (account), s. taqrîr, pl. taqârîr.

Representative, wakil.

Reserve, hagaz (i). Reserved compartment, diwân mahgûz.

Reside, sikin (u).

Residence, sakan.

Resident, sâkin, pl. saknîn, sukkân.

Resist, qâwim.

Rest (quiet) râha, (remainder) bâqî; v.t. raiyah, v.i. istiraiyah, istirêyah.

Result, s. natiga, samara.

Return, s. rugů'; v.t. ragga', radd; v i. rigi' (a).

Revenge, târ, târ. He took his revenge, khad târu, khallas târu. Reward, s. mekâfa'. Rib, dal', pl. dult'.

Rice, ruzz.

Rich, ghanî.

- Ride, v. rikib (a).
- Ridicule, v. itmaskhar 'ala.
- Ridiculous, yidahhak. A ridiculous thing, shê yidahhak, hâga tidahhak.
- Right, a. shimal, shemal. It is not right, ma yisahhish; s. haqq. You are right, il haqqe 'andak. Right at the top, foq khalis.
- Ring, s. halaqa, pl. hulqân. Signet-ring, khâtim, pl. khawâtim. v. To ring the bell, darab (a) il garas.

Ripe, mistiwî.

Rise, v. qâm (û), țili (a). The Nile has risen, in nîl zâd.

River, bahr.

- Road, sikka, pl. sikak.
- Roast, s. (mutton, dc.) rustu; v. shawâ (î); a. mashwî. v. (coffice, dc.) hammar.
- Robe, tôb (f. and sometimes m.), pl. itwâb.

Rocket, sarûkh, pl. sawârîkh.

Roll, v.t. dahrag, dahrag; (to roll up), laff (i).

Roof, sutûh.

Room, ôda, pl. uwad, ôda, pl. uwad. My room, udtî. There is no room, ma fish maţrah. Make a little room for me, please, waşsah li shwaiya min fadlak.

Root (of plants, &c.) gidr, pl. gidûr; shirsh. Rope, habl, pl. ihbâl. Rosary, sibha. Rose, warda, pl. ward. Rosetta, Rashîd. Rough, khishin. Round, a. medauwar; prep. hawalên. Row (order) saff, pl. sufûf; (disturbance), dausha. Rub. da'ak (a). Rubber, lastik. Rubbish, zibâla. Rubble, dabsh. Run, v. giri (1). Run away, To run over harab (i). (tread on), dâs (û). Runaway, harbân. Rushes, halfa. Russia, bilâd il miskôf. Russian, miskôfî. The Russians, il miskôf. Rust, sada. Sack, kîs, pl. ikyâs. Sad (person), haznân. Saddle, sarg, pl. sirûg; (camel) ghabit; (donkey saddle) barda'a, pl. barâdi'. Safe, a. salîm. Sail, s. gal', pl. gula'.

Sailor, bahrî, pl. bahriya. Sake. For my sake, for your sake, for their sakes, &c., 'ala shân khatrî, 'ala shân khatrak, 'ala shân khatirhum, &c. Sakieh, sagya, pl. sawâqî. Salad, salata, salâta. Salary, mahîya. Sale, bî. For sale, li 1 bî. Salt, s. malh; a. mâlih, hâdiq. Salute, v. sallim 'ala. Same, wâhid, zêve ba'd. They are of the same height, humma tûl wâhid. It is all the same to me, 'andî zêye ba'du. They are the same, humma wâhid. Sand, raml. Sanitary, taiyib li s sihha. Satin. atlas. Saturday, yôm is sabt. Sauce, salsa. Saucepan, kasarôna, kasarôla. Saucer, sahn, pl. suhûn; tabaq, pl. itbâq. Savage, mitwahhish. Save, v. khallas. Saw, s. minshâr. Say, qâl (û). Scaffolding, sigâla. Scarab, gu'rân, pl. ga'ârîn. Scent (perfume), 'itr, pl. 'uturât. School, madrasa, pl. madaris. Schoolboy, talmîz, pl. talamza. Science, 'ilm, pl. 'ulûm. Scissors, magass. Scold, v. shakhat (u). Scorpion, 'aqraba, pl. 'aqrab, 'agârib. Scrape, hakk (u). Scratch, s. kharbasha: v. kharbish.

97

Screw, s. mismâr qalawûz.

רם-FG

Screwdriver, mefakk, pl. mefakkât. Sea, bahr, il bahr il mâlih (to distinguish it from the Nile). Seal, khitm, pl. ikhtâm ; v. khatam (i). He put his seal to the paper, khatam 'ala l waraga. Search for, dauwar 'ala. Second, tânî; sanya. Secret, s. sirr, pl. isrâr;  $\alpha$ . sirrî. Secretly, sirga. See, shâf (û). Do you see (understand)? fâhim? Seed. bizr. bizra. Seize, misik (i), misik fi. Self, nafs. Sell, bâ' (î). Send, shaiya', shêya'. Sense, 'aql. You have no sense, ma 'andakshe 'aql. The senses, il hawâs. What is the sense? êh il hikma? September, sibtimbar. Sequin, bunduqi, pl. banadqa. Sergeant, shawish, pl. shaushîya. Servant, khaddâm. Serve, khadam (i). Service, khidma. Set, v. hatt (u). To set aside, hatte 'ala gamb. Seven, saba', sab'a. Seventeen, saba'tâshar. Seventh, a. sâbi', s. sub'. Seventy, sab'en.

98

Sew, khaivat. Sex, gins, pl. ignas. Shade, dill. Shadow, khîvâl, pl. khîvâlât. Shake, hazz (i). Shame, s. haya, êb. For shame ! ikhtishî, 'eb 'alêk, harâm 'alêk. Shape, shikl. Share, s. hissa, pl. hisas. Sharp (knife, &c.), hâmî. Sharpen, sann (i); (pencil) barâ (î). Shawl, shâl, pl. shilân. She, hîya. Sheep, ghanama, pl. ghanam. Sheet, milâya; (of paper) farkh, pl. firûkh. Sheikh, shêkh, pl. mashâyikh. Shelf, raff, pl. irfuf, rafield Shepherd, ghannâm, pl. ghannâma. Shine, lama' (a). To make shine, lamma'. Ship, markib, merkib, pl. marâkib. Shirt, gamîs, pl. gumsân. Shoe, s. markûb, pl. marâkîb; (of horse) hadîda. v. (a horse) tabbaq. Shoeing, s. tatbiqa. Shoemaker, gizamâtî. Shoesmith, haddad. Shoot, darab (a) bi l bunduqîya,<sup>1</sup> bi t tabanga.<sup>2</sup> To go

<sup>1</sup> Gun.

<sup>2</sup> Pistol.

out shooting, râh iş sêd, râh yistâd.

- Shop, dukkân (f.), pl. dakâkîn. Shore, barr.
- Short, quşaiyar. There are two short, nâqiş itnên. In short, nihaytu.

Shot, s. rashsh.

Shoulder, kitf, *rl.* iktâf. He carried it on his shoulder, shâlu 'ala kitfu.

Shout, v. za"aq.

Show, s. fantazîya; v. warra. Show me, warrinî. To show one over a house, farrag wâhid 'ala bêt. Show him in, khallih yitfaddal.

Shovel, kurêk.

- Shriek, s. şarkha, şurâkh; v. sauwât.
- Shrink (as flannel) kashsh (i).
- Shut, qafal (i). Shut the door, iqfil il bab.
- Shutter, shamsîya, pl. shamâsî.
- Sick. Be sick, tarash (u).
- Side, gamb, pl. ignâb. On all sides, min kulle nahya. By his side, gambu.
- Sieve, ghurbâl.
- Sight, nazar, shôf. My sight is weak, nazarî da'îf.
- Sign, s. 'alâma; v. 'allim 'ala.
- Signature, imda, firma.
- Silence, s. sikût ; v. sakkit.
- Silent, a. sâkit. To be silent, sikit (u).

Silk, harîr.

Silly, 'abît, pl. 'ubata.

Silver, fadda.

Simple, basit.

Since. A long time since, min zamân. Since (inasmuch as) you have seen it, madâm shuftu.

Sing, ghanna.

- Sink, s. ballâ'a; v.i. nizil fi l moiya.
- Sister, ukht, pl. ikhwât.
- Sit, qa'ad (u). Sit up (at night), sihir (a).

Six, sitta.

- Sixteen, sittâshar.
- Sixth, sâtit; s. suts.

Sixty, sittîn.

Size, kubr.

- Skin, gild, pl. gilûd.
- Skull, gimgima, pl. gamâgim.
- Slaughter, v. dabah (a).
- Slaughter-house, madbah, salakhâna.
- Slave, 'abd, pl. 'abîd; (female) garya, pl. guwâr.
- Sleep, s. nôm; v. nâm (â).
- Slieve, kumm, pl. ikmâm.
- Slip, v. izzahlaq, riglu izzahlagit.

Slippers, bantuflî.

- Slow. My watch is slow, sa'tî mit'akhkhara.
- Slowly, bishwêsh, 'ala 1 mahl. To go slowly, mishi 'ala mahlu. Go slowly, imshî 'ala mahlak.

Sly, makkâr.

100

- Small, sughaiyar. Smaller, asghar.
- Smell, v.t. shamm (i), v.i. talla riha. It smells, yitalla riha.
- Smoke, s. dukhkhân; v. (tobacco) shirib (a) (dukhkhân). The chimney smokes, il madkhana bitdakhkhan.

Smooth, na'im, mauzûn.

Snake, ti bân, pl. ta âbîn; hânish.

Snatch, khataf (a).

Sneeze, 'itis (a).

Snipe, bakasîna, *pl.* bakasîn. Snow, talg.

So, kede. Not so bad, mush qadde kede battâl. So you saw him, baqa shuftu.

Soap, s. sabûn ; v. sabbin.

Sock, shurâb, pl. shurabât. Soft, nâ'im.

Soil, ard ; Nile soil, tîn.

- Soldier, 'askarî, *pl.* 'askar, 'asâkir; nafar, *pl.* anfâr.
- Some, ba'd, kam. Give me some bread, iddînî 'êsh. Bring some of it, hât minnu. Some people, ba'd in nâs. Some of them, ba'de minhum, ba'duhum. Some day, yôm min dôl, yôm min il iyâm.

Somebody, wâhid.

Sometimes, ba'd il auqât. Son, ibn, *pl.* aulâd, wilâd. Song, ghinwa, *pl.* ghinwât Soon, ba'de shwaiva. As soon as, tauwe ma. As soon as they came, tauwe ma gum. Sorcery, sihr. Sorrel, hummêd. Sorrow, huzn. Sorry, mit'assif. Sort, s. gins, pl. ignâs. Soul, rûh, rôh, pl. irwâh. Sound, s. sôt, hiss. Sour. hâmid. south, giblî. Go south, gabbil. Sow, v. zara' (a). Speak, itkallîm. Speak to. kallim. He spoke with him, kallimu, itkallim, waiyâh. Speak the truth, gul il hagq. Do you speak English? titkallim inglîzi ? Spear, harba, pl. hurab. Special, khuşûsî. Spectacles, naddâra. Speech, kalâm. Spend, saraf (i). Sphinx, abu l hôl (father of terror). Spider, 'ankabût. Spill, kabb. Be spilt, inkabb. I have spilt the ink, inkabbe minni l hibr. Spin, ghazal (i). Spinach, isbânikh. Spirit, rôh, pl. irwâh. Spirits (of wine or methylated), sibirtu.

Spite. In spite of myself, ghasbe 'annî.

DFG

Universitäts- und Landesbibliothek Sachsen-Anhalt urn:nbn:de:gbv:3:5-37762/fragment/page=00000110

Splashboard (of carriage), rafraf. Split, v. shaqq (u), falaq (a). Spoil (ruin) khassar. Spoilt, khasrân, kharbân. To get spoilt, khisir, khusur (a). Spoke (of wheel) barmaq, pl. barâmiq. Sponge, sifinga, pl. sifing. Spoon, ma'laqa, pl. ma'âliq. Spot, s. nuqta, pl. nuqat; (place) mahill, mahall. Spread (out), farash (i). Spring (of carriage, &c.), yây, pl. yâyât ; v. natt (u). Spur, s. mahmûz. Spy, s. bassâs ; v. itbassass. Square, a. merabba. Squeeze, zanaq (u). Stable, s. istabl. Stair, sillima, pl. salâlim. Stale, mush tâza. Stamp (postage), waraqa (pl. waraqât, waraq) betâ il busta. A millième stamp, waraga min abu malîn wâhid. A two-piastre stamp, waraqa min abu qirshên. Stand, v. wiqif (a). Stand up, qâm, gâm 'ala hêlu (qumte 'ala hêlî, &c.). Star, nigma, pl. nigûm. Start, (depart), sâfir, qâm (û). When does the train start? il wabûr yeqûm emta?

State (condition), hâl, hâla. Statement, gôl, kalâm.

- Station (railway), mahatta. Station-master, nâzir mahatta.
- Statue, timsâl, pl. tamâsîl. The statue of Ibrahim Pasha in the Esbekieh, il huşân.
- Stay, v. qa'ad (u), fidil (a) Stay here, khallîk hina Where are you going to stay ? ha tinzil fên ?
- Steal, saraq (a).
- Steam, nafas.
- Steamer, wabûr (pl. wabûrât) betâ' il bahr.

Steel, bulâd.

- Step, khatwa; (of a ladder, &c.) sillima. Two steps from here, khatwitên min hina; v khatta. To step out (go fast) madd (i), madde riglu (so midd ! midde riglak ! &c.).
- Stern (of boat), mukhir.
- Stick, s. 'aşâya, pl. 'uşy; v.t. lazzaq, v.i. liziq (a).
- Stiff, nåshif, gåmid.
- Still, a. sâkit; ad. lissa.
- Sting, v.t. qaras (u).
- Stingy, a. bikhîl, pl. bukhala.
- Stink, s. rîha battâla, rîha wihsha; v. talla riha wihsha.
- Stirrup, rikab, pl. rikabat.
- Stock (plant), mantur.
- Stocking, shurâb, pl. shurâbât.
- Stomach, batn (f).
- Stone, s. hagar, pl. hugâra.
- Stoop, v. wițî (yûțâ, imperat. ûțâ), țâțâ.

Universitäts- und Landesbibliothek Sachsen-Anhalt urn:nbn:de:gbv:3:5-37762/fragment/page=00000111

Stop, v.t. waqqaf, v.i. wiqif (a). It has stopped raining, il matara battalit. Stopper. sidâda. Story, hikâya; (of a house) dôr, pl. idwâr. Straight. dughrî. Strain (rinse), saffa. Strange, gharib. What a strange thing ! shê gharîb ! Stranger, gharîb, pl. ghurb. Strangle, khanaq (u). Straw, gashsh; chipped straw, tibn. Strawberries, feraula. Street, sikka, pl. sikak, shâri', pl. shawari'. Strength, aûwa. Stretch, v.t. madd (i). Strike, darab (a). String, dubâra. Strip, v.t. 'arra; v.i. gala' hidûmu. Stroll, itfassah. Take a stroll, darab bulta. Strong, shidid, gâmid, qawi. Stubble, gashsh. Stud (button), zirr, pl. zirâr, izrira. Student (at a mosque), megâwir. Study, s. dars ; v. daras (i). Stuff, s. qumâsh ; v.t. hashâ (î). Stumble, 'itir (a). To stumble on, over, 'itir fi. Of a horse, tabb (u). (corrosive). sili-Sublimate mânî.

Such, zêy, fulânî. Such a person, fulân, fulân il fulânî. Such as I, zêvî, zêve hâlâtî. Sudanese, sudânî. Suddenly, 'ala ghafla. Sugar, sukkar. Suit (of clothes), badla. Sultan, sultân, pl. salâtîn Summer, sêf. Summons, 'ilme talab, i'lân. Sun, shams, sams (f.). He had a sunstroke, khadítu sh shams. I had a sunstroke, khaditni sh shams, &c. Sunday, yôm il hadd. Supervise, lâhiz. Supper, 'ashâ. Have supper, it 'ashshâ. Sure. mit'akkid. I am not sure. mush mit'akkid. Suspect, v. ishtabah fi. Swallow, v. bala' (a). Swear, v. hilif (i). Sweat, s. 'araq; v. 'iriq (a). Sweep, kanas (i). Sweet, a. hilw. Sweets, halâwa. Swell, v. wirim (a). Swelling, s. waram. Swim, v. 'âm (û). Sword, sêf, pl. siyûf. Sycamore, gimmêza, pl. gimmêz. Syria, ish shâm (f.). Syrian, shâmî. Syringe, s. huqna. System, tartîb.

DFG

Table, tarabêza ; (dining) sufra, pl. sufar. Tail, dêl, pl. diyûl. Tailor, khaiyât. Take, akhad, khad.1 To take away, shâl (î). To take back. ragga'. To take out, talla'. Talk, s. kalâm, gôl ; v. itkallim, ithaddit. Idle talk, kalâm hals. Tall, tawîl, pl. tuwâl. Tape, shirît. Tar, qatrân. Tariff, ta'rîfa. Tassel, zirr. Tattoo, v. daqq (u). Tax, rasm, pl. risûm. Tea, shây. Teach, 'allim. Tear, v. sharmat. Telegram, tiligrâf. Telegraph, v. shadde (i) tiligrâf. Tell, qâl (û). You told me that he went there, qulti lî innu râh henâk (so innak ruht, that you went; inn ir râgil râh, that the man went, &c.). Temper (disposition), khulq, tab'; (anger) za'al. He is a man of bad temper, tab'u battâl, râgil khulaqî, himaqî.

Ten, 'ashara.

Tenant, mista'gir.

Tent, khêma, pl. khiyam.

<sup>1</sup> See § 30.

<sup>2</sup> See § 13.

- Tenth, a. 'âshir. Tenth part 'ushr.
- Testament (will), wisîya. The Old Testament, il 'ahd il qadîm. The New Testament, il 'ahd il gidîd.
- Than, min, 'an.
- Thank. Thank you, kattar khêrak. Thank God, il hamdu li lla.
- That, pr. dih, f. dî; dik-ha, f. duk-ha. This or that, dih walla dih. c. He said that dinner was ready, qâl inn is sufra hadra. I told you that I had seen him, qulti lak innî shuftu.
- The, il, el. The large house, il bêt il kebîr. The old man, ir ragil il 'agûz.<sup>2</sup> The door of the house, bâb il bêt,<sup>3</sup> il bâb betâ' il bêt.
- Theatre, tiyâtru. We went to the theatre, ruhna t tiyâtru.
- Theft, sirqa.
- Their, -hum,<sup>4</sup> beta hum, f. betâ ithum, pl. betu hum.
- Then, waqtiha, (afterwards) ba'dên, (so) baqa, baqat. Then you didn't find it? baqa ma lgêtûsh?
- There, henâk. There is, fih, fî. There is not, ma fîsh. There was not, ma kanshe fîh. There he is ! aho ! There she

<sup>8</sup> See § 8. <sup>4</sup> See § 21.

רם-FG

ahum ! Therefore, 'ala shân kede. These, dôl, dôlî. These men, ir riggâla dôl. These dogs. il kilâb dôl, dî. They, humma. Thick, tikhîn, pl. tukhân. Thief, harâmî, pl. harâmîya. Thin, rufaiya. Thing, hâga, shê. Think, zann (i, u), iftakar, khammin. I think not, ma zinnish (ma azinnish). Third, s. tilt; a. tâlit. Thirsty, 'atshân. Become thirsty, 'itish (a). Thirteen, talattâshar. Thirty, talâtîn. This, da, dih, f. dî. This house, il bêt da. This woman, il mara dî. What's this ! dêh da ! Thorn, shôka, pl. shôk. Those, dôl, duk-hamma. Thou, inta, enta, f. intî. Though, ma'inn. Even though he has gone, welau innu râh. Thought, fikr, takhmîn. Thousand, alf. Thread, s. khêt. Threat. s. tahdid. Threaten haddid. Three, to'âta, talat, talatt, talata.1 Thrice, talat marrât.

is! ahê! There they are!

104

Throat, zôr.

Through, fi, min, fi wust, min wust; (on account of) bi sabab, alashân.

Throw, v. ramâ (î), hadaf (i).

Thunder, s. ra'd. It is thundering, id dinya betir'id.

Thursday, yôm il khamîs.

Thus, kede.

Ticket, tazkara, pl. tazâkir.

Tie, s. rubât, pl. rubâțât; v. rabat (u).

Tiger, nimr, pl. numûra.

Tight, mashdud, gâmid. To hold tight, misik taiyib.

Tile, tûba, pl. tûb.

Time, waqt, zaman, zamân, marra. For some time past, min zamân. Four times, arba' marrât. This time, in nôba, in nôba dî. I have no time, mush fâdî. When I have time, lamma yekûn 'andî fada (leisure).

Timid, khauwâf.

- Tin, safîha, pl. şafâyih.
- Tired, ta'bân. To become tired, ti'ib (a). Don't get tired, ma tit'absh, ma tit'ibshe nafsak. I am tired, ana ta'bân, ti'ibt.

To, 'ala, li. He has gone to London, râh Lundura. Where has he gone to? rah fên? rah 'ala fên? I went to fetch him, ruht agîbu. It is ten minutes

DFG

<sup>1</sup> See §§ 23, 24.

to six, is sa'a sitta illa'ashara. A quarter to three, talata illa rub'. Twenty minutes to four, arba'a illa tilt. It is twentyfive minutes to nine, is sa'a tamanya we nuss we khamsa.

Tobacco, dukhkhân.

Tobacconist, dakhakhnî.

To-day, in nahár da.

Toe, subâ' ir rigl, pl. şawâbi' ir rigl.

Together, sawa.

Tomatoes, tamâtim.

Tomb, turba, pl. turab.

- To-morrow, bukra. The day after to-morrow, ba'de bukra. Tongue, lisân.
- Too (also), kamân; (excess) ketîr. I too, ana kamân, ana râkhir. She too, hîya kamân, hîya rukra (pl. humma rukhrîn). This is too small, da sughaiyar, da sughaiyar ketîr. It is too early, lissa badrî.

Tool, 'idda, pl. 'idad.

Tooth, sinna, sinn, pl. sinan.

- Top (summit), râs. From top to bottom, min taht li fôq.
- Torture, s. azîya, ta'zîb; v. aza, 'azzib.

Total, gumla, gimla.

Touch, v. misik fî.

Tough, nâshif, gâmid.

Tourist, sauwâh.

Towel, fûta, pl. fuwat.

Tower, burg, pl. birûg.

Town, balad (f.), pl. bilâd.

Toy, s. li'ba, pl. li'ab. Trade, s. tigâra; v. tâgir.

Train, wabûr, pl. wabûrât.

Tram, tramwây, pl. -ât (f.).

Transport, s. naql; v. naqal (i).

Trap, masyada, pl. masâyid.

Travel, v. sâfir.

Traveller, sauwâh.

Tray, sinîya, pl. sawânî.

Tread, v. dâs (û).

Treasure, s. kinz, pl. kinûz.

Treat (medically), 'âlig; (behave towards) 'âmil. They treated us badly, 'amlûna bi l battâl.

Tree, shagara, şagara, pl. shagar, shagarât, şagar, şagarât.

Tremble, irta'ash.

Tribe, qabîla, pl. qabâyil.

Tribunal, mahkama, pl. mahâkim.

Trick, s. mal'ûb, pl. malâ'îb. Trigger, titik.

Trouble, s. ta'ab.

Trousers, bantalôn, mantalôn, pl. bantalônât, mantalônât.

True, sahîh, pl. suhâh.

Truth, haqq, haqîqa. Tell the truth, qâl il haqq.

Truthful, sâdiq.

Try, v. garrab. Try on (clothes), gâs (î).

Tuesday, yôm it talât.

Tug, s. (boat) (wabûr) garrâr.

Turban, 'imma, pl. 'imam.

Turk, Turk, pl. Turk, Itrâk.

Turkey, bilâd it turk; (fowl) dîk rûmî.

Turkish, turkî. Turkish bath. Undo, fakk (u). Undress, v.t. and i. qala', gala' hammâm, pl. hammâmât. Turn, s. dor. Wait till your hidûmu. turn comes, usbur lamma yigî Unfasten, fakk (u). Unjust, zâlim. dôrak. In turn, bi d dôr; Unless, illa iza. Unless you go. v.t. and i. dauwar. Turn up (a street), hauwid. Turn illa iza ruht. Unripe, mush mistiwî. to the right, the left, hauwid Unscrew, fakk (u). 'ala vemînak, shemâlak. To turn over, galab (i). To turn Untie, fakk (u). back (go back), rigi (a). Until, li hadd. Until he comes, li hadde ma yigî. Twelve, itnâshar. Untrue, mush sahîh Twenty, 'ishrîn. Up, fôq. Twice, marratên. Twist his Upon, 'ala, fôq. Twist. v. lawâ (î). arm, ilwî dirâ'u. Upper, fôgânî. Upset, qalab (i), kabb (u). The Two. itnên.<sup>1</sup> water was upset, il moiya Tvranny, zulm. nkabbit. Tyrant, zalim. Upside down, fôqânî tahtânî. Us, -nâ, na. He struck us, Ugly, wihish. darabna. They wrote to us, Umbrella, shamsîya, samsîya, katabu lna. pl. shamâsî, samâsî. Use, s. isti'mâl, fayda. Uncover, kashaf (i). be of use, nafa' (a). It's Under, taht. Undercooked, mush of no use, ma yinfa'sh, ma mistiwî bi zyâda. He is yigîsh minnu fayda; under me, huwa tahte îdî. An under - servant, &c., seista mil. Useless. It is useless, ma lûsh gundu. (or ma lhâsh, if fem.) fayda, Undercut, filêtu. bâtil. Underground, taht il ard. Utterly, khâlis, bi l kullîya. Under-Secretary, wakîl. Understand, fihim (a). I don't understand, manish (for ma Vain (person), mitkabbar. Valley, wâdî, pl. widyân. ana sh) fâhim.

To

2.

DEG

1 See § 10.

Value, taman, pl. itmân, qîma. Valve, balf, pl. -at. Variety, shikl, pl. ishkâl. Varnish, s. warnîsh. Vase, tâsa. Vegetable, khudâr, pl. khudârât. Veil, s. burqu', pl. barâqi', yashmak (Turkish word). Velvet, gatîfa. Vengeance, târ. Verb, fi'l, pl. if'âl. Verify, haqqaq. Very, ketîr, qawî, khâlis (generally follow the adjective, as tawil ketir, very tall; sughaiyar qawî, very small). Vest, fanella. Vice, s. 'êb, pl. 'iyûb. Vice-Consul, wakîl il gunsul. Victoria (carriage), hantur, pl. hanâtîr. View (scene), manzar. Village, balad (f.), pl. bilad. In the villages, fi 1 iryaf. Vinegar, khall. Virgin, bikr. Visit, s. ziyâra; v. zâr (û). Visitor, dêf, pl. divûf, mesâfir. Voice, sôt, pl. iswât. Voyage, s. safar ; v. sâfir. Vulgar (low), dûn. Wages, ugra, (daily) yômîya, (monthly) mahîya.

Wait, istannâ. I am waiting for you, ana mistannîk.

Wake, sihî (a).

Walk, v. mishî (î). To take a walk, itmashsha, itfassah. Walk the horse up and down, mashshil husân.

Wall, hêt, pl. hitân.

- Want, v. 'az (û). I want to go, 'auz arûh, biddî arûh (so biddak terûh, you want to go, biddu yerûh, biddina nrûh, &c.).
- War, harb. War Office, il harbîya.

Wash, s. ghasil; v. ghasal (i).

Washerwoman, ghassâla.

Washing, ghasîl.

Waste (waste land), arde bûr, arde fada ; v. daiya'.

Watch, sa'a, v. haras (u).

Watchmaker, sa'âtî.

- Watchman, ghafir, pl. ghufara.
- Water, moiya; v. (fields, d.c.) saqâ (î), (a road) rashsh. rashshe moîya (u).

Waterproof, meshamma'.

Wave, môg, pl. imwâg.

Wax, sham'.

Way, sikka. Which is the way? is sikka min ên ? This is the way, is sikka min hina. Out of the way / itla'! itla' mis sikka !

We, ihna.

Weak, da'if, pl. du'af.

Wear, libis (i.). What was he wearing? kal (for kân) lâbis

êh? Be worn out, qudum, gidim (a).

Weather, dinya, dunya.

Weave, nasag (i).

108

Wedding, farah.

Wednesday, yôm il arba.

Week, gum'a, pl. guma'. Today week, zêy in naharda. Every week, kulle gum'a.

Weigh, wazan (i).

Weight, tuql, wazn.

Welcome! ahlan we sahlan!

Well, s. bîr, pl. ibyâr; a. and ad. taiyib. He is not very well, ma lûsh kêf. You did well, 'amalte taiyib.

West, s. gharb; a. gharbî.

- Wet, a. mablûl. To get wet, itball; v. ball (i).
- What? êh, ê? What do you want? auz êh? What did he say? qâl êh? What are you looking for? biddauwar ala êh? What's your name? ismak êh? What's the name of this village? il balad dî ismiha êh? What a tall man / amma da râgil țawîl ! Wheat, gamh.

Wheel, 'agala, pl. 'agal.

- When, lamma. When? emta? When is he coming? rah yigî emta?
- Where? fên? Where did you see him? shuftu fên? I

<sup>1</sup> See § 22.

<sup>2</sup> See § 22.

3 See § 22.

found it in the place where **1** put it, laqêtu fi 1 matrah illi kunte hattêtu fîh.

Wherever (*it be*), fi êye mahall in kân (or kânit, &c.).

Whey, shirsh.

- Which, illî. Which? anî? The house which I saw, il bêt illî shuftu.<sup>1</sup> Which man? anî râgil?
- While, lamma, waqte ma. He came while I was at breakfast, gih waqte ma kunte baftar.

Whip, s. kurbâg, pl. karâbîg ; v. darab (a) bi l kurbâg.

Whistle, v. saffar.

Wick. fitîla, shirît.

- White, abyad, f. bêda, pl. bîd; s. (of eggs), bayâd.
- Whitewash, s. bayâd; v. baiyad. Who, illi. The man whom I saw, ir râgil illî shuftu.<sup>2</sup> Who? mîn? Whom did you see? shufte mîn? To whom did you give it? iddêtu li mîn?
- Whose. The man to ublose house you went, ir râgil illî ruhte bêtu. The donkey whose taû is long, il humâr illî dêlu tawîl.<sup>3</sup> Whose? betâ' mîn ? f. betâ'it mîn ? pl. betû' mîn ? Why ? lêh ? 'ala shân êh ? 'ashân êh ?

Wide, wâsi'. Wider, ausa'.

Widen, wassa'.

Width, 'ard.

Widow, 'azba.

Widower, 'âzib.

- Wife, imrât, harîm, gamâ'a. *My wife*, is sitte betahtî, gama'tî, il gamâ'a betâitna.<sup>1</sup>
- Wild (beast, &c.), wahshf. Wild beast, wild man, wahsh, pl. wihush.
- Will. Will you come? tigî? ha tigî? He won't come, ma yigîsh, mush râdî yigî.

Willing, râdî.

Win, kisib, kusub, (a), ghalab (i).

Winch, winsh.

Wind, hawâ (m).

Wind, v. dauwar. To wind up (a watch), malâ (â).

Window, shibbâk, pl. shabâbîk.

Wine, nibît.

- Wing, ginâh, pl. igniha.
- Winter, shitâ; (as a season) shitwîya.
- Wipe, masah (a).

Wire, silk.

Wisdom, hikma.

Wise, 'âqil.

With, waiya, ma'. The man with a beard, ir râgil abû daqn (father of a beard). Wither, dibil (a).

- Without, min ghêr. Without money, min ghêr filûs. Without reason, min ghêr sabab.
- Witness, shâhid, pl. shuhhâd, shuhûd, v. shihid (a).

Wolf, dîb, pl. diyâb.

Woman, mara, pl. niswân.

Wonder, v. istaghrab. I wonder, ya tara. I wonder where he has gone, rah fên ya tara.

Wonderful, gharib.

Wood, wooden, khashab.

Woodman, hattâb.

Wool, woollen, sûf.

- Word, kilma. These words, il qôl da, il kalâm da. I want to have a word with you, 'auzak fi kalâm.
- Work, shughl, pl. ishghål. Public Works Department, diwân il ishghâl; v. ishtaghal.
- Workshop, warsha, *pl.* wirash. World, dinya, dunya.

Worm, duda, pl. dud.

Worse, al'an.

Worship, s. 'ibâda; v. 'abad (i). Worth, s. taman, qîma. It is worth two picstres, yiswâ qirshên. It is not worth anything, ma lush qîma.

<sup>1</sup> That is, "our people." An Arab does not like to speak of his wife directly, and generally uses a paraphrase.

Worthless, ma lûsh, ma lhâsh, | ma lhumsh,<sup>1</sup> qîma.

Wound, garh, galt; v. garah (a).

Wrap, v. laff (i).

Wretch, wretched, maskîn, pl. masâkîn.

Write, katab (i).

Writing, s. kitâba. Writingroom, maktab.

Wrong (mistaken), ghaltan. To be wrong, ghulut (a).

Yard (measure), yarda.
Yawn, v. ittâwib (ittaub, by contraction).
Year, sana, pl. sinîn.
Yearly, sanawî, kulle sana.
Yellow, aşfar, f. şafra, pl. şufr.
Yes, êwa, na'am.

Yesterday, imbârih. The day

before yesterday, auwil imbârih.

Yet, lissa, kamân.

- You, enta, inta, f. intî, pl. intû, intum.
- Young, sughaiyar. Younger, asghar. Young man, shabb, pl. shubbân.
- Your, -ak,<sup>2</sup> betá'ak, betá'ik, betahků, betahtum, *f.* betahtak, betahtik, betá'itků, betá'itkum, *pl.* betú'ak, betá'ik, betuhků, betuhkum. Your hat, il burnêța beta'tak (or betahtak).
- Yourself, inta nafsak, pl. intum (or intû) nafsukum (or nafsukû).

Zoological. Zoological gardens, ginênit or (contracted) ginint il hiwânât.

**DFG** 

<sup>1</sup> According to the number and gender of the substantive. <sup>2</sup> See § 21.

# APPENDIX

A few more Words and Phrases

Again. My head is aching again, râsî rig'it tûga'ni. Age. It will be ages before he comes, fên lamma yigî. A11. He didn't come at all, ma gâsh wâsil. Always, tamallî. Ancient. An ancient party, râgil antîka. Beating. He had a beating, akal'alga. Bell (small), gilgil, pl. galâgil. Boatmav, marakbî. Bomb, gulla. Breath. He ran himself out of breath, giri 'ala âkhir nafas. Burnt. A burnt child fears the fire, illi 'addu t ti'bân yekhâf min il habl. Butterfly, abu diqîq.

Cat. When the cat's away the mice are at play, ghâb il quțt il 'ab ya fâr.

Charlatan. khabbâş. Cheap. Dirt cheap, bi turâb

il fulûs. Chloroform, s. bing ; v. bannig. Cloth. Cut your coat according

to your cloth, 'ala qadde hasirtak midde riglak.

Cold. To take cold, khad bard. Completely, tamâm, khâliş.

Conclude. We concluded the conditions, rabatna sh shurûţ. Contagious, mu'dî.

- Dinner. After dinner rest awhile, after supper walk a mile, itghadda witmadda, it-'ashsha witmashsha.
- Ell. Give him an inch and he will take an ell, qulti lu "itfaddal" fe dakhal bihumâru.
- Enormous. An enormous man, râgil zêy il gezîra. Execrable, zêy iz zift.

DFG

Fellow. Good fellow, gada'.
Fit. v. Il fits you, yigî 'alêk.
Foundation. A story without foundation, kalâm ma lûsh asl.

Gently, khatwa khatwa. Gin, v. halag (i). Go. Let us be going, yalla nerûh.

Halter, râs (il huşân). Hand. He can't tell his right hand from his left, ma yi'raffhe kû'u min bû'u.

Help. God help you, Rabbina yakhud bi yaddak.

Impudent, tilim. Incomparable, la qablu wala ba'du. Independence, istiqlâl.

Lath and plaster, baghdadlî. Leak. *It is leaking*, il moiya bitkhurre minnu. Let. *A house to let*, bêt lil îgâr.

Limit, hadd, pl. hudûd. To the limit, lil ghâya.

Load, abbâ.

Long. Don't be long, ma t'auwaqsh.

Lucky. Lucky fellow ! ya bakhtak ! Mason, bannâ.

Middling, bên il bênên.

Milk. There is no use crying over spilt milk, ma yigish minnu.

Mind. Bear this in mind, khalli dih fi bâlak. Mind you don't forget, û'â tinsa. Mulberry, tût.

Nail. You have hit the nail on the head, gêt 'ala 'ên id dimil.

Necessity. Necessity knows no law, il gû' kâfir.

Need. You needn't go, balâsh terûh.

off. Be off ! itkhifis, ingarre min hina, rûh imshi !

Ogre, ghûl, pl. ghîlân.

Oilcloth, meshamma'.

old. Two years old, ibne sanaten.

Otherwise, ghêr kede.

**Own**, v. *He owns nothing*, ma hiltûsh hâga.

**Perdition.** Go to perdition ! gatak dahya !

Please. Do as you please, bi khatrak.

Pomegranate, rummâna.

Poppy, abu n nôm.

Prune, v. qallim.

Pull. Pull yourself together, shidde hêlak.

JFG

# APPENDIX

ber ? bâlaksh ? Saddle (of a horse), sarg, pl. surûg; (of a donkey), barda'a, pl. barâdi'; (of a camel), ghabît. Sand fly, sukkêt. Satisfy. Does that satisfy you? vikhallasak? Screw. He has a screw loose, 'aqlu taralallî. Skin. He escaped by his skin, khilis (a) bi gildu. Spit, taff (i). Stack, v. rass (u). Step. Step by step, khatwa khatwa. Store, makhzan. Straightway, 'ala tul. Stupid, 'aqlu tikhîn. Tale, haddûta.

Remember. Don't you remem-

Tepid, fåtir. Thick. Thick headed, 'aqlu megabbis.

Think. I thought you had gone, bahsibak ruht.

Town. In town, fil midîna.

Train, qaţr, pl. quţurât. Slow train, wabûr (or qaţr), yûqaf fil mahaţţât.

Until. Until I come, 'ala bâl ma agî.

Vaccinate, ța'am (i). Violet, banafsiga.

Wasp, dabbûr. Which. Which is your house? anî bêt bêtak ?

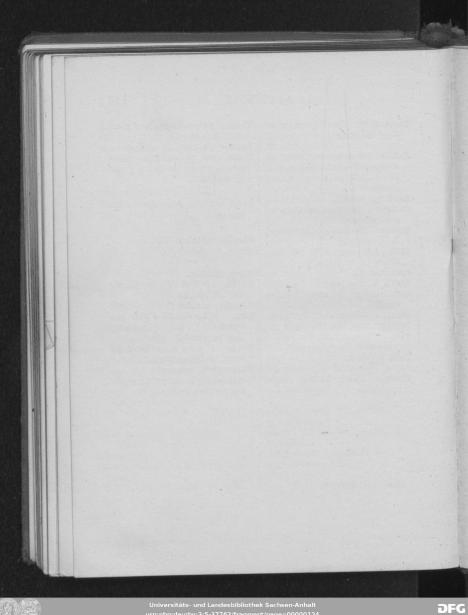
Whistle, v. safar.

Why. Why should I give you baksheesh? betâ' êh addî liak bagshîsh?

Work. I have some work in hand, warâya shughl.

Wormeaten, mesauwis.

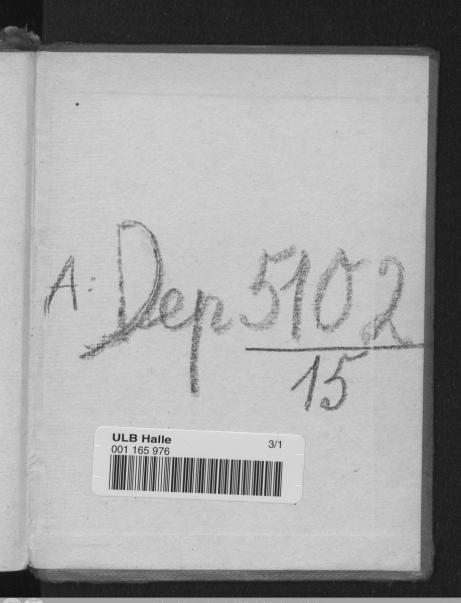
Worth. He is not worth a fig, ma viswâsh basala.





Universitäts- und Landesbibliothek Sachsen-Anhalt urn:nbn:de:gbv:3:5-37762/fragment/page=00000125





Universitats- und Landesbibliothek Sachsen-Anhalt .urn:nbn:de:gbv:3:5-37762/fragment/page=00000127

